

CODE	DRUG TRADE NAME	CATEGORY	CONSUMER DESCRIPTION
0001U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0005U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic test using a urine sample to test for the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
0016U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in the blood or lymph for genetic abnormalities.
0017U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in the blood or lymph for genetic abnormalities.
0022U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing lung cancer.
0023U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Test to determine whether midostaurin, a protein kinase inhibitor, would be affective in the treatment of acute myelogenous leukemia.
0026U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines thyroid tissue for genetic abnormalities related to thyroid cancer.
0027U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells. Types of analysis include
0030U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
0034U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
0037U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Tissue from a tumor biopsy is tested in order to identify mutations. This gives insight into the tumor's behavior and level of risk, and guides
0040U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate chronic myelogenous leukemia.
0046U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
0047U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic test using a tissue sample to test for the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
0048U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in solid organs for genetic abnormalities.
0049U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence

0084U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0087U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines heart tissue that may be used for a heart transplant for genetic abnormalities.
0089U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines tissue in the skin for genetic abnormalities related to skin cancer (melanoma).
0090U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines tissue in the skin for genetic abnormalities related to skin cancer (melanoma).
00938		Anesthesia: Perineum	Anesthesia services for surgery to insert a penile prosthesis.
0098T		Category III	Replace artificial spinal disc in the cervical (neck) spine, placed during a previous disc replacement surgery.
0101U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing colon cancer.
0102U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer and related disorders. Types of analysis include gene variants, full
0103U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing ovarian cancer.
0111U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Screening for colon cancer using a test that looks for genetic abnormalities which increase colon cancer risk.
0118U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of donor blood sample used to help determine the most appropriate donor-recipient match.
0129U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer and related disorders. Types of analysis include gene variants, full
0155U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for breast cancer.
0169U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
0171U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variations that are useful in classifying acute myeloid leukemia and choosing the best
0172U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines tissue from a solid tumor to determine the best chemotherapy and/or targeted gene therapy to treat the cancer.
0177U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for breast cancer.

0179U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic testing to assess for the presence of gene mutations that help to design the best treatment plan for non-small cell lung cancer.
0180U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0181U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0182U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0183U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0184U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0185U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0186U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0187U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0188U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0189U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0190U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0191U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0192U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0193U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0194U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0195U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with the proper growth of red blood cells, resulting in anemia.

0196U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0197U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0198U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0199U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0200U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0201U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0211U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines genetic material for abnormalities related to various types of cancer.
0214U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of gene mapping that can indicate an inherited disorder.
0215U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of gene mapping that can indicate an inherited disorder.
0218U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This laboratory test analyzes biomarkers to help diagnose muscular dystrophy.
0221U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0222U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0230U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
0231U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
0232U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Unverricht-Lundborg disease, a form of epilepsy.
0233U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a disease that causes progressive nervous system damage
0234U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Rett syndrome, a developmental problem of the nervous system. Types of

0235U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
0236U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
0237U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing sudden cardiac arrest.
0238U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
0239U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Tissue from a tumor biopsy is tested in order to identify mutations. This gives insight into the tumor's behavior and level of risk, and guides
0242U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Tissue from a tumor biopsy is tested in order to identify mutations. This gives insight into the tumor's behavior and level of risk, and guides
0244U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in solid organs for genetic abnormalities.
0245U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines thyroid tissue for genetic abnormalities related to thyroid cancer.
0246U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0250U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in solid organs for genetic abnormalities.
0252U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This blood test determines the likelihood of a baby being born with Down syndrome, trisomy 18, or other defect such as spina bifida.
0268U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test can identify atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS), a condition that affects the blood and blood vessels.
0269U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test looks for a decrease in platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can cause injured blood vessels to bleed more than usual and
0270U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test looks for genetic platelet disorders, which include either an abnormal increase or abnormal decrease in platelets.
0271U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test can identify abnormally low counts of white blood cell (neutrophils) that fight off infection.
0272U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test looks for genetic markers which may indicate the likelihood of developing a bleeding disorder.
0273U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test looks for genetic indicators for developing a clotting disorder.

0274U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test looks for genetic platelet disorders, which include either an abnormal increase or abnormal decrease in platelets.
0276U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test looks for a decrease in platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can cause injured blood vessels to bleed more than usual and
0277U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This test looks for genetic platelet disorders, which include either an abnormal increase or abnormal decrease in platelets.
0282U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0287U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines thyroid tissue for genetic abnormalities related to thyroid cancer.
0326U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Tissue from a tumor biopsy is tested in order to identify mutations. This gives insight into the tumor's behavior and level of risk, and guides
0329U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue for mutations.
0334U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in solid organs for genetic abnormalities.
0345T		Category III	Surgery to repair a heart valve via a thin tube (catheter).
0356U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines genetic material to determine the likelihood of recurring cancer in the mouth and throat.
0359U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic test using a blood sample to test for the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
0362T		Category III: Adaptive Behavior Assessments and Treatment	Follow-up visit with a health care professional who exposes the patient to what they fear, in a safe environment, in order to overcome
0364U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in the blood or lymph for genetic abnormalities.
0373T		Category III: Adaptive Behavior Assessments and Treatment	Fifteen minutes of adaptive behavior therapy for severe maladaptive behavior, with two or more technicians present. This therapy
0377U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test analyzes a blood sample to determine the likelihood of developing cardiovascular disease.
0379U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Tissue from a tumor biopsy is tested in order to identify mutations. This gives insight into the tumor's behavior and level of risk, and guides
0388U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic testing to assess for the presence of gene mutations that help to design the best treatment plan for non-small cell lung cancer.

0391U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines tissue from a solid tumor to determine the best chemotherapy and/or targeted gene therapy to treat the cancer.
0400U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to determine the risk of passing a recessive genetic disorder on to the baby.
0405U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines genetic material to determine the likelihood of developing pancreatic cancer.
0409U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines tissue from a solid tumor to determine the best chemotherapy and/or targeted gene therapy to treat the cancer.
0414U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for lung cancer.
0417U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis using blood or saliva to do gene mapping which can indicate an inherited disorder.
0439U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Cardiology (coronary heart disease [CHD]), DNA, analysis of 5 single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) and 3 DNA methylation
0440U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Cardiology (coronary heart disease [CHD]), DNA, analysis of 10 single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) and 6 DNA methylation
0444U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology (solid organ neoplasia), targeted genomic sequence panel of 361 genes, interrogation for gene fusions, translocations,
0449U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Carrier screening for severe inherited conditions regardless of race or self-identified ancestry, genomic sequence analysis of 5
0460U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology, whole blood or buccal, DNA single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) genotyping by real-time PCR of 24 genes, with variant analysis
0461U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology, pharmacogenomic analysis of single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) genotyping by real-time PCR of 24 genes, whole blood or
0465U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology (urothelial carcinoma), DNA, quantitative methylationspecific PCR of 2 genes (ONECUT2, VIM), algorithmic analysis
0467U		Classification: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology (bladder), DNA, nextgeneration sequencing (NGS) of 60 genes and whole genome aneuploidy, urine, algorithms reported
0469U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Rare diseases, whole genome sequence analysis for chromosomal abnormalities, copy number variants, duplications/deletions,
0471U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology (colorectal cancer), qualitative real-time PCR of 35 variants of KRAS and NRAS genes (exons 2, 3, 4), formalin-fixed paraffin-
0473U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology (solid tumor), nextgeneration sequencing of DNA from formalin-fixed paraffinembedded tissue with comparative

0474U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Hereditary pan-cancer (eg, hereditary sarcomas, hereditary endocrine tumors, hereditary neuroendocrine tumors, hereditary
0475U		Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Hereditary prostate cancer-related disorders, genomic sequence analysis panel using next-generation sequencing (NGS), Sanger
0478U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (non-small cell lung cancer), DNA and RNA, digital PCR analysis of 9 genes (EGFR, KRAS, BRAF, ALK, ROS1, RET, NTRK
0481U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	IDH1 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 [NADP+]), IDH2 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 [NADP+]), and TERT (telomerase reverse transcriptase)
0483T		Category III	Surgery to implant and/or replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The valve is carried on a thin tube (catheter) that is introduced through
0484T		Category III	Surgery to implant and/or replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The valve is carried on a thin tube (catheter) that is introduced through
0487U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (solid tumor), cell-free circulating DNA, targeted genomic sequence analysis panel of 84 genes, interrogation for sequence
0488U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Obstetrics (fetal antigen noninvasive prenatal test), cellfree DNA sequence analysis for detection of fetal presence or absence of 1 or
0489U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Obstetrics (single-gene noninvasive prenatal test), cellfree DNA sequence analysis of 1 or more targets (eg, CFTR, SMN1, HBB, HBA1,
0493U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Transplantation medicine, quantification of donor-derived cell-free DNA (cfDNA) using nextgeneration sequencing, plasma, reported
0494U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Red blood cell antigen (fetal RhD gene analysis), next-generation sequencing of circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) of blood in
0508U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Transplantation medicine, quantification of donor-derived cell-free DNA using 40 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), plasma,
0512U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (prostate), augmentative algorithmic analysis of digitized whole-slide imaging of histologic features for microsatellite instability
0513U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (prostate), augmentative algorithmic analysis of digitized whole-slide imaging of histologic features for microsatellite instability
0523U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (solid tumor), DNA, qualitative, next-generation sequencing (NGS) of singlenucleotide variants (SNV) and
0530U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (pan-solid tumor), ctDNA, utilizing plasma, next generation sequencing (NGS) of 77 genes, 8 fusions, microsatellite instability,
0536U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Red blood cell antigen (fetal RhD), PCR analysis of exon 4 of RHD gene and housekeeping control gene GAPDH from whole

0538U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (solid tumor), nextgeneration targeted sequencing analysis, formalin-fixed paraffinembedded (FFPE) tumor tissue, DNA
0539U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (solid tumor), cellfree circulating tumor DNA (ctDNA), 152 genes, nextgeneration sequencing, interrogation for singlenucleotide
0540U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Transplantation medicine, quantification of donorderived cell-free DNA using next-generation sequencing analysis of plasma,
0543U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (solid tumor), nextgeneration sequencing of DNA from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue of 517 genes
0544U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Nephrology (transplant monitoring), 48 variants by digital PCR, using cell-free DNA from plasma, donor-derived cell-free DNA
0552U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Reproductive medicine (preimplantation genetic assessment), analysis for known genetic disorders from trophectoderm biopsy,
0569T		Category III: Tricuspid Valve Repair	Surgery to reconstruct a heart valve.
0570T		Category III: Tricuspid Valve Repair	Surgery to reconstruct a heart valve.
0571T		Category III: Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillator with Substernal Electrode	Insertion of a defibrillator (device to restore normal heart rhythm) with all necessary wires. Includes imaging during the procedure.
0571U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (solid tumor), DNA (80 genes) and RNA (10 genes), by next-generation sequencing, plasma, including single
0572T		Category III: Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillator with Substernal Electrode	Surgery to insert a wire (electrode) for a heart rhythm device (defibrillator) under the skin.
0573T		Category III	Removal of substernal implantable defibrillator electrode
0574T		Category III	Repositioning of previously implanted substernal implantable defibrillator-pacing electrode
0580T		Category III	Removal of substernal implantable defibrillator pulse generator only
0582U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Rare diseases (constitutional disease/hereditary disorders), rapid whole genome DNA sequencing for singlenucleotide
0583U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Rare diseases (constitutional disease/hereditary disorders), rapid whole genome comparator DNA
0584T		Category III	Transplant cells from an organ donor (islet cell transplantation) to restore normal insulin secretion as a treatment for type 1 diabetes.

0585T		Category III	Transplant cells from an organ donor (islet cell transplantation) to restore normal insulin secretion as a treatment for type 1 diabetes.
0585U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Targeted genomic sequence analysis panel, solid organ neoplasm, circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) analysis from plasma of 521 genes,
0586T		Category III	Transplant cells from an organ donor (islet cell transplantation) to restore normal insulin secretion as a treatment for type 1 diabetes.
0592U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (hematolymphoid neoplasms), DNA, targeted genomic sequence of 417 genes, interrogation for gene fusions, translocations,
0605U		Category III	Allergy and immunology (hereditary alpha tryptasemia), DNA, analysis of TPSAB1 gene copy number variation using digital PCR, whole
0609T		Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
0610T		Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
0611T		Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
0612T		Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
0623T		Category III	A CT scan is taken of heart arteries and the buildup of plaque is analyzed in order to assess the severity of heart disease.
0628U		Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Nephrology (kidney disease-related genetic conditions), genomic analysis, renal disease panel, saliva, DNA, next-generation sequencing
0633T		Category III	A CT scan is done of one of the breasts.
0634T		Category III	A CT scan is done of one of the breasts.
0635T		Category III	A CT scan is done of one of the breasts.
0636T		Category III	A CT scan is done of both breasts.
0637T		Category III	A CT scan is done of both breasts.
0638T		Category III	A CT scan is done of both breasts.

0648T		Category III	Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue.
0649T		Category III	Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue.
0742T		Category III	Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT).
0786T		Category III	Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back.
0787T		Category III	Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back.
0865T		Category III	Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI.
0866T		Category III	Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI.
15271		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the upper body, arms or legs. Multiple applications may be needed.
15272		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the upper body, arms or legs. Multiple applications may be needed.
15273		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the upper body, arms or legs of an infant or child. Multiple applications may be
15274		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the upper body, arms or legs of an infant or child. Multiple applications may be
15275		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the head, face, genitals, hands, feet, fingers or toes. Multiple applications may
15276		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the head, face, genitals, hands, feet, fingers or toes. Multiple applications may
15277		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery on an infant or child to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the head, face, genitals, hands, feet, fingers or toes. Multiple
15278		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery on an infant or child to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the head, face, genitals, hands, feet, fingers or toes. Multiple
15771		Surgery: Integumentary System	Graft using patient's fat removed by liposuction and inserted into trunk, breasts, scalp, arms, or legs, 50.0 cc or less
15772		Surgery: Integumentary System	Graft using patient's fat removed by liposuction and inserted into trunk, breasts, scalp, arms, or legs, each additional 50.0 cc

15777		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to implant a biologic material. The implant supports or strengthens an area of soft tissue.
15820		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove excess skin and fatty tissue from the upper or lower eyelid. The procedure is sometimes done for cosmetic reasons.
15821		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove excess skin and fatty tissue from the upper or lower eyelid. The procedure is sometimes done for cosmetic reasons.
15822		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove excess skin and fatty tissue from the upper or lower eyelid. The procedure is sometimes done for cosmetic reasons.
15823		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove excess skin and fatty tissue from the upper or lower eyelid. The procedure is sometimes done for cosmetic reasons.
15830		Surgery: Integumentary System	Plastic surgery to remove excess skin and fat, and to tighten the muscles of the abdomen (abdominoplasty). This surgery usually is done
15847		Surgery: Integumentary System	Plastic surgery to remove excess skin and fat, and to tighten the muscles of the abdomen (abdominoplasty). This surgery usually is done
15877		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove fatty tissue and fat deposits using suction, from a body area.
15878		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove fatty tissue and fat deposits using suction, from a body area.
15879		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove fatty tissue and fat deposits using suction, from a body area.
17107		Surgery: Integumentary System	Use of a laser to remove a birthmark (skin lesion involving blood vessels), such as port wine stain or strawberry hemangioma.
17108		Surgery: Integumentary System	Use of a laser to remove a birthmark (skin lesion involving blood vessels), such as port wine stain or strawberry hemangioma.
17380		Surgery: Integumentary System	Removal of hair by electrolysis. A very thin needle is inserted into the hair follicle to deliver a small electric charge. This prevents future
19294		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to place a device that will deliver radioactive material for radiation therapy after a partial mastectomy (breast removal).
19300		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove excessive breast tissue (mastectomy) when a man has overly enlarged breasts (gynecomastia).
19303		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove a breast (mastectomy). A radical mastectomy additionally removes surrounding muscle tissue and nearby lymph
19316		Surgery: Integumentary System	Cosmetic surgery to remove excess tissue and shorten muscles so that breasts move to a higher position on the chest.

19318		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery in which tissue is removed to reduce the size of the breasts (reduction mammoplasty).
19325		Surgery: Integumentary System	Cosmetic surgery to enlarge the size of the breasts. The reconstruction may be done with or without an implanted prosthesis (artificial
19328		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove a prosthesis (artificial breast) or other material implanted in a breast.
19330		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove a prosthesis (artificial breast) or other material implanted in a breast.
19340		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to insert a breast prosthesis (artificial breast) for reconstruction following a breast lift or removal of breast tissue (mastectomy).
19342		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to insert a breast prosthesis (artificial breast) for reconstruction following a breast lift or removal of breast tissue (mastectomy).
19350		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19357		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19361		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19364		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19367		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19368		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19369		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19370		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19371		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
19380		Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders, implants, skin or muscle flaps or
20930		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Obtain bone from an organ donor and prepare it for grafting.

20931		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Obtain bone from an organ donor and prepare it for grafting.
20936		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to take healthy bone from spine and prepare it for grafting.
20937		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to take healthy bone from spine and prepare it for grafting.
20938		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to take healthy bone from spine and prepare it for grafting.
20939		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Bone marrow aspiration for bone grafting, spine surgery only, through separate skin or fascial incision (List separately in addition to
20974		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Therapy using electrodes placed over the skin and administration of low voltage current to stimulate bone healing.
20975		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Therapy using electrodes placed over the skin and administration of low voltage current to stimulate bone healing.
20979		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Therapy using ultrasound to stimulate bone healing.
21050		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove bone from jaw joint.
21060		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove cartilage from the jaw joint.
21070		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical removal of bony process of upper jaw.
21120		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21121		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21122		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21123		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21125		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance the body or angle of the lower jaw.
21127		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance the body or angle of the lower jaw.

21141		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21142		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21143		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21145		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21146		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21147		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21150		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21151		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21154		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21155		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21188		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the bones in the center of the face. The procedure corrects abnormalities of the head and face.
21193		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities.
21194		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities.
21195		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities.
21196		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities.
21198		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut jaw bone (osteotomy) to correct its alignment.
21199		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut jaw bone (osteotomy) to correct its alignment.

21206		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut jaw bone (osteotomy) to correct its alignment.
21208		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct or augment one or more bones in the face.
21209		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct or augment one or more bones in the face.
21210		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the nose, jaw or cheek with a bone graft. The procedure repairs the bone after an injury, infection or tumor.
21240		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the jaw joint (TMJ).
21242		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the jaw joint (TMJ).
21243		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the jaw joint (TMJ).
21244		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw into the mouth.
21245		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw into the mouth.
21246		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw into the mouth.
21247		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the jaw near the temporomandibular joint (TMJ) using bone and cartilage taken from the rib.
21248		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw into the mouth.
21249		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw into the mouth.
21282		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to raise the corners of the eyelids.
21685		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to pull hyoid bone (c-shaped bone in upper neck) forward. Procedure is done to relieve airway that gets blocked during sleep.
22100		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22101		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.

22102		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22103		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Partial excision of posterior vertebral component (eg, spinous process, lamina or facet) for intrinsic bony lesion, single vertebral
22110		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22112		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22114		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22116		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22206		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22207		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22208		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22210		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22212		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22214		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22216		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22220		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22222		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22224		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22226		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.

22510		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	A surgery that injects bone cement into a broken or collapsed spine bone (vertebra) to stabilize it. Includes imaging used to guide the
22511		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	A surgery that injects bone cement into a broken or collapsed spine bone (vertebra) to stabilize it. Includes imaging used to guide the
22512		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	A surgery that injects bone cement into a broken or collapsed spine bone (vertebra) to stabilize it. Includes imaging used to guide the
22513		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Procedure to insert balloon device into spine bone to create a cavity. The cavity is injected with bone cement to reduce pain of
22514		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Procedure to insert balloon device into spine bone to create a cavity. The cavity is injected with bone cement to reduce pain of
22515		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Procedure to insert balloon device into spine bone to create a cavity. The cavity is injected with bone cement to reduce pain of
22532		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22533		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22534		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22548		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22551		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22552		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22554		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22556		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22558		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22585		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22590		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by

22595		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22600		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22610		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22612		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22614		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22630		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22632		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22633		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22634		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by
22800		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct abnormal spine curvature.
22802		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct abnormal spine curvature.
22804		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct abnormal spine curvature.
22808		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct abnormal spine curvature.
22810		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct abnormal spine curvature.
22812		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct abnormal spine curvature.
22818		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to straighten the spine by moving or cutting into one or more vertebrae so that the spine is realigned.
22819		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to straighten the spine by moving or cutting into one or more vertebrae so that the spine is realigned.

22830		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to explore or examine existing spinal fusion.
22840		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Posterior non-segmental instrumentation (eg, Harrington rod technique, pedicle fixation across 1 interspace, atlantoaxial transarticular
22841		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new position.
22842		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new position.
22843		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new position.
22844		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new position.
22845		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spine device to correct abnormal curvature; multiple vertebrae (back bones) are involved.
22846		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spine device to correct abnormal curvature; multiple vertebrae (back bones) are involved.
22847		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spine device to correct abnormal curvature; multiple vertebrae (back bones) are involved.
22848		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to anchor two or more bones of pelvis together using rods, hooks or wires.
22849		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a device that has failed to secure one or more back bones.
22850		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant device from spine.
22852		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant device from spine.
22853		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spinal device inserted between vertebrae or part of a vertebrae (back bone).
22854		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spinal device inserted between vertebrae or part of a vertebrae (back bone).
22855		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant device from spine.
22856		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a damaged or diseased disc in the spine with an artificial one.

22858		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove a severely damaged or diseased disc from the neck (cervical spine) and replace it with an artificial disc. The
22859		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spinal device inserted between vertebrae or part of a vertebrae (back bone).
22861		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace an artificial disc in the spine that was previously placed.
22864		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove a previously placed artificial disc in the spine.
22899		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Unlisted procedure, spine
23040		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint, including exploration, drainage, or removal of foreign body
23044		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, acromioclavicular, sternoclavicular joint, including exploration, drainage, or removal of foreign body
23100		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint, including biopsy
23101		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, acromioclavicular joint or sternoclavicular joint, including biopsy and/or excision of torn cartilage
23105		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy; glenohumeral joint, with synovectomy, with or without biopsy
23106		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy; sternoclavicular joint, with synovectomy, with or without biopsy
23107		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint, with joint exploration, with or without removal of loose or foreign body
23120		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Claviculectomy; partial
23125		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Claviculectomy; total
23130		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles
23190		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Ostectomy of scapula, partial (eg, superior medial angle)
23195		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Resection, humeral head

23333		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of foreign body, shoulder; deep (subfascial or intramuscular)
23334		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of prosthesis, includes debridement and synovectomy when performed; humeral or glenoid component
23335		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant (artificial joint) from shoulder.
23395		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Muscle transfer, any type, shoulder or upper arm; single
23397		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Muscle transfer, any type, shoulder or upper arm; multiple
23400		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Scapulopexy (eg, Sprengels deformity or for paralysis)
23405		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Tenotomy, shoulder area; single tendon
23406		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Tenotomy, shoulder area; multiple tendons through same incision
23410		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles
23412		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles
23415		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles
23420		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles
23430		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Tenodesis of long tendon of biceps
23440		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Resection or transplantation of long tendon of biceps
23450		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior; Putti-Platt procedure or Magnuson type operation
23455		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior; with labral repair (eg, Bankart procedure)
23460		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior, any type; with bone block

23462		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior, any type; with coracoid process transfer
23465		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, glenohumeral joint, posterior, with or without bone block
23466		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, glenohumeral joint, any type multi-directional instability
23470		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of shoulder joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
23472		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of shoulder joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
23473		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to fix an artificial shoulder replacement that was done sometime in the past. The procedure may include transplanting tissue.
23474		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to fix an artificial shoulder replacement that was done sometime in the past. The procedure may include transplanting tissue.
23616		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Open Treatment Of Proximal Humeral (Surgical Or Anatomical Neck) Fracture, Includes Internal Fixation, When Performed, Includes
23700		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANJ W/ANES SHOULDER JOINT W/FIXATION APPARATUS
23800		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together bones of shoulder joint (glenohumeral joint). Procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the
23802		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together bones of shoulder joint (glenohumeral joint). Procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the
24160		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of prosthesis, includes debridement and synovectomy when performed; humeral and ulnar components
24164		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of prosthesis, includes debridement and synovectomy when performed; radial head
24300		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION ELBOW UNDER ANESTHESIA
24360		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).
24361		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).
24362		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).

24363		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).
24365		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reshape the end of the elbow joint by grinding down the surface. The procedure is done to allow growth of new tissue.
24366		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged end of the elbow joint with an artificial part.
24370		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a
24371		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a
25332		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
25441		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
25442		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
25443		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
25444		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
25445		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroplasty with prosthetic replacement; trapezium
25446		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
25447		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
25448		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Intercarpal or carpometacarpal joints Arthroplasty
25449		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Revision of arthroplasty, including removal of implant wrist joint
25800		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrodesis Wrist Complete w/o Bone Graft
25805		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrodesis Wrist w/sliding graft

25810		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrodesis Wrist w/ILIAC/Other Autograft
25820		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrodesis Wrist Limited w/o Bone Graft
25825		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrodesis Wrist Limited w/autograft
27033		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, hip, including exploration or removal of loose or foreign body
27090		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of an artificial hip part (prosthesis).
27091		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of an artificial hip part (prosthesis).
27120		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to restore socket of hip joint (acetabulum) to its normal state. Any damaged or infected bone or material is removed. A cast
27122		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to restore socket of hip joint (acetabulum) to its normal state. Any damaged or infected bone or material is removed. A cast
27125		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Partial hip replacement surgery where select bones are replaced with artificial parts.
27130		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Total hip replacement surgery with the hip and upper leg bone replaced with artificial parts.
27132		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Total hip replacement surgery with the hip and upper leg bone replaced with artificial parts.
27134		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to insert a new artificial hip (prosthesis) in place of an older one.
27137		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to insert a new artificial hip (prosthesis) in place of an older one.
27138		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to insert a new artificial hip (prosthesis) in place of an older one.
27146		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut bone of hip or pelvis to correct its alignment.
27147		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut bone of hip or pelvis to correct its alignment.
27151		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut bone of hip or pelvis to correct its alignment.

27156		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut bone of hip or pelvis to correct its alignment.
27158		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut a bone in the pelvis so that the pelvis as a whole aligns properly. This surgery often corrects a condition present from birth.
27161		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut bone of hip (femoral neck or greater trochanter) to correct its alignment.
27236		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a broken hip. Pins, wires or rods may hold the bone together. The end of the bone may be replaced with an artificial
27275		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION HIP JOINT GENERAL ANESTHESIA
27278		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones of the pelvis. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the bones.
27279		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones of the pelvis. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the bones.
27280		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones between base of spine and the pelvis. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating
27284		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones of the hip joint. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the bones.
27286		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones of the hip joint. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the bones.
27299		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Unlisted procedure, pelvis or hip joint [when specified as open procedure for femoroacetabular impingement syndrome,
27331		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, knee; including joint exploration, biopsy, or removal of loose or foreign bodies
27332		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, with excision of semilunar cartilage (meniscectomy) knee; medial OR lateral
27333		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, with excision of semilunar cartilage (meniscectomy) knee; medial AND lateral
27403		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy with meniscus repair, knee
27405		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a torn ligament in the knee.
27407		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a torn ligament in the knee.

27409		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a torn ligament in the knee.
27412		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to implant new or additional knee cartilage made from existing cells.
27415		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a knee. The procedure involves transplanting bone or cartilage.
27416		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a knee. The procedure involves transplanting bone or cartilage.
27418		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Anterior Tibial Tubercleplasty
27420		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	RCNSTJ DISLOCATING PATELLA
27422		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	RCNSTJ DISLC PATELLA W/XTNSR RELIGNMT&/MUSC RL
27424		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	RCNSTJ DISLC PATELLA W/PATELLECTOMY
27425		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	LATERAL RETINACULAR RELEASE OPEN
27427		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Ligamentous reconstruction (augmentation), knee; extra-articular
27428		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Ligamentous reconstruction (augmentation), knee; intra-articular (open)
27429		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Ligamentous reconstruction (augmentation), knee; intra-articular (open) and extra-articular
27437		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reshape the end of the knee joint by grinding down the surface. The procedure is done to allow growth of new tissue.
27438		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged ends of a knee joint with artificial parts.
27440		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged or degenerated tibial portion of the knee joint.
27441		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the whole knee joint with artificial parts.
27442		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged ends of a knee joint (cartilage) with artificial parts where it joins the leg (femur) bone.

27443		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged cartilage of the knee and repair part of the knee that connects to the leg bone (femur) or tibial plateau joints
27446		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the whole knee joint with artificial parts.
27447		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the whole knee joint with artificial parts.
27486		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a worn out artificial part (prosthesis) in the knee joint.
27487		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a worn out artificial part (prosthesis) in the knee joint.
27488		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove an artificial knee part (prosthesis).
27570		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION KNEE JOINT UNDER GENERAL ANESTHESIA
27580		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones of the knee joint. The procedure eliminates motion between the bones.
27599		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	UNLISTED PROCEDURE FEMUR/KNEE
27700		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroplasty, ankle
27702		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged end of ankle joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
27703		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a worn out ankle joint prosthesis.
27704		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of ankle implant
27713		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Incision of lower leg bone and insertion of bone-lengthening device in marrow cavity
27860		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION ANKLE UNDER GENERAL ANESTHESIA
27870		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrodesis, ankle, open
28446		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to graft bone or cartilage to an ankle in order to repair an injury.

29804		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy) to examine the jaw joint (TMJ). The procedure may include taking a sample of tissue for testing
29805		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, diagnostic, with or without synovial biopsy
29806		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; capsulorrhaphy
29807		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; repair of SLAP lesion
29819		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; with removal of loose body or foreign body
29820		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; synovectomy, partial
29821		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; synovectomy, complete
29822		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; debridement, limited
29823		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; debridement, extensive
29824		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; distal claviclectomy including distal articular surface (Mumford procedure)
29825		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; with lysis and resection of adhesions, with or without manipulation
29826		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial
29827		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles
29828		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; biceps tenodesis
29850		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or without
29851		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or without
29855		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopically aided treatment of tibial fracture, proximal (plateau); unicondylar, includes internal fixation, when performed

29856		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopically aided treatment of tibial fracture, proximal (plateau); bicondylar, includes internal fixation, when performed
29860		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Exam of the hip joint using a scope (arthroscope). The procedure may include taking a sample of joint fluid for testing
29861		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove loose tissue or a foreign object from inside a hip joint.
29862		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Hip surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope). The procedure reshapes a damaged bone in the hip joint to encourage growth of new tissue.
29863		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove the lining of the hip joint.
29866		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy) to transplant bone or cartilage to a knee.
29867		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy) to transplant bone or cartilage to a knee.
29868		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy) to transplant bone or cartilage to a knee.
29870		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Exam of the knee using a scope (arthroscope). The procedure may include taking a sample of joint fluid for testing (biopsy).
29871		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy). The procedure may drain an infection or remove scar tissue or a foreign object.
29873		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy). The procedure may drain an infection or remove scar tissue or a foreign object.
29874		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy). The procedure may drain an infection or remove scar tissue or a foreign object.
29875		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove all or a part of the lining of a knee joint.
29876		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove all or a part of the lining of a knee joint.
29877		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery using a scope (arthroscope) to repair or remove damaged cartilage. The procedure may involve reshaping one or more bones in
29879		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery using a scope (arthroscope) to repair or remove damaged cartilage. The procedure may involve reshaping one or more bones in
29880		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy) to remove torn cartilage from the joint.

29881		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy) to remove torn cartilage from the joint.
29882		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery using a scope (arthroscope) to repair a tear in the meniscus. This is a C-shaped piece of cartilage inside the joint.
29883		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery using a scope (arthroscope) to repair a tear in the meniscus. This is a C-shaped piece of cartilage inside the joint.
29884		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove scar tissue from an injury or previous surgery.
29885		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove damaged bone and cartilage. The surgery is a treatment for osteochondritis
29886		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove damaged bone and cartilage. The surgery is a treatment for osteochondritis
29887		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Knee surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to remove damaged bone and cartilage. The surgery is a treatment for osteochondritis
29888		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to repair or reconstruct a ligament at the front or back of the knee.
29889		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscope) to repair or reconstruct a ligament at the front or back of the knee.
29892		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopically aided repair of large osteochondritis dissecans lesion, talar dome fracture, or tibial plafond fracture, with or
29899		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, ankle (tibiotalar and fibulotalar joints), surgical; with ankle arthrodesis
29914		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery using a scope (arthroscope) to repair damage to the hip joint. The surgery can involve trimming, reshaping or reattaching various
29915		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery using a scope (arthroscope) to repair damage to the hip joint. The surgery can involve trimming, reshaping or reattaching various
29916		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery using a scope (arthroscope) to repair damage to the hip joint. The surgery can involve trimming, reshaping or reattaching various
29999		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Joint surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy).
30400		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to reshape the nose. A simple procedure may lift the tip or remove excess fatty tissue. A more complex procedure can
30410		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to reshape the nose. A simple procedure may lift the tip or remove excess fatty tissue. A more complex procedure can

30420		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to reshape the nose. A simple procedure may lift the tip or remove excess fatty tissue. A more complex procedure can
30430		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to revise a previous nose reshaping surgery. This can involve minor tissue removal or more major bone reshaping.
30435		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to revise a previous nose reshaping surgery. This can involve minor tissue removal or more major bone reshaping.
30450		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to revise a previous nose reshaping surgery. This can involve minor tissue removal or more major bone reshaping.
30460		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to correct a misshapen nose and reshape a cleft lip or palate. The procedure may be limited to the nose tip or include
30462		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to correct a misshapen nose and reshape a cleft lip or palate. The procedure may be limited to the nose tip or include
30465		Surgery: Respiratory System	Procedure to open a narrowed nasal passage to the front chamber of the nose (vestibule).
30468		Surgery: Respiratory System	Procedure to open a collapsed nasal passage using implants.
30630		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to repair a hole in the nasal septum (cartilage dividing nose passages). Nose tissue or an artificial plug (silicone) may be used.
31295		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity.
31296		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity.
31297		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity.
31298		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity.
32850		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgical removal of a lung from a donor body, including cold preservation until transport to the receiving person.
32851		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.
32852		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.
32853		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.

32854		Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.
33202		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert one or more wires (electrodes) for a pacemaker or defibrillator (devices for regulating the heartbeat).
33203		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert one or more wires (electrodes) for a pacemaker or defibrillator (devices for regulating the heartbeat).
33206		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of new or replacement of permanent pacemaker with transvenous electrode(s); atrial
33207		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of new or replacement of permanent pacemaker with transvenous electrode(s); ventricular
33208		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of new or replacement of permanent pacemaker with transvenous electrode(s); atrial and ventricular
33210		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion or replacement of temporary transvenous single chamber cardiac electrode or pacemaker catheter (separate procedure)
33211		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion or replacement of temporary transvenous dual chamber pacing electrodes (separate procedure)
33212		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacemaker pulse generator only; with existing single lead
33213		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacemaker pulse generator only; with existing dual leads
33214		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Upgrade of implanted pacemaker system, conversion of single chamber system to dual chamber system (includes removal of
33221		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacemaker pulse generator only; with existing multiple leads
33224		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacing electrode, cardiac venous system, for left ventricular pacing, with attachment to previously placed pacemaker or
33225		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert one or more wires (electrodes) for a pacemaker (device for regulating the heartbeat).
33227		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator with replacement of pacemaker pulse generator; single lead system
33228		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator with replacement of pacemaker pulse generator; dual lead system
33229		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator with replacement of pacemaker pulse generator; multiple lead system

33230		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator only; with existing dual leads
33231		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator only; with existing multiple leads
33233		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator only
33236		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove pacemaker wires (electrodes). A pacemaker is an implanted device for regulating the heartbeat.
33237		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove a heart pacemaker (device for regulating heartbeat) or pacing wires (electrodes).
33240		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a pacing cardioverter-defibrillator. This device delivers an electric shock to control rapid or irregular heart
33241		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of implantable defibrillator pulse generator only
33243		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove one or more pacing wires for a cardioverter-defibrillator device.
33244		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of single or dual chamber implantable defibrillator electrode(s); by transvenous extraction
33249		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a pacemaker (device for regulating the heartbeat) and attach electrodes (wires).
33262		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator with replacement of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator;
33263		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator with replacement of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator; dual
33264		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator with replacement of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator;
33267		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to block a small sac (left atrial appendage) in the wall of the top left chamber of the heart in order to prevent a stroke in
33268		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to block a small sac (left atrial appendage) in the wall of the top left chamber of the heart in order to prevent a stroke in
33269		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to block a small sac (left atrial appendage) in the wall of the top left chamber of the heart in order to prevent a stroke in
33270		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a pacing cardioverter-defibrillator. This device delivers an electric shock to control rapid or irregular heart

33271		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of subcutaneous implantable defibrillator electrode
33274		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert or replace pacemaker device in heart. The device is inserted through a vessel, via a thin tube (catheter).
33275		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove pacemaker device from the heart. The procedure includes using a thin tube (catheter).
33276		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33277		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a lead for a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33278		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33279		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33281		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to reposition a lead for a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33285		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of heart rhythm monitor under skin
33286		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor
33287		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33288		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33340		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to
33361		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg,
33362		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg,
33363		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg,
33364		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg,

33365		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The replacement valve is inserted through a hole in the chest, via a thin tube
33366		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The replacement valve is inserted through a hole in the chest, via a thin tube
33367		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into artery and threaded to the heart
33368		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into artery and threaded to the heart
33369		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into artery and threaded to the heart
33405		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be fully artificial or made of
33406		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be fully artificial or made of
33410		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be fully artificial or made of
33411		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be fully artificial or made of
33412		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be fully artificial or made of
33413		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve (aortic valve) using a similar valve (pulmonic valve) from the same heart. The pulmonic valve is replaced
33418		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to repair a heart valve via a thin tube (catheter).
33419		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transcatheter mitral valve repair, percutaneous approach, including transseptal puncture when performed; additional
33430		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace the heart valve (mitral) that regulates blood flow between the upper and lower chambers of the left side of the heart.
33440		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve (aortic valve) using a similar valve (pulmonic valve) from the same heart. The pulmonic valve is replaced
33465		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery with heart-lung bypass to replace the heart tricuspid valve (between lower and upper right chambers). The replacement may be fully
33475		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace the heart valve that brings blood from the lung into the lower right heart chamber. The replacement valve may be made

33477		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Replacement of the pulmonary valve of the heart. The replacement valve is delivered through a stent (mesh tube) inserted in the
33510		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart
33511		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart
33512		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart
33513		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart
33514		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart
33516		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart
33517		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable
33518		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable
33519		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable
33521		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable
33522		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable
33523		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable
33530		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a previous artery or valve replacement or graft.
33533		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or more arteries are grafted to the
33534		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or more arteries are grafted to the
33535		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or more arteries are grafted to the

33536		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or more arteries are grafted to the
33572		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to clean plaque from a large section or the entire length of a heart artery. The artery is cleared before attaching a bypass graft.
33882		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Repair of chest aorta with insertion of stent-graft with fenestration for left chest vein
33900		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the lungs by implanting a small mesh
33901		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the lungs by implanting a small mesh
33902		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the lungs by implanting a small mesh
33903		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the lungs by implanting a small mesh
33904		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the lungs by implanting a small mesh
33927		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Implant total heart replacement system. Includes artificial heart.
33928		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove and replace artificial heart.
33929		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove artificial heart for transplant.
33930		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove and preserve a heart and lung donated for transplant.
33933		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Standard preparation of a heart and lung for transplant. The procedure includes removal of excess tissue and preparation of blood vessels
33935		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to implant a donated heart and lung. The procedure includes removal of the damaged organs.
33940		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove and preserve a heart donated for transplant.
33944		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Standard preparation of a heart for transplant. The procedure includes removal of excess tissue and preparation of blood vessels that
33945		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to implant a donated heart. The procedure may include removal of the damaged organ.

33975		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of a device to pump blood from the heart lower chambers (ventricles) when they have weakened or failed. This is a temporary
33976		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of a device to pump blood from the heart lower chambers (ventricles) when they have weakened or failed. This is a temporary
33979		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of a device to pump blood from the heart lower chambers (ventricles) when they have weakened or failed. This is a temporary
35302		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch
35303		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch
35304		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch
35305		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch
35371		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch
35372		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch
35556		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft.
35558		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft.
35566		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft.
35571		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft.
35583		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery in the leg, using leg veins (graft) to replace the damaged artery.
35585		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery in the leg, using leg veins (graft) to replace the damaged artery.
35587		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery in the leg, using leg veins (graft) to replace the damaged artery.
35656		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace the diseased artery.

35661		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace the diseased artery.
35666		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace the diseased artery.
35671		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace the diseased artery.
35700		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	An additional surgery performed on leg arteries after the initial operation. The procedure addresses a problem with the same blood
35881		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Reoperation, femoral-popliteal or femoral (popliteal)-anterior tibial, posterior tibial, peroneal artery, or other distal vessels, more
35883		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revision, femoral anastomosis of synthetic arterial bypass graft in groin, open; with nonautogenous patch graft (eg, polyester,
35884		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revision, femoral anastomosis of synthetic arterial bypass graft in groin, open; with autogenous vein patch graft
36223		Cardiovascular Surgery:	Selective catheter placement, common carotid or innominate artery, unilateral, any approach, with angiography of the ipsilateral intracranial
36224		Cardiovascular Surgery	Selective catheter placement, internal carotid artery, unilateral, with angiography of the ipsilateral intracranial carotid circulation and
36226		Cardiovascular Surgery	Selective catheter placement, vertebral artery, unilateral, with angiography of the ipsilateral vertebral circulation and all associated
36475		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Treatment to destroy a non-functioning vein with heat generated from radio waves or a laser device.
36516		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	An amount of blood is removed from the body. It is filtered to remove a particular component such as white or red cells, platelets, plasma or
37224		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, femoral, popliteal artery(s), unilateral; with transluminal angioplasty
37234		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial/peroneal artery, unilateral, each additional vessel; with
37236		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological supervision and interpretation and
37237		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological supervision and interpretation and
37238		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological supervision and interpretation and

37239		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological supervision and interpretation and
37241		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Occlusion of vein with review by radiologist
37246		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transluminal balloon angioplasty for occlusive disease, intracranial, coronary, pulmonary, or dialysis circuit), open or percutaneous,
37247		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transluminal balloon angioplasty, open or percutaneous, including all imaging and radiological supervision and interpretation
37248		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transluminal balloon angioplasty (except dialysis circuit), open or percutaneous, including all imaging and radiological
37249		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transluminal balloon angioplasty (except dialysis circuit), open or percutaneous, including all imaging and radiological
37254		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, iliac vascular territory, with transluminal angioplasty, including all
37255		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in abdomen/pelvis, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37256		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in abdomen/pelvis, complex lesion in initial vessel
37257		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in abdomen/pelvis, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37258		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of stent of artery in abdomen/pelvis, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37259		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of stent in artery of abdomen/pelvis straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37260		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of stent artery of abdomen/pelvis, complex lesion in initial vessel
37261		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of stent artery of abdomen/pelvis, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37262		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Intravascular shockwave treatment artery in abdomen/pelvis
37263		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in thigh/behind knee, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37264		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in thigh/behind knee, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel

37265		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in thigh/behind knee, complex lesion in initial vessel
37266		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in thigh/behind knee, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37267		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37268		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37269		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee, complex lesion in initial vessel
37270		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37271		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation artery in thigh/behind knee, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37272		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation artery in thigh/behind knee, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37273		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation artery in thigh/behind knee, complex lesion in initial vessel
37274		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation artery in thigh/behind knee, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37275		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee with removal of plaque, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37276		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee with removal of plaque, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37277		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee with removal of plaque, complex lesion in initial vessel
37278		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in thigh/behind knee with removal of plaque, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37280		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in lower leg, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37281		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in lower leg, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37282		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in lower leg, complex lesion in initial vessel

37283		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in lower leg, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37284		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37285		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37286		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg, complex lesion in initial vessel
37287		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37288		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation in artery in lower leg, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37289		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation in artery in lower leg, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37290		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation in artery in lower leg, complex lesion in initial vessel
37291		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of plaque with balloon dilation in artery in lower leg, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37292		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg with removal of plaque, straightforward lesion in initial vessel
37293		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg with removal of plaque, straightforward lesion in each additional vessel
37294		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg with removal of plaque, complex lesion in initial vessel
37295		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Stent placement in artery in lower leg with removal of plaque, complex lesion in each additional vessel
37296		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in ankle, straightforward lesion in initial artery
37297		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in ankle, straightforward lesion in each additional artery
37298		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in ankle, complex lesion in initial artery
37299		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Balloon dilation of artery in ankle, complex lesion in initial artery

38225		Cellular and Gene Therapy	Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy; harvesting of T lymphocytes [CAR-T therapy]
38226		Cellular and Gene Therapy	Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy; preparation of T lymphocytes [CAR-T therapy]
38227		Cellular and Gene Therapy	Receipt and preparation of cells for Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy [CAR-T therapy]
38228		Cellular and Gene Therapy	autologous CAR-T cell administration [CAR-T therapy]
38240		Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems	Transplantation of bone marrow or stem cells.
38241		Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems	Transplantation of bone marrow or stem cells.
38243		Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems	An additional infusion of stem cells to make an original bone marrow transplant more effective.
4110F		Category II: Therapeutic, Preventative, or Other Interventions	Internal mammary artery graft performed for primary, isolated coronary artery bypass graft procedure (CABG)
42140		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of the uvula (small fleshy mass that hangs from the roof of the mouth above the tongue).
42145		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove excess tissue in the back of the throat to widen the airway. The procedure treats sleep apnea.
43279		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (endoscope) to repair the esophagus.
43281		Surgery: Digestive System	Laparoscopy, surgical, repair of paraesophageal hernia, includes fundoplasty, when performed; without implantation of mesh
43282		Surgery: Digestive System	"Laparoscopy, surgical, repair of paraesophageal hernia, includes fundoplasty, when performed; with implantation of mesh "
43330		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair the esophagus through an incision into chest (thoracic approach) or abdomen.
43331		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair the esophagus through an incision into chest (thoracic approach) or abdomen.
43332		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair a stomach hernia. The protruding stomach is moved back into place and the opening in the diaphragm is stitched
43333		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair a stomach hernia. The protruding stomach is moved back into place and the opening in the diaphragm is stitched

43334		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair a stomach hernia. The protruding stomach is moved back into place and the opening in the diaphragm is stitched
43335		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair a stomach hernia. The protruding stomach is moved back into place and the opening in the diaphragm is stitched
43336		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair a stomach hernia. The protruding stomach is moved back into place and the opening in the diaphragm is stitched
43337		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair a stomach hernia. The protruding stomach is moved back into place and the opening in the diaphragm is stitched
43497		Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure to treat a disorder of the esophagus and allow a better passage of food and liquids from the esophagus into the stomach.
43633		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove a section of the stomach. The procedure involves creation of a new connection to the intestines.
43644		Surgery: Digestive System	Stomach surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope). The procedure reduces the size of the stomach or creates a route for food that
43645		Surgery: Digestive System	Stomach surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope). The procedure reduces the size of the stomach or creates a route for food that
43659		Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure on the stomach using a scope (laparoscope).
43770		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery for obesity aided by a scope (laparoscope) to place a band around the upper stomach.
43771		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to adjust the location or sizing of a restrictive band placed around the upper stomach.
43772		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to remove an adjustable band placed around the stomach. Access ports that may have been
43773		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) that removes a restrictive device from the stomach. An adjustable band is placed around the
43774		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to remove an adjustable band placed around the stomach. Access ports that may have been
43775		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to remove a portion of the stomach (gastric sleeve surgery). The procedure is done to help
43842		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to restrict or reduce the size of the stomach.
43843		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to restrict or reduce the size of the stomach.

43845		Surgery: Digestive System	Abdominal surgery for obesity to reduce the size of the stomach. The procedure involves constructing a passage (bypass) that moves
43846		Surgery: Digestive System	Abdominal surgery for obesity to reduce the size of the stomach. The procedure involves constructing a passage (bypass) that moves
43847		Surgery: Digestive System	Abdominal surgery for obesity to reduce the size of the stomach. The procedure involves constructing a passage (bypass) that moves
43848		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to revise a previous surgery that reduced the size of the stomach.
43886		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to revise an access port under the skin that was created as part of a surgery to decrease the capacity of the stomach.
43887		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to remove a stomach access port that was implanted under the skin.
43888		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to remove and replace the stomach access port to ensure proper functioning of the gastric
43889		Surgery: Digestive System	Reduction of size of stomach using an endoscope
44132		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery on a donor to remove intestinal tissue or an entire section of the intestines.
44133		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery on a donor to remove intestinal tissue or an entire section of the intestines.
44135		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to transplant an intestine.
44136		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to transplant an intestine.
44207		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to remove a section of the large intestine (colon). The procedure involves reattaching the
44705		Surgery: Digestive System	Healthy stool bacteria from a donor is prepared and may be transplanted. This procedure treats a variety of conditions including irritable
44715		Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure to prepare donor intestinal graft for transplant.
44720		Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure to prepare donor intestinal graft for transplant.
44721		Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure to prepare donor intestinal graft for transplant.

47133		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove the liver from a donor and procedure for preserving the liver.
47135		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove an ailing liver and transplant a healthy one in its place.
47140		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove a section of the liver. The tissue will be donated to another person.
47141		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove a section of the liver. The tissue will be donated to another person.
47142		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove a section of the liver. The tissue will be donated to another person.
47143		Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
47144		Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
47145		Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
47146		Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
47147		Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
48160		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of the pancreas.
48550		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of a pancreas donated for an organ transplant.
48551		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of a pancreas donated for an organ transplant.
48552		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of a pancreas donated for an organ transplant.
48554		Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to transplant pancreas.
49520		Surgery: Digestive System	Repair recurrent inguinal hernia, any age; reducible
49591		Surgery: Digestive System	Repair of anterior abdominal hernia(s) (ie, epigastric, incisional, ventral, umbilical, spigelian), any approach (ie, open,

49650		Surgery: Digestive System	Laparoscopy, surgical; repair initial inguinal hernia
49651		Surgery: Digestive System	Laparoscopy, surgical; repair recurrent inguinal hernia
50300		Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove kidney from organ donor.
50320		Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove kidney from organ donor.
50323		Surgery: Urinary System	Preparation of the donor kidney for transplant surgery.
50325		Surgery: Urinary System	Preparation of the donor kidney for transplant surgery.
50327		Surgery: Urinary System	Procedure done to rebuild a vessel or ureter (kidney tube) of the donor kidney prior to transplant surgery.
50328		Surgery: Urinary System	Procedure done to rebuild a vessel or ureter (kidney tube) of the donor kidney prior to transplant surgery.
50329		Surgery: Urinary System	Procedure done to rebuild a vessel or ureter (kidney tube) of the donor kidney prior to transplant surgery.
50340		Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove damaged kidney prior to transplant.
50360		Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove an ailing kidney and transplant a healthy one in its place.
50365		Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove an ailing kidney and transplant a healthy one in its place.
50547		Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery using a scope (laparoscope) to remove an entire kidney. The procedure may include removing nearby tissue such as lymph nodes,
54125		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgical removal of all or a part of the penis. The procedure may include removal of nearby lymph nodes.
54400		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to implant a prosthesis into the penis. A prosthesis may be semi-rigid or inflatable. The inflatable prosthesis may include a pump
54401		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to implant a prosthesis into the penis. A prosthesis may be semi-rigid or inflatable. The inflatable prosthesis may include a pump
54405		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to implant a prosthesis into the penis. A prosthesis may be semi-rigid or inflatable. The inflatable prosthesis may include a pump

54520		Surgery: Male Genital System	Orchiectomy, simple (including subcapsular), with or without testicular prosthesis, scrotal or inguinal approach.
54690		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to remove an entire testicle or part of one (orchiectomy). If infection or injury is present, it is treated. Any tumor or abnormal
55175		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the scrotum. The procedure may include use of skin grafts, flaps or patches.
55180		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the scrotum. The procedure may include use of skin grafts, flaps or patches.
55710		Surgery: Male Genital System	Ultrasound-guided biopsy of first-targeted tumor of prostate gland with MRI-fusion guidance through area between scrotum and
55711		Surgery: Male Genital System	MRI-ultrasound-fusion guided biopsy of prostate gland first targeted tumor only through rectum
55712		Surgery: Male Genital System	MRI-ultrasound-fusion guided biopsy of prostate gland first targeted tumor only through area between scrotum and rectum
55713		Surgery: Male Genital System	CT- or MRI-guided biopsy of prostate gland of targeted tumors
55714		Surgery: Male Genital System	Biopsy, prostate, in-bore CT- or MRI-guided targeted lesion(s) only, first targeted lesion
55715		Surgery: Male Genital System	MRI-ultrasound fusion, or CT-, or MRI-guided biopsy of prostate gland, each additional targeted tumor
55868		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgical removal of prostate and surrounding lymph nodes, with biopsy of lymph nodes, using an endoscope
55869		Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgical removal of prostate and surrounding lymph nodes using an endoscope
55875		Surgery: Male Genital System	Transperineal placement of needles or catheters into prostate for interstitial radioelement application, with or without
55876		Surgery: Male Genital System	Placement of interstitial device(s) for radiation therapy guidance (eg, fiducial markers, dosimeter), prostate (via needle, any
55970		Surgery: Intersex Surgery	Surgery to change male or female genitals from one gender to the other.
55980		Surgery: Intersex Surgery	Surgery to change male or female genitals from one gender to the other.
57106		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal

57107		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal
57110		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of
57111		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of
57282		Surgery: Female Genital System	Colpopexy, vaginal; extra-peritoneal approach (sacrospinous, iliococcygeus)
57283		Surgery: Female Genital System	Colpopexy, vaginal; intra-peritoneal approach (uterosacral, levator myorrhaphy)
57291		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts.
57292		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts.
57335		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a
57425		Surgery: Female Genital System	Laparoscopy, surgical, colpopexy (suspension of vaginal apex)
58545		Surgery: Female Genital System	Laparoscopy, surgical, myomectomy, excision; 1 to 4 intramural myomas with total weight of 250 g or less and/or removal of surface
58661		Surgery: Female Genital System	Laparoscopy, surgical; with removal of adnexal structures (partial or total oophorectomy and/or salpingectomy)
58674		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgery to remove or destroy non-cancerous tumor in uterus.
58720		Surgery: Female Genital System	Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries.
60660		Surgery: Endocrine System	Percutaneous ablation of 1 or more thyroid nodule(s)
60661		Surgery: Endocrine System	Percutaneous ablation of additional lobe of thyroid nodule(s)
61715		Surgery: Nervous System	MRI guided focused ultrasound high intensity stereotactic intracranial ablation
61863		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in

61864		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant one or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map
61867		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in
61868		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant one or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map
61885		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant a device to stimulate nerves in the brain.
61886		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant a device to stimulate nerves in the brain.
61889		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant a device to stimulate nerves in the brain. The procedure includes temporarily removing a portion of the skull.
61891		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to revise or replace a device that stimulates nerves in the brain.
61892		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. The procedure includes repairing the skull.
62330		Surgery: Nervous System	Partial removal of lower spine ligament from both sides of one spine interspace with release
62331		Surgery: Nervous System	Partial removal of lower spine ligament from both sides of each additional spine interspace with release
62380		Surgery: Nervous System	Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may include removal of part of a spine bone (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the
63001		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to relieve pressure on the spinal cord.
63003		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the upper back to relieve pressure on the spinal cord.
63005		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the mid-lower back to relieve pressure on the spinal cord.
63011		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of one or more vertebra (spine bones) in the lower back. The procedure is done to relieve pressure on the
63012		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to correct a misalignment of the spine caused by a vertebra that has slipped forward.
63015		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to relieve pressure on the spinal cord.

63016		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the upper back to relieve pressure on the spinal cord.
63017		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the mid-lower back to relieve pressure on the spinal cord.
63020		Surgery: Nervous System	Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may include removal of part of a spine bone (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the
63030		Surgery: Nervous System	Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may include removal of part of a spine bone (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the
63032		Surgery: Nervous System	Partial removal of spine bone with release of lower spinal cord nerves with implantation of a bone-anchored closure device of one spine
63035		Surgery: Nervous System	Back surgery to relieve pressure caused by one or more pinched nerves. The surgery may include the removal of part of a vertebra (spine
63040		Surgery: Nervous System	Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine. The surgery may include the removal of part of a spine bone (vertebra)
63042		Surgery: Nervous System	Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine. The surgery may include the removal of part of a spine bone (vertebra)
63043		Surgery: Nervous System	Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine. The surgery may include the removal of part of a spine bone (vertebra)
63044		Surgery: Nervous System	Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine. The surgery may include the removal of part of a spine bone (vertebra)
63045		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the neck in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63046		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the upper back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63047		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a vertebra (spinal bone) in the upper or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63048		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck or back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63050		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, in the neck.
63051		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, in the neck.
63052		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.

63053		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63055		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, caused by a bulging (herniated) disc in the upper back.
63056		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, caused by a herniated disc in the lower back.
63057		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, caused by a bulging (herniated) disc.
63064		Surgery: Nervous System	Costovertebral approach with decompression of spinal cord or nerve root(s) (eg, herniated intervertebral disc), thoracic; single segment
63066		Surgery: Nervous System	Costovertebral approach with decompression of spinal cord or nerve root(s) (eg, herniated intervertebral disc), thoracic; each additional
63075		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of a portion of herniated disc and vertebral (spine) bone spurs in order to relieve a pinched nerve in the neck.
63076		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of a portion of herniated disc and vertebral (spine) bone spurs in order to relieve a pinched nerve in the neck.
63077		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a bulging (herniated) disc and vertebral (spine) bone spurs in order to relieve a pinched nerve in the
63078		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a bulging (herniated) disc and vertebral (spine) bone spurs in order to relieve a pinched nerve in the
63081		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the neck in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63082		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the neck in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63085		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the upper back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63086		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the upper back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63087		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63088		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63090		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.

63091		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63101		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the upper back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63102		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a vertebra (spinal bone) in the upper or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63103		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a vertebra (spine bone) in the upper or lower back in order to relieve pain from a pinched nerve.
63170		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) and surgery on the spinal cord to relieve pain.
63172		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and to drain a fluid-filled sac (cyst) on the spinal cord.
63173		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and to drain a fluid-filled sac (cyst) on the spinal cord.
63185		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and sever nerves in the spinal cord. This procedure relieves muscle spasm
63190		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and sever nerves in the spinal cord. This procedure relieves muscle spasm
63191		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and sever nerves in the spinal cord. This procedure relieves muscle spasm
63197		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and disable nerves in the spinal cord that transmit pain signals to the
63200		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) and surgery to remove adhesions (scar tissue) on the spinal cord.
63250		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery on the spine in order to repair an artery and vein that have formed improperly. The procedure requires removing a portion of a
63251		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery on the spine in order to repair an artery and vein that have formed improperly. The procedure requires removing a portion of a
63252		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery on the spine in order to repair an artery and vein that have formed improperly. The procedure requires removing a portion of a
63265		Surgery: Nervous System	Laminectomy for excision or evacuation of intraspinal lesion other than neoplasm, extradural; cervical
63266		Surgery: Nervous System	Laminectomy for excision or evacuation of intraspinal lesion other than neoplasm, extradural; thoracic

63267		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the mid-lower back.
63268		Surgery: Nervous System	Laminectomy for excision or evacuation of intraspinal lesion other than neoplasm, extradural; sacral
63270		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the neck.
63271		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the upper back.
63272		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the mid-lower back.
63273		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the lower back.
63275		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the neck. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may
63276		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the middle back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and
63277		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may
63278		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may
63280		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the neck. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may
63281		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the middle back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and
63282		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may
63283		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may
63285		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the neck. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may
63286		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the middle back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and
63287		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a

63290		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a
63295		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to reconstruct the spine following damage due to tumor or disease of the spine.
63300		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the neck.
63301		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the upper back.
63302		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the upper back.
63303		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the mid-lower back.
63304		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the neck.
63305		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the upper back.
63306		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the upper back.
63307		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the mid-lower back.
63308		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord.
64553		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The goal of the procedure may be to reduce pain, to exercise
64555		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The goal of the procedure may be to reduce pain, to exercise
64561		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The goal of the procedure may be to reduce pain, to exercise
64567		Surgery: Nervous System	Electrical nerve field stimulation of cranial nerves through skin
64568		Surgery: Nervous System	Creation of a surgical opening (incision or cut) in preparation for implanting an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The
64568		Surgery: Nervous System	Creation of a surgical opening (incision or cut) in preparation for implanting an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The

64569		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery for a nerve stimulator implanted for a cranial nerve. The surgery may be performed in order to revise the device (such as
64570		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a nerve stimulator implanted for a cranial nerve.
64575		Surgery: Nervous System	Creation of a surgical opening (incision or cut) in preparation for implanting an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The
64581		Surgery: Nervous System	Creation of a surgical opening (incision or cut) in preparation for implanting an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The
64582		Surgery: Nervous System	Procedure to implant nerve stimulator in the nerve used in tongue movement. Includes pulse generator and electrodes.
64583		Surgery: Nervous System	Procedure to revise or replace nerve stimulator in the nerve used in tongue movement.
64584		Surgery: Nervous System	Procedure to remove nerve stimulator from the nerve used in tongue movement.
64585		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a nerve stimulator.
64590		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to insert or replace nerve stimulator generator or receiver (device used to treat pain or nausea by producing electrical stimulation).
64595		Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to revise or remove a device that stimulates nerves. Typically the device is implanted to reduce pain or nausea.
65778		Anterior Segment	Placement of amniotic membrane on the ocular surface; without sutures
65779		Anterior Segment	Placement of amniotic membrane on the ocular surface; single layer, sutured
66174		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Enlargement (dilation) of the canal that drains fluid from the eye. The procedure can relieve pressure in the eye associated with glaucoma.
66175		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Enlargement (dilation) of the canal that drains fluid from the eye. The procedure can relieve pressure in the eye associated with glaucoma.
67900		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67901		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67902		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.

67903		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67906		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67908		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67909		Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to adjust a previous surgical correction of a drooping eyelid (ptosis).
69930		Surgery: Auditory System	Surgery to implant a hearing aid with an external speech processor.
70336		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a jaw joint (temporomandibular joint
70450		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the skull and brain and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make
70460		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the skull and brain and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make
70470		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the skull and brain and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make
70480		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the eye socket or ear and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to
70481		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the eye socket or ear and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to
70482		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the eye socket or ear and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to
70486		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the face and jaw and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye might be used to highlight areas
70487		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the face and jaw and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye might be used to highlight areas
70488		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the face and jaw and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye might be used to highlight areas
70490		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the neck and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the
70491		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the neck and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the

70492		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the neck and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the
70496		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the head. The scanner circles the body taking x-
70498		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the neck. The scanner circles the body taking x-
70540		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the eyes, face and neck. A contrast
70542		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the eyes, face and neck. A contrast
70543		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the eyes, face and neck. A contrast
70544		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the head.
70545		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the head. A contrast agent may be used to
70546		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the head. The study compares
70547		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the neck.
70548		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the neck. A contrast agent may be
70549		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the neck. The study compares
70551		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain and brainstem. A contrast
70552		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain and brainstem. A contrast
70553		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain and brainstem.
70554		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A functional MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain while it is working. The test
70555		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A functional MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain while it is working. The test

71250		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the
71260		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the
71270		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the
71271		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	In this screening for lung cancer, a CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image.
71275		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of non-heart blood vessels in the chest. The scanner circles the body taking x-
71550		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) study to evaluate lymph nodes in the chest. An MRI creates images with a strong magnetic field. A
71551		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) study to evaluate lymph nodes in the chest. An MRI creates images with a strong magnetic field. A
71552		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) study to evaluate lymph nodes in the chest. An MRI creates images with a strong magnetic field. A
71555		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the chest. A contrast agent may
72125		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the upper (cervical) spine and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used
72126		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the upper (cervical) spine and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used
72127		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the upper, middle or lower back. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles
72128		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan circles the body taking x-rays of the middle back (thoracic spine) and assembles them into a 3-D image.
72129		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan circles the body taking x-rays of the middle back (thoracic spine) and assembles them into a 3-D image.
72130		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the upper, middle or lower back. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles
72131		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of spine (low back). The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye
72132		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of spine (low back). The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye

72133		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the upper, middle or lower back. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles
72141		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the upper spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the
72142		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the upper spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the
72146		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the middle spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the
72147		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the middle spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the
72148		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the lower spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the
72149		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the lower spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the
72156		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the images.
72157		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the images.
72158		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the images.
72159		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels inside the spine. A contrast agent may be
72191		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-
72192		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be
72193		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be
72194		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Additional
72195		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the pelvis. A contrast agent may be
72196		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the pelvis. A contrast agent may be

72197		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the pelvis. A contrast agent is
72198		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the pelvis. A contrast agent may be injected
73200		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the arm. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. A contrast
73201		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the arm. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. A contrast
73202		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the arm. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Additional
73206		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in one or both arms. The scanner circles the body taking
73218		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both arms. A contrast agent
73219		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both arms. A contrast agent
73220		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of an arm. A contrast agent is
73221		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a shoulder, elbow or wrist joint. A
73222		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a shoulder, elbow or wrist joint. A
73223		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of an arm joint. A contrast agent may be
73225		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the arm. A contrast agent may be injected to
73700		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the leg. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be
73701		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the leg. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be
73702		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of one or both legs. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image.
73706		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in one or both legs. The scanner circles the body taking x-

73718		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both legs. Contrast material
73719		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both legs. Contrast material
73720		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a leg. A contrast agent may be
73721		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a hip, knee or ankle joint. A contrast
73722		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a hip, knee or ankle joint. A contrast
73723		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a leg joint. A contrast agent is
73725		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the leg. A contrast agent may be
74150		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be
74160		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be
74170		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Additional
74174		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of blood vessels in the abdomen and pelvis. The scanner circles the
74175		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking
74176		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of both the abdomen (belly) and pelvis. CT takes a series of x-rays as the machine revolves around the body. Contrast
74177		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of both the abdomen (belly) and pelvis. CT takes a series of x-rays as the machine revolves around the body. Contrast
74178		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of both the abdomen (belly) and pelvis. CT takes a series of x-rays as the machine revolves around the body. Contrast
74181		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the abdomen. A contrast agent may
74182		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the abdomen. A contrast agent may

74183		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the abdomen. A contrast agent is
74185		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the abdomen. A contrast agent
74261		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan taken of the colon (large intestine). The scan may be used to check for polyps or to help diagnose and stage colon cancer.
74262		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan taken of the colon (large intestine). The scan may be used to check for polyps or to help diagnose and stage colon cancer.
74263		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan taken of the colon (large intestine). The scan may be used to check for polyps or to help diagnose and stage colon cancer.
74712		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to take images of a fetus in the womb. Multiple images may be taken.
74713		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to take images of a fetus in the womb. Multiple images may be taken.
75557		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart may be evaluated while it is
75559		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart may be evaluated while it is
75561		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of heart function. A contrast agent
75563		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of heart function. A contrast agent
75565		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to evaluate the flow of blood through the heart. Multiple images may
75571		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan taken of the heart to see if calcium buildup (plaque) is present. A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles
75572		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of the heart, typically performed prior to heart surgery. A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-
75573		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of the heart to look at how the structure has been affected by heart disease that has been present since birth. Contrast dye
75574		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan taken with contrast dye to study the form and structure of the heart and its blood vessels. Arteries, veins and bypass grafts may
75580			Data from a CTA scan is analyzed to determine the status of narrowing arteries in the heart.

75635		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking
75710		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Angiography, extremity, unilateral, radiological supervision and interpretation
75716		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Angiography, extremity, bilateral, radiological supervision and interpretation
75736		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Angiography, pelvic, selective or supraseductive, radiological supervision and interpretation
75820		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Venography, extremity, unilateral, radiological supervision and interpretation
75822		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Venography, extremity, bilateral, radiological supervision and interpretation
76376		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	Physician supervision and interpretation of 3-D image manipulation.
76377		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	Physician supervision and interpretation of 3-D image manipulation.
76380		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) follow-up study. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Additional
76390		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A magnetic resonance spectroscopy is a type of MRI that evaluates chemicals present in the body's cells.
76391		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	Combines magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) with sound waves to create a visual map showing stiffness of body tissue. The imaging
76497		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan is made from a sequence of x-rays taken as the scanner moves in circles around the body. The images
76498		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view an area of the body. Multiple images may be taken.
76873		Radiology: Diagnostic Ultrasound	Ultrasound, transrectal; prostate volume study for brachytherapy treatment planning (separate procedure)
76965		Radiology: Diagnostic Ultrasound	Ultrasonic guidance for interstitial radioelement application
77021		Radiology: Radiologic Guidance	MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) guidance is used to place a needle in a precise location.
77022		Radiology: Radiologic Guidance	An area inside the body is viewed with MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) during surgery.

77046		Radiology: Breast, Mammography	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. Multiple images
77047		Radiology: Breast, Mammography	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. Multiple images
77048		Radiology: Breast, Mammography	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent
77049		Radiology: Breast, Mammography	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent
77078		Radiology: Bone/Joint Studies	A CT (computed tomography) scan is used for a bone mineral density study. The images help to evaluate the calcium and mineral content in
77084		Radiology: Bone/Joint Studies	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of blood vessels and bone marrow. A
77261		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple
77262		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; intermediate
77263		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; complex
77280		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field setting; simple
77285		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field setting; intermediate
77290		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field setting; complex
77293		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Respiratory motion management simulation (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
77295		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Simulation of a radiation treatment plan that includes a 3-D representation of a tumor created from a CT scan or MRI.
77299		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning
77300		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Basic radiation dosimetry calculation, central axis depth dose calculation, TDF, NSD, gap calculation, off axis factor, tissue
77301		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Intensity modulated radiotherapy plan, including dose-volume histograms for target and critical structure partial tolerance

77306		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Teletherapy isodose plan; simple (1 or 2 unmodified ports directed to a single area of interest), includes basic dosimetry
77307		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Teletherapy isodose plan; complex (multiple treatment areas, tangential ports, the use of wedges, blocking, rotational beam, or special
77316		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Brachytherapy isodose plan; simple (calculation[s] made from 1 to 4 sources, or remote afterloading brachytherapy, 1 channel),
77317		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Brachytherapy isodose plan; intermediate (calculation[s] made from 5 to 10 sources, or remote afterloading brachytherapy, 2-12
77318		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Brachytherapy isodose plan; complex (calculation[s] made from over 10 sources, or remote afterloading brachytherapy, over 12
77321		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Special teletherapy port plan, particles, hemibody, total body
77331		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Special dosimetry (eg, TLD, microdosimetry) (specify), only when prescribed by the treating physician
77332		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Treatment devices, design and construction; simple (simple block, simple bolus)
77333		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Treatment devices, design and construction; intermediate (multiple blocks, stents, bite blocks, special bolus)
77334		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Treatment devices, design and construction; complex (irregular blocks, special shields, compensators, wedges, molds or casts)
77336		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Continuing medical physics consultation, including assessment of treatment parameters, quality assurance of dose delivery,
77338		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Multi-leaf collimator (MLC) device(s) for intensity modulated radiation therapy (IMRT), design and construction per IMRT plan
77370		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Special medical radiation physics consultation
77371		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into brain tissue. A single dose or an entire therapy can be delivered in one session.
77372		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into brain tissue. A single dose or an entire therapy can be delivered in one session.
77373		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into brain tissue. A single dose or an entire therapy can be delivered in one session.
77387		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Guidance to identify one or more target areas where radiation therapy will be delivered.

77399		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Unlisted procedure, medical radiation physics, dosimetry and treatment devices, and special services
77402		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to one body area.
77407		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to one or more areas of the body, intermediate
77412		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	A radiation treatment delivered to three or more body areas. The procedure may use devices to focus the energy and hold the body
77417		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Therapeutic radiology port image(s)
77423		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation therapy using high-energy neutrons is directed at the affected site. Neutrons damage cells that do not have any oxygen in
77424		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	A single radiation treatment given during a surgical procedure.
77425		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	A single radiation treatment given during a surgical procedure.
77427		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation treatment management, 5 treatments
77431		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation therapy management with complete course of therapy consisting of 1 or 2 fractions only
77432		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Physician review and management of all aspects of stereotactic radiation therapy, from dose calculation and delivery to care
77435		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Physician review and management of all aspects of stereotactic radiation therapy, from dose calculation and delivery to care
77469		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Management of a radiation treatment given during surgery.
77470		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Special treatment procedure (eg, total body irradiation, hemibody radiation, per oral or endocavitary irradiation)
77499		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology treatment management
77520		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation therapy using protons is directed at the affected site. Protons can be shaped to match damaged cells. This enables use of a
77522		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation therapy using protons is directed at the affected site. Protons can be shaped to match damaged cells. This enables use of a

77523		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation therapy using protons is directed at the affected site. Protons can be shaped to match damaged cells. This enables use of a
77525		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation therapy using protons is directed at the affected site. Protons can be shaped to match damaged cells. This enables use of a
77600		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Hyperthermia cancer treatment exposes the body to a heat source to raise the body temperature. Hyperthermia is most often used
77605		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Hyperthermia cancer treatment exposes the body to a heat source to raise the body temperature. Hyperthermia is most often used
77610		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Hyperthermia cancer treatment exposes the body to a heat source to raise the body temperature. Hyperthermia is most often used
77615		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Hyperthermia cancer treatment exposes the body to a heat source to raise the body temperature. Hyperthermia is most often used
77620		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Hyperthermia cancer treatment exposes the body to a heat source to raise the body temperature. Hyperthermia is most often used
77750		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Infusion or instillation of radioelement solution (includes 3-month follow-up care)
77761		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Intracavitary radiation source application; simple
77762		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Intracavitary radiation source application; intermediate
77763		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Intracavitary radiation source application; complex
77770		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Delivery of high-dose radiation to a precise spot on a tumor as an addition to standard brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny
77771		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Multiple-channel delivery of high-dose radiation through a catheter directly to a tumor as an addition to standard brachytherapy.
77772		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Multiple-channel delivery of high-dose radiation through a catheter directly to a tumor as an addition to standard brachytherapy.
77778		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Interstitial radiation source application, complex, includes supervision, handling, loading of radiation source, when performed
77789		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Surface application of low dose rate radionuclide source
77790		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Supervision, handling, loading of radiation source

77799		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Unlisted procedure, clinical brachytherapy
78429		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78430		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78431		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78432		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78433		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78434		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	Imaging of blood flow in heart using positron emission tomography (PET).
78445		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Non-cardiac vascular flow imaging (ie, angiography, venography)
78451		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A true 3-D scan of the heart using a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). Images are taken after giving a radioactive
78452		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A true 3-D scan of the heart using a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). Images are taken after giving a radioactive
78453		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is injected and its movement into, through and out of the heart is recorded by a high-energy camera for several
78454		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is injected and its movement into, through and out of the heart is recorded by a high-energy camera for several
78457		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Venous thrombosis imaging, venogram; unilateral
78458		Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Venous thrombosis imaging, venogram; bilateral
78459		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78466		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is injected and its movement through the heart is recorded by a high-energy camera for several heart cycles.
78468		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is injected and its movement through the heart is recorded by a high-energy camera for several heart cycles.

78469		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A true 3-D scan of the heart uses a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). The procedure helps to identify the extent and
78472		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will be taken during the scan after a
78473		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will be taken during the scan after a
78481		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A heart blood pool scan is an imaging test that uses a radioactive marker to observe how the heart functions on the left side.
78483		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will be taken during the scan after a
78491		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78492		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function
78494		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A true 3-D scan of the heart uses a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). Images are taken after giving a radioactive
78496		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will be taken during the scan after a
78499		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is given by mouth or IV. This highlights the heart structure and function on a scan so that it may be viewed
78608		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates brain function
78609		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates brain function
78811		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance.
78812		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance.
78813		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance.
78814		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance that has been given by mouth or IV.
78815		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance that has been given by mouth or IV.

78816		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance that has been given by mouth or IV.
78999		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is given by mouth or IV. This highlights one or more areas of the body on a scan so that they may be viewed
79101		Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	Radiopharmaceutical therapy, by intravenous administration
81099		Pathology and Laboratory: Urinalysis	UNLISTED URINALYSIS PROCEDURE
81120		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that are connected to the development of cancer in the central nervous
81121		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that are connected to the development of cancer in the central nervous
81161		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This test checks for mutations of the DMD gene which affects production of the protein dystrophin. When mutations are present this
81162		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81163		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81164		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81165		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81166		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81167		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81168		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate mantle cell lymphoma.
81170		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81171		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intellectual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81172		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intellectual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence

81173		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81175		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81176		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81177		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate DRPLA (dentatorubral-pallidoluysian atrophy), a progressive brain disorder that
81178		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81179		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81180		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81181		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81182		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81183		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81184		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81185		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81187		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate myotonic dystrophy, a form of muscular dystrophy accompanied by
81188		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Unverricht-Lundborg disease, a form of epilepsy.
81189		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Unverricht-Lundborg disease, a form of epilepsy.
81191		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This genetic test analysis tissue from a solid tumor.
81192		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This genetic test analysis tissue from a solid tumor.

81193		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This genetic test analysis tissue from a solid tumor.
81194		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This genetic test analysis tissue from a solid tumor.
81195		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Cytogenomic analysis, optical genome mapping
81200		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic variants that can indicate Canavan disease, an inherited condition.
81201		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing polyps followed by colon cancer. This is a condition
81202		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing polyps followed by colon cancer. This is a condition
81203		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing polyps followed by colon cancer. This is a condition
81204		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81205		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic variants that can indicate an inherited problem with metabolism.
81206		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate chronic myelogenous leukemia.
81207		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate chronic myelogenous leukemia.
81208		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate chronic myelogenous leukemia.
81209		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic variants that can indicate an inherited condition.
81210		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic variants that can indicate colon cancer.
81212		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81215		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81216		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or

81217		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81218		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81219		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81220		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81221		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81222		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81223		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81224		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81225		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81226		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81227		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81228		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities in chromosomes, among
81229		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities in chromosomes, among
81231		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81232		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81233		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81234		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate myotonic dystrophy, a form of muscular dystrophy accompanied by

81235		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing lung cancer. Types of analysis include gene
81236		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81237		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate lymphoma (lymph cell cancer).
81238		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with blood clotting. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81239		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate myotonic dystrophy, a form of muscular dystrophy accompanied by
81240		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with blood clotting. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81241		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with blood clotting. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81242		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate anemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81243		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intellectual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81244		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intellectual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81245		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81246		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81247		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate hemolytic anemia, a condition in which the body destroys red blood cells. Types
81249		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate hemolytic anemia, a condition in which the body destroys red blood cells. Types
81250		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with glycogen storage. Types of analysis include gene variants, full
81251		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Gaucher disease. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81252		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing hearing loss. Types of analysis include gene variants,

81254		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing hearing loss. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81255		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Tay-Sachs disease. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81256		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with too much iron (hemochromatosis). Types of analysis include
81258		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a blood problem. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81259		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a blood problem. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81260		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with the nervous system. Types of analysis include gene variants, full
81265		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis that compares genetic material from donor and recipient or from mother and fetus.
81266		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis that compares genetic material from donor and recipient or from mother and fetus.
81269		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a blood problem. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81270		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells. Types of analysis include
81271		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Huntington disease, which causes the breakdown of nerve cells in the brain.
81272		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia or tumors in the gastrointestinal tract. Types of analysis
81273		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate skin disease from many mast cells (mastocytosis).
81274		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Huntington disease, which causes the breakdown of nerve cells in the brain.
81275		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81276		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate presence of genetic mutations associated with certain cancers.
81277		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities in chromosomes, among

81278		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate follicular lymphoma.
81279		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells.
81283		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the response to interferon treatment, typically in the setting of chronic hepatitis C virus
81284		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a disease that causes progressive nervous system damage
81285		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a disease that causes progressive nervous system damage
81286		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a disease that causes progressive nervous system damage
81287		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the potential for developing a brain tumor. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81288		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81290		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with metabolism (mucopolidosis). Types of analysis include gene
81292		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81293		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81294		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81295		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81296		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81297		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81298		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate risk of developing colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81299		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate risk of developing colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence

81300		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate risk of developing colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81301		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81302		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Rett syndrome, a developmental problem of the nervous system. Types of
81303		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Rett syndrome, a developmental problem of the nervous system. Types of
81304		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Rett syndrome, a developmental problem of the nervous system. Types of
81305		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate lymphoplasmacytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81306		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81307		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast or pancreatic cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81308		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast or pancreatic cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81309		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for breast cancer.
81310		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81311		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate colon cancer.
81312		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that can indicate muscular dystrophy.
81314		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate tumors in the gastrointestinal tract. Types of analysis include gene variants, full
81315		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate promyelocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81316		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate promyelocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81317		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.

81318		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81319		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81320		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81321		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81322		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81323		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or
81324		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate peripheral neuropathies such as Charcot-Marie-Tooth. Types of analysis include
81325		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate peripheral neuropathies such as Charcot-Marie-Tooth. Types of analysis include
81328		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81329		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81330		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate difficulty breaking down fats properly (Niemann-Pick disease). Types of analysis
81331		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how the body's hormones work (Prader-Willi syndrome or
81333		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate corneal dystrophy, which affects the clarity of the eye cornea. Types of analysis
81334		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81335		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81336		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81338		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells. Types of analysis include

81339		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells. Types of analysis include
81342		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate leukemia or lymphoma. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81343		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81344		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive
81345		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate thyroid cancer.
81346		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the
81347		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81348		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81349		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities in chromosomes, among
81350		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to find the best drug therapy for a condition. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81351		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Li-Fraumeni syndrome.
81352		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Li-Fraumeni syndrome.
81353		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Li-Fraumeni syndrome.
81355		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to find the best drug therapy for a condition. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81357		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81360		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated with leukemia.
81361		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample for variants that indicate whether or not a person has sickle cell anemia or other problems with

81363		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample for variants that indicate whether or not a person has sickle cell anemia or other problems with
81364		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample for variants that indicate whether or not a person has sickle cell anemia or other problems with
81381		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis that identifies the type of human leukocyte antigen (HLA). The result is used to identify the best donor and recipient for bone
81400		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81401		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81402		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81403		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81404		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81405		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81406		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81407		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81408		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81410		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate any number of illnesses that affect the aorta (the main blood
81411		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate any number of illnesses that affect the aorta (the main blood
81412		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate conditions associated with Ashkenazi Jewish heritage including Bloom syndrome,
81413		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing sudden cardiac arrest.
81414		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing sudden cardiac arrest.

81415		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81416		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81417		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81419		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variations that are related to epilepsy.
81425		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81426		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81427		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81430		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing hearing loss.
81431		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing hearing loss.
81432		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer and related disorders. Types of analysis include gene variants, full
81434		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a disorder of the retina (part of eye).
81435		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing colon cancer.
81437		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate tumor disorders of the nerve cells and endocrine (hormone) system.
81439		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a weakening of the heart muscle.
81440		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81441		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variations that are related to inherited bone marrow failure syndromes (IBMFS), a group of
81442		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a developmental disorder (Noonan).

81443		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate conditions associated with Ashkenazi Jewish heritage including Bloom syndrome,
81445		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81448		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate peripheral neuropathies such as Charcot-Marie-Tooth. Types of analysis include
81449		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81450		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing leukemia.
81451		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing leukemia.
81455		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing leukemia or organ malfunction.
81456		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing leukemia or organ malfunction.
81457			This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81458			This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81459			This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81460		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81462			This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81463			This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81464			This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing a tumor in an organ.
81465		Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a number of genetic disorders.
81479		Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.

81518		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	This lab test examines breast tissue for genetic abnormalities to help determine risk of recurrence.
81519		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	This lab test examines breast tissue for genetic abnormalities to help determine risk of recurrence.
81520		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	This lab test examines breast tissue for genetic abnormalities to help determine risk of recurrence.
81521		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	This lab test examines breast tissue for genetic abnormalities to help determine risk of spreading to other areas (metastasis).
81522		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for breast cancer.
81523		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	This lab test examines breast tissue for genetic abnormalities to help determine risk of spreading to other areas (metastasis).
81539		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	Blood test that determines the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
81541		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	Genetic test using a urine sample to test for the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
81542		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for prostate cancer.
81546		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	This lab test examines thyroid tissue for genetic abnormalities related to thyroid cancer.
81552		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for eye cancer.
81595		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	This lab test examines heart tissue for genetic abnormalities.
81599		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic Analyses	A mathematic formula is used to analyze a variety of lab test results to determine an individual's risk for disease.
84999		Pathology and Laboratory: Chemistry	A chemistry test to verify specific substances in blood, urine, stool or other body fluids.
86849		Pathology and Laboratory: Immunology	Testing that involves the immune system function: its ability, action of particular components or the presence of specific
87999		Pathology and Laboratory: Microbiology	Unlisted microbiology procedure
88199		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytopathology	Unlisted cytopathology procedure

88230		Pathology and Laboratorys	Tissue culture for non-neoplastic disorders; lymphocyte
88237		Pathology and Laboratory	Tissue culture for neoplastic disorders; bone marrow, blood cells
88240		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Cells taken as samples for testing or that need to be examined further are preserved by freezing. Each sample must be prepared
88241		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Cells that have been frozen for long-term storage must be thawed prior to their use or before any testing can be done on them. Each
88245		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome breakage affects an individual's genetic makeup. Breakage may appear as a weakness in the chromosome strand or as
88248		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome breakage affects an individual's genetic makeup. Breakage may appear as a weakness in the chromosome strand or as
88249		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome breakage affects an individual's genetic makeup. Breakage may appear as a weakness in the chromosome strand or as
88261		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome analysis of cells and karyotypes (the full chromosome set that describes a person's genetic makeup), with banding.
88262		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome analysis of cells and karyotypes (the full chromosome set that describes a person's genetic makeup), with banding.
88263		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome mosaicism is a condition that occurs during embryonic development. Instead of identical chromosomes, every so often one
88264		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Full chromosome analysis of 20 to 25 cells to check for anomalies consistent with a specified cancer.
88267		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome (genetic) analysis of fetal cells obtained from amniotic fluid or the surface of the placenta to detect genetic abnormalities.
88269		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Chromosome analysis of fetal cells from a sample of amniotic fluid without removing the cells from the fluid. The analysis is used to
88271		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Genetic test (molecular cytogenetics, DNA probe) used to detect an abnormality in a single gene. The sample used may be tissue or
88272		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	The test uses a fluorescent stain to detect DNA sequence in cells. DNA sequence determines an individual's genetic makeup.
88273		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	The test uses a fluorescent stain to detect DNA sequence in cells. DNA sequence determines an individual's genetic makeup.
88274		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	This study uses a technique that separates and recombines a DNA strand directly on a viewing slide. The technique analyzes how a genetic

88275		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	This study uses a technique that separates and recombines a DNA strand directly on a viewing slide. The technique analyzes how a genetic
88280		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Additional studies of full chromosome sets that describes a person's genetic makeup (karyotypes) beyond the base chromosome
88283		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Additional cells counted beyond the base chromosome analysis. The study uses traditional microscopic techniques to check for
88285		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Additional cells counted beyond the base chromosome analysis. The study uses traditional microscopic techniques to check for
88289		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	The study analyzes chromosomes to find out if they contain any genetic traits associated with inherited conditions. The study involves several
88291		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Expert interpretation and report relating to the results of a genetic cell study.
89240		Pathology and Laboratory: Other Procedures	A laboratory study of tissue, organs or fluid samples. A pathology study detects disease, if it is present. The sample may be removed
89253		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Laboratory procedure to help induce a pregnancy through in-vitro fertilization or another infertility treatment technique.
89258		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Cryopreservation or cold preservation is the process of freezing, storing and thawing embryos.
89259		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Cryopreservation or cold preservation is the process of freezing, storing and thawing sperm.
89337		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Preserve egg cell by freezing (cryopreservation).
89342		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Storage of one or more human embryos for one year.
89343		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Storage of sperm or semen for one year.
89344		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Reproductive tissue, such as from a testicle or ovary, is cryopreserved (frozen to extremely cold temperatures) for the purpose of
89346		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Storage of human eggs (oocytes) for one year.
89352		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	A human embryo that has been preserved by freezing is thawed using a precise temperature water bath.
89353		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Sperm or semen that has been preserved by freezing is thawed in water that is temperature-controlled.

89354		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Specimens of human reproductive tissue, such as from a testicle or ovary, are preserved by freezing. They are thawed using a precise
89356		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Human eggs (oocytes) that have been preserved by freezing are thawed in water that is temperature-controlled.
90283		Medicine: Immune Globulins, Serum or Recombinant Products	Human immune globulin is derived from blood products and is typically given as a shot, through an IV or under the skin with fluids.
90284	Hizentra,Cuvitru,Gammagard,Gamma	Medicine: Immune Globulins, Serum or Recombinant Products	Human immune globulin is derived from blood products and is typically given as a shot, through an IV or under the skin with fluids.
90378	Synagis	Medicine: Immune Globulins, Serum or Recombinant Products	Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) immune globulin. RSV is an infection that causes colds, coughs and sometimes pneumonia in children
90867		Medicine: Psychiatry	Treatment planning for TMS (transcranial magnetic stimulation), a technique for gently stimulating the brain using magnetic pulses.
90868		Medicine: Psychiatry	TMS (transcranial magnetic stimulation) treatment, a technique for gently stimulating the brain using magnetic pulses. TMS is a
90869		Medicine: Psychiatry	TMS (transcranial magnetic stimulation) treatment, a technique for gently stimulating the brain using magnetic pulses. TMS is a
90870		Medicine: Psychiatry	Electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) is a treatment usually offered for severe depression when other treatments have failed. ECT passes
91110		Medicine: Gastroenterology	Images of the digestive tract with a report of results. The test involves swallowing a tiny capsule containing a camera for viewing the
91111		Medicine: Gastroenterology	Images of the digestive tract with a report of results. The test involves swallowing a tiny capsule containing a camera for viewing the
91113		Medicine: Gastroenterology	A capsule the size of a large pill is swallowed and pictures of the colon are taken.
92920		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty; single major coronary artery or branch
92928		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transcatheter placement of intracoronary stent(s), with coronary angioplasty when performed; single major
92930		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Insertion of 2 stents for 2 or more lesions in 2 or more coronary segments or , with balloon dilation of coronary artery and/or its branch(es)
92933		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal coronary atherectomy, with intracoronary stent, with coronary angioplasty when performed; single
92937		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of or through coronary artery bypass graft , any combination of intracoronary stent,

92943		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of chronic total occlusion, coronary artery, coronary artery branch, or coronary artery
92945		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Removal of plaque, insertion of stent and/or balloon dilation of single coronary artery, branch or bypass graft, and/or subtended
93228		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A physician's report of a heart study lasting up to 30-days. Heart activity (ECG or EKG) is transmitted in real-time for the entire period,
93229		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Support from one or more technicians for a heart study of up to 30 days. This includes connecting the event recorder (ECG or EKG),
93350		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart ultrasound (echocardiograph) shows moving images of the heart. The images are taken both at rest and while exercising. Drugs
93351		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart ultrasound (echocardiograph) shows moving images of the heart. The images are taken both at rest and while exercising. Drugs
93451		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart. A recorder may measure internal pressure, oxygen saturation,
93452		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Heart study where a thin tube (catheter) is inserted into the heart through an arm or leg blood vessel. Imaging with contrast dye may be
93453		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Heart study where a thin tube (catheter) is inserted into the heart through an arm or leg blood vessel. Imaging with contrast dye may be
93454		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts. Dye is injected through the catheter to enhance areas
93455		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts. Dye is injected through the catheter to enhance areas
93456		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there
93457		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there
93458		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there
93459		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there
93460		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there
93461		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there

93462		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Left heart catheterization by transseptal puncture through intact septum or by transapical puncture
93565		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report; for selective left
93566		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report; for selective right
93567		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report; for supraaortic
93568		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report; for nonselective
93590		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Procedure to repair a leak around a heart valve replacement.
93591		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Procedure to repair a leak around a heart valve replacement.
93592		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Procedure to repair a leak around a heart valve replacement.
93593		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart, with imaging guidance, to assess heart defect.
93594		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart, with imaging guidance, to assess heart defect.
93595		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart, with imaging guidance, to assess heart defect.
93596		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart, with imaging guidance, to assess heart defect.
93597		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart, with imaging guidance, to assess heart defect.
93620		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Evaluation of electrical activity within the heart by placing a thin tube (catheter) threaded through a leg or neck blood vessel. The heart
93653		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Comprehensive electrophysiologic evaluation with insertion and repositioning of multiple electrode catheters, induction or attempted
93654		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Comprehensive electrophysiologic evaluation with insertion and repositioning of multiple electrode catheters, induction or attempted
93656		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Comprehensive electrophysiologic evaluation with transseptal catheterizations, insertion and repositioning of multiple electrode catheters,

93745		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Initial set-up and programming by a physician or other qualified health care professional of wearable cardioverter-defibrillator
95714		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Electroencephalogram with video (VEEG), review of data, technical description by EEG technologist, each increment of 12-26 hours;
95715		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Electroencephalogram with video (VEEG), review of data, technical description by EEG technologist, each increment of 12-26 hours;
95716		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Electroencephalogram with video (VEEG), review of data, technical description by EEG technologist, each increment of 12-26 hours;
95805		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Nap study to see how quickly a person falls asleep during the day. Measures the level of daytime sleepiness. Standard test for
95807		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	A sleep study records information about breathing effort and ability, heart rate and amount of oxygen that is in the blood while
95808		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	A technician-monitored, overnight sleep study at a facility. Brain activity, breathing, blood pressure, heart rate and other factors are
95810		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	A technician-monitored, overnight sleep study at a facility. Brain activity, breathing, blood pressure, heart rate and other factors are
95811		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	A technician-monitored, overnight sleep study at a facility. Brain activity, breathing, blood pressure, heart rate and other factors are
95961		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Attendance by a physician for a study that maps the electrical circuits of the brain. The study typically is done to better understand
95962		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Attendance by a physician for a study that maps the electrical circuits of the brain. The study typically is done to better understand
95965		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Magnetoencephalography (MEG) is an imaging technique that records magnetic forces within the brain. The information can help to pinpoint
95966		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Magnetoencephalography (MEG) is an imaging technique that records magnetic forces within the brain. The information can help to pinpoint
95967		Medicine: Neurology and Neuromuscular Procedures	Magnetoencephalography (MEG) is an imaging technique that records magnetic forces within the brain. The information can help to pinpoint
96547		Medicine: Hydration, Therapeutic, Prophylactic, Diagnostic Injections and Infusions, and Chemotherapy and Other	Surgery to treat cancer in the abdomen by removing the tumors, then inserting warmed anti-cancer drugs into the abdominal area for a
96548		Medicine: Hydration, Therapeutic, Prophylactic, Diagnostic Injections and Infusions, and Chemotherapy and Other	Surgery to treat cancer in the abdomen by removing the tumors, then inserting warmed anti-cancer drugs into the abdominal area for a
96900		Medicine: Special Dermatological Procedures	Actinotherapy (Ultraviolet Light)

97037		Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery.
97151		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Visit with a health care professional for tests and observation in order to identify behavior(s) for possible treatment.
97152		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Visit with a health care professional for tests and observation in order to identify behavior(s) for possible treatment.
97153		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Fifteen minutes of one-on-one adaptive behavior treatment with a physician or other health care professional. This therapy identifies
97154		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Fifteen minutes of adaptive behavior treatment with a technician in a group setting. This therapy identifies causes of stress, triggers to
97155		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Fifteen minutes of one-on-one adaptive behavior treatment with a physician or other health care professional. This therapy identifies
97156		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Guidance with a physician or other health care professional for the family of an individual undergoing adaptive behavior therapy.
97157		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Guidance with a physician or other health care professional for the families of individuals undergoing adaptive behavior therapy.
97158		Medicine: Adaptive Behavior Services	Fifteen minutes of adaptive behavior treatment with a physician or other health care professional in a group setting. This therapy
A4545		Miscellaneous Supplies	Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month
A4555		Miscellaneous Supplies	Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device.
A6515		Compression Garments	Gradient compression wrap with adjustable straps, full leg, each, custom
A6516		Compression Garments	Gradient compression wrap with adjustable straps, foot, each, custom
A6517		Compression Garments	Gradient compression wrap with adjustable straps, below knee, each, custom
A6518		Compression Garments	Gradient compression wrap with adjustable straps, arm, each, custom
A6519		Compression Garments	Gradient compression garment, not otherwise specified, for nighttime use, each
A6523		Compression Garments	A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression.

A6525		Compression Garments	A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression.
A6526		Compression Garments	A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression.
A6527		Compression Garments	A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression.
A6528		Compression Garments	A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression.
A6529		Compression Garments	A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression.
A6574		Compression Garments	A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression.
A6580		Compression Garments	A heavy weight, custom-made compression glove, providing gradually increasing compression.
A6611		Compression Garments	Gradient compression wrap with adjustable straps, above knee, each, custom
A9274		Miscellaneous Supplies	A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories.
A9601		Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals)	An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brain.
A9607		Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals)	An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate cancer.
C1062		Devices and Supplies	Intravertebral body fracture augmentation with implant (e.g., metal, polymer)
C1605		Devices and Supplies	Pacemaker, leadless, dual chamber (right atrial and right ventricular implantable components), rate-responsive, including all
C1607		Devices and Supplies	Neurostimulator, integrated (implantable), rechargeable with all implantable and external components including charging system
C1716		Brachytherapy Sources	Gold 198 radioactive seeds to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
C1717		Brachytherapy Sources	High-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
C1721		Cardioverter-Defibrillators	An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, or in both upper and lower

C1722		Cardioverter-Defibrillators	An implanted single-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity in one chamber, on one side of the heart. The device ensures
C1764		Devices	Event recorder, cardiac (implantable)
C1767		Devices	A non-rechargeable implant used to stimulate nerves, used to aid movement of muscles.
C1772		Devices	A programmable, implantable pump for infusions. An infusion delivers a fluid or medication over a period of several hours.
C1777		Devices	Lead, cardioverter-defibrillator, endocardial single coil (implantable)
C1779		Devices	Lead, pacemaker, transvenous VDD single pass
C1785		Devices	Pacemaker, dual chamber, rate-responsive (implantable)
C1786		Devices	Pacemaker, single chamber, rate-responsive (implantable)
C1874		Devices	Stent, coated/covered, with delivery system
C1875		Devices	Stent, coated/covered, without delivery system
C1876		Devices	Stent, noncoated/noncovered, with delivery system
C1877		Devices	Stent, noncoated/noncovered, without delivery system
C1880		Devices	Vena cava filter
C1882		Devices	An implanted heart pacing and rhythm-adjusting device.
C1895		Devices	Lead, cardioverter-defibrillator, endocardial dual coil (implantable)
C1896		Devices	Lead, cardioverter-defibrillator, other than endocardial single or dual coil (implantable)
C1898		Devices	Lead, pacemaker, other than transvenous VDD single pass

C1899		Devices	Lead, pacemaker/cardioverter-defibrillator combination (implantable)
C1900		Devices	Lead, left ventricular coronary venous system
C2616		Brachytherapy Source	Yttrium-90 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
C2617		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Stent, noncoronary, temporary, without delivery system
C2619		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Pacemaker, dual chamber, nonrate-responsive (implantable)
C2620		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Pacemaker, single chamber, nonrate-responsive (implantable)
C2621		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Pacemaker, other than single or dual chamber (implantable)
C2623		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Catheter, transluminal angioplasty, drug-coated, nonlaser
C2625		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Stent, noncoronary, temporary, with delivery system
C8007		Surgery: Nervous System	Open implantation of hypoglossal nerve neurostimulator array and pulse generator, not requiring insertion of a separate distal
C8008		Surgery: Nervous System	Revision or replacement of hypoglossal nerve neurostimulator array including connection to existing pulse generator
C8009		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of hypoglossal nerve neurostimulator array and pulse generator
C8011		Surgery: Nervous System	Open implantation of hypoglossal nerve(s) neurostimulator electrode array(s) and receiver, including external power source and
C8012		Surgery: Nervous System	Revision or replacement of hypoglossal nerve(s) neurostimulator electrode array(s) and receiver
C8013		Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of hypoglossal nerve(s) neurostimulator electrode array(s) and receiver
C8900		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image using contrast dye, taken of a blood vessel inside the abdomen.
C8901		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image taken of a blood vessel inside the abdomen.

C8902		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without contrast dye and then taken with contrast dye, of a blood vessel inside the
C8903		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent
C8905		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent
C8906		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent
C8908		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent
C8909		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest.
C8910		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest.
C8911		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest.
C8912		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8913		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8914		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8918		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the pelvis.
C8919		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the pelvis.
C8920		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the pelvis.
C9047	Cablivi	Drugs and Biologicals	An injection of caplacizumab. This drug is typically used to treat thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura and thrombosis.
C9307	Lynozytic	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, linvoseltamab-gcpt, 1 mg
C9399	Amtagvi	Injection Unclassified biologics	lifileucel

C9399	Casgevya	Unclassified drugs	exagamglogene autotemcel
C9399	Empaveli	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	pegcetacoplan
C9399	Enspryng	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	satralizumab-mwge
C9399	Lamzede	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	velmanase alfa-tycv
C9399	Lantidra	Unclassified drugs	donislecel-jujn
C9399	Lenmeldy	Unclassified drugs	atidarsagene autotemcel
C9399	Lytgobi	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	futibatinib
C9399	Nulibry	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	fosdenopterin
C9399	Omisirge	Injection Unclassified biologics	omidubicel-olnv
C9399	Rethymic	Unclassified drugs	allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc
C9399	Skysona	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	Elivaldogene autotemcel
C9399	Tecelra (afamitresgene autoleucel)	Injection Unclassified biologics	Tecelra (afamitresgene autoleucel)
C9399	Tegsedi	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	inotersen
C9600		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transcatheter placement of drug eluting intracoronary stent(s), with coronary angioplasty when performed; single major
C9601		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transcatheter placement of drug-eluting intracoronary stent(s), with coronary angioplasty when performed; each additional
C9602		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transluminal coronary atherectomy, with drug eluting intracoronary stent, with coronary angioplasty when
C9603		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transluminal coronary atherectomy, with drug-eluting intracoronary stent, with coronary angioplasty when

C9604		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of or through coronary artery bypass graft (internal mammary, free arterial, venous), any
C9605		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of or through coronary artery bypass graft (internal mammary, free arterial, venous), any
C9606		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of acute total/subtotal occlusion during acute myocardial infarction, coronary artery or
C9607		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of chronic total occlusion, coronary artery, coronary artery branch, or coronary artery
C9608		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of chronic total occlusion, coronary artery, coronary artery branch, or coronary artery
C9757		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	Laminotomy (hemilaminectomy), with decompression of nerve root(s), including partial facetectomy, foraminotomy and
C9762		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart may be evaluated while it is
C9763		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart may be evaluated while it is
C9791		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and
D7284		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a tissue sample (biopsy) from a saliva gland.
D7940		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to correct a problem with the jaw structure or function.
D7941		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the lower jawbone.
D7943		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the lower jawbone. Includes a bone graft.
D7944		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the jawbone.
D7945		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the jawbone.
D7946		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Completely repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone.
D7947		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Partially repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone.

D7948		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone around the nose.
D7949		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone around the nose. Includes a bone graft.
D7950		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery for a bone graft to add bone to, or rebuild, the upper or lower jaw.
D7995		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Synthetic or artificial bone graft of lower jaw or facial bones.
D7996		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	An implant for enlarging the lower jaw.
D9954		Adjunctive General Services	Snoring and sleep apnea device that is used in the morning to reposition the jaw after overnight treatment with a device that helps to
D9955		Adjunctive General Services	Office visit to adjust snoring and sleep apnea device that is used in the morning to reposition the jaw.
E0183		Decubitus Care Equipment	Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval,
E0466		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Ventilator for use at home.
E0467		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Ventilator for use at home.
E0468		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Home ventilator, dual-function respiratory device, also performs additional function of cough stimulation, includes all accessories,
E0469		Respiratory Supplies	Lung expansion airway clearance, continuous high frequency oscillation, and nebulization device
E0470		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, without backup rate feature, used with noninvasive interface, e.g., nasal or facial
E0471		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, with back-up rate feature, used with noninvasive interface, e.g., nasal or facial mask
E0472		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, with backup rate feature, used with invasive interface, e.g., tracheostomy tube
E0483		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	A vest contains controls that deliver high frequency vibrations through the chest wall. This stimulates coughing.
E0486		Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	A custom-made appliance fitted to the mouth and airway to keep the airway from collapsing. It may be adjustable.

E0601		Suction Pump/CPAP	Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device
E0616		Monitoring Equipment	A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed.
E0627		Patient Lifts	A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways.
E0637		Patient Lifts	A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be attached.
E0658		Pneumatic Compressor and Appliances	Segmental pneumatic appliance for use with pneumatic compressor, integrated, 2 full arms and chest
E0659		Pneumatic Compressor and Appliances	Segmental pneumatic appliance for use with pneumatic compressor, integrated, head, neck and chest
E0683		Respiratory Supplies	Non-pneumatic, non-sequential, peristaltic wave compression pump
E0737		Devices	Transcutaneous tibial nerve stimulator, controlled by phone application
E0747		Transcutaneous and/or Neuromuscular Electrical Nerve Stimula	An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in a specific area.
E0748		Transcutaneous and/or Neuromuscular Electrical Nerve Stimula	An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in the spine.
E0749		Transcutaneous and/or Neuromuscular Electrical Nerve Stimula	An electrical device that is implanted on or near a site where additional or rapid bone growth is desired.
E0760		Transcutaneous and/or Neuromuscular Electrical Nerve Stimula	A device that uses low-intensity ultrasound passed over an area to stimulate or increase bone growth.
E0766		Transcutaneous and/or Neuromuscular Electrical Nerve Stimula	A device that delivers electrical pulses or high-frequency radio waves (electromagnetic) to a cancerous area of the body for treatment.
E0782		Infusion Supplies	Medication delivery device that is implanted under the skin. The system includes all necessary catheters, connectors and pump for
E0783		Infusion Supplies	A programmable medication delivery device that is implanted under the skin. The system includes all necessary catheters, connectors
E0784		Infusion Supplies	Portable, battery-powered pump for delivering a set dose of insulin over time. The device typically is worn on a belt or strap.
E0785		Infusion Supplies	A replacement catheter implanted into the spinal column. This catheter attaches to a pump that delivers medication over a

E0786		Infusion Supplies	Replacement pump that is implanted near the spine. The device delivers a prescribed dose of medication over a period of time.
E0950		Wheelchair Accessories	A tray that attaches to a wheelchair.
E0951		Wheelchair Accessories	Heel cup or sling for stabilizing and supporting the heel and ankle. An ankle strap may be attached.
E0952		Wheelchair Accessories	Supportive toe cup or loop.
E0953		Wheelchair Accessories	A thigh or knee support attachment with hardware to mount onto a wheelchair.
E0954		Wheelchair Accessories	A foot box for use with a wheelchair.
E0955		Wheelchair Accessories	A cushioned headrest, with mounting hardware, for a wheelchair.
E0956		Wheelchair Accessories	A supportive attachment that wraps around the upper body or hips, with hardware to mount to a wheelchair.
E0957		Wheelchair Accessories	A mid-thigh support attachment with hardware to mount onto a wheelchair.
E0960		Wheelchair Accessories	Supportive straps or a harness attachment for the shoulders or chest, with hardware for mounting to a wheelchair.
E0967		Wheelchair Accessories	A hand rim with grip projections for a non-motorized wheelchair.
E0969		Wheelchair Accessories	Adjuster to make a wheelchair narrower than manufactured width.
E0970		Wheelchair Accessories	Wheelchair footplates without leg rests.
E0973		Wheelchair Accessories	Height-adjustable, detachable armrest for a wheelchair.
E0985		Wheelchair Accessories	Seat lift mechanism for a wheelchair.
E0986		Wheelchair Accessories	Push-activated power assist for a non-motorized wheelchair.
E0988		Wheelchair Accessories	Manual wheelchair accessory, lever-activated, wheel drive, pair

E1002		Wheelchair Accessories	Powered tilt mechanism for a wheelchair seat.
E1003		Wheelchair Accessories	A powered seat recliner for a wheelchair.
E1004		Wheelchair Accessories	A powered seat recliner for a wheelchair. This type has an attachment to reduce the likelihood of the seat sliding sideways while
E1005		Wheelchair Accessories	A powered seat recliner for a wheelchair. This type has a powered attachment that compensates if the seat begins to slide
E1006		Wheelchair Accessories	Powered wheelchair seat with tilt and recline functions.
E1007		Wheelchair Accessories	Powered wheelchair seat with tilt and recline functions. This type has an attachment to adjust the seat if it slides sideways while
E1008		Wheelchair Accessories	Powered wheelchair seat with tilt and recline functions. This type has a power attachment that adjusts the seat if it slides sideways while
E1009		Wheelchair Accessories	Manually operated addition to a powered wheelchair seat. The components include a push-rod and leg rest so that the legs can be
E1010		Wheelchair Accessories	Pair of powered leg lift additions for attachment to a powered wheelchair seat.
E1011		Wheelchair Accessories	Width adjustment package for a child's wheelchair.
E1012		Wheelchair Accessories	A powered leg rest addition for attachment to a powered wheelchair seat.
E1017		Wheelchair Accessories	Heavy duty shock absorber for use with a heavy duty or extra-heavy duty non-motorized wheelchair.
E1018		Wheelchair Accessories	Heavy-duty shock absorber for heavy-duty or extra heavy-duty power wheelchair, each
E1022		Wheelchair Accessories	Wheelchair transportation securement system, any type includes all components and accessories
E1023		Wheelchair Accessories	Wheelchair transit securement system, includes all components and accessories
E1028		Wheelchair Accessories	Swing-away, retractable or removable mounting hardware for a joystick, control interface or other wheelchair positioning
E1032		Wheelchair Accessories	Wheelchair accessory, manual swingaway, retractable or removable mounting hardware used with joystick or other drive control

E1033		Wheelchair Accessories	Wheelchair accessory, manual swingaway, retractable or removable mounting hardware for headrest, cushioned, any type
E1034		Wheelchair Accessories	Wheelchair accessory, manual swingaway, retractable or removable mounting hardware for lateral trunk or hip support, any type
E1035		Rollabout Chair, Transfer System, Transport Chair	An adjustable chair used for moving a person from a bed or a chair to another place such as a bed or a chair. This equipment is operated by
E1036		Rollabout Chair, Transfer System, Transport Chair	An adjustable, extra-wide chair rated for over 300 lbs used for moving a person from a bed or a chair to another place such as a bed or a
E1220		Wheelchair: Other and Accessories	A custom-sized or custom-built wheelchair.
E1229		Wheelchair: Pediatric	Child-sized wheelchair.
E1230		Wheelchair: Pediatric	Three- or 4-wheeled powered vehicle such as a scooter or power chair for use in pedestrian areas.
E1231		Wheelchair: Pediatric	Tilting, child-sized wheelchair.
E1232		Wheelchair: Pediatric	Child-sized, adjustable, tilting wheelchair that can fold for storage. This model includes the seating system.
E1233		Wheelchair: Pediatric	Child-sized tilting wheelchair without a seat attachment.
E1239		Wheelchair: Pediatric	Powered, child-sized wheelchair.
E1240		Wheelchair: Lightweight	Lightweight wheelchair, detachable arms, (desk or full-length) swing-away detachable, elevating legrest
E1250		Wheelchair: Lightweight	Lightweight wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests.
E1260		Wheelchair: Lightweight	Lightweight wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model
E1270		Wheelchair: Lightweight	Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests
E1280		Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests
E1285		Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests.

E1290		Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model
E1295		Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest
E1399		Additional Oxygen Related Equipment	Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks
E2298		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type
E2301		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair.
E2310		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Connection of electronics required for installation of a single powered seating system, including mounting, selector switch and on-off
E2311		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems, including mounting, selector switch
E2312		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Interface for remote-control of a joystick by hand or chin, with mounting hardware, for a motorized wheelchair.
E2321		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Interface for hand-operated, remote-control joystick, including all related electronics, mechanical stop switch and mounting
E2322		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Interface for hand-operated switches, including all related electronics, mechanical stop switch and mounting hardware, for use
E2323		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Standard joystick for a hand-controlled interface for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2324		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Chin cup portion of chin control interface for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2325		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Mouth-controlled (sip and puff) interface, including all related electronics, mechanical stop switch and swing-away mounting
E2326		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Breath tube kit for a sip and puff (mouth-controlled) interface used with a motorized wheelchair.
E2327		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Head-controlled interface, including all related electronics, mechanical switch for changing direction and mounting hardware, for a
E2328		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Head- or hand-controlled electronic interface, with related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2329		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Head-controlled interface, with related electronics, mechanical stop and direction-change switches, head array and mounting

E2330		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Head-controlled interface, with related electronics, mechanical stop and direction-change switches, head array and mounting
E2331		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Attendant control with related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2340		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a width of 20 in. to 23 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2341		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a width of 24 in. to 27 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2342		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a depth of 20 in. or 21 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2343		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a depth of 22 in. to 25 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2351		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Electronic interface for a speech generating device that makes use of a motorized wheelchair's main control interface.
E2368		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement motor for a powered wheelchair.
E2369		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement gear box for a powered wheelchair.
E2370		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Combined replacement motor with gear box for a powered wheelchair.
E2371		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Group 27, sealed lead acid battery (gel cell, absorbed glassmat), for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2373		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Hand- or chin-controlled interface with a compact joystick or touchpad, including related electronics and mounting hardware, for
E2374		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement interface: hand- or chin-controlled, with standard joystick, including related electronics and mounting hardware, for
E2375		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement of non-expandable controller, including related electronics and mounting hardware; for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2376		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement expandable controller, including related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a powered wheelchair.
E2377		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Expandable controller upgrade with related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a powered wheelchair.
E2378		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement motor for power wheelchair.

E2397		Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Lithium battery for a powered wheelchair.
E2500		Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing up to eight minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2502		Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing from eight to 20 minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2504		Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing from 20 to 40 minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2506		Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing more than 40 minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2508		Speech Device	Text-to-speech synthesizer with a keyboard or other touch selector interface.
E2510		Speech Device	Speech synthesizer with multiple input methods and access devices.
E2511		Speech Device	Text-to-speech software for a computer or personal digital assistant (PDA).
E2512		Speech Device	Mounting system for a speech generator.
E2599		Speech Device	Speech generator accessory.
E2613		Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2614		Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2615		Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2616		Wheelchair: Cushion	Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2617		Wheelchair: Cushion	Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware.
E2620		Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2621		Wheelchair: Cushion	Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.

E2626		Wheelchair: Arm Support	A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2627		Wheelchair: Arm Support	A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2628		Wheelchair: Arm Support	A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2629		Wheelchair: Arm Support	A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2630		Wheelchair: Arm Support	A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E8000		Pediatric Gait Trainer	Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components.
E8001		Pediatric Gait Trainer	Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components.
E8002		Pediatric Gait Trainer	Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components.
G0235		Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue).
G0252		Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of
G0277		Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure.
G0289		Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving of articular cartilage (chondroplasty) at the
G0339		Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into the tissues. A single dose or a whole therapy can be delivered in one session.
G0340		Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into the tissues. A single dose or a whole therapy can be delivered in one session.
G0448		Counselling, Wellness, and Screening Services	Insertion or replacement of a permanent pacing cardioverter-defibrillator system with transvenous lead(s), single or dual chamber
G0455		Miscellaneous Services	Healthy stool bacteria from a donor is prepared and may be transplanted. This procedure treats a variety of conditions including irritable
G0458		Miscellaneous Services	A low dose of radiation is given to the prostate gland.

G0563		Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Stereotactic body radiation therapy, treatment delivery, per fraction to 1 or more lesions, including image guidance and real-time
G2082	Spravato	Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	Outpatient visit to doctor for treatment of depression using esketamine nasal spray, and followed by observation.
G2083	Spravato	Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient that requires the supervision of a
G9143		Warfarin Responsiveness Testing	A test using genetic markers in cells to find out whether Warfarin will be an effective medication.
J0013	Spravato	Nasal Spray	Esketamine, nasal spray, 1 mg
J0129	Orencia	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of abatacept. This drug is a manufactured protein typically given for
J0174	Leqembi	Injection	An injection of lecanemab. This drug is generally used to treat Alzheimer's disease.
J0175	Kisunla	Injection	Injection, donanemab-azbt, 2 mg
J0180	Fabrazyme	Injection	An infusion of agalsidase beta given over minutes/hours. This drug is most often used to treat an enzyme deficiency in Fabry disease.
J0185	Cinvanti	Injection	Injection, aprepitant, 1 mg
J0202	Lemtrada	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of alemtuzumab. This drug is typically used to treat leukemia or multiple sclerosis.
J0208	Pedmark	Injection	Injection, sodium thiosulfate, 100 mg (Pedmark)
J0217	Lamzedo	Injection	An infusion given over minutes or hours of velmanase alfa-tycv, used to help the body break down complex sugars in some rare
J0218	Xenpozyme	Injection	An infusion of olipudase alfa, given over minutes/hours, used to treat acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD).
J0219	Nexviazyme	Injection	An infusion of avalglucosidase given over minutes/hours, used to treat Pompe disease.
J0221	Lumizyme	Injection	An infusion of alglucosidase alfa given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat an enzyme deficiency in Pompe disease.
J0222	Onpattro	Injection	patisiran

J0223	Givlaari	Injection	givosiran
J0224	Oxlumo	Injection	An injection of lumasiran. This drug is used to treat primary hyperoxaluria type 1, which causes kidney stones and loss of kidney
J0225	Amvuttra	Injection	vutrisiran
J0256	Aralast,Prolastin,Zemaira	Injection	An infusion of alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to treat lung problems related to an
J0257	Glassia	Injection	An infusion of alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to treat lung problems related to an
J0490	Benlysta	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of belimumab. This drug typically is given for treatment of lupus.
J0491	Saphnelo	Injection	An infusion of anifrolumab-fnia given over minutes/hours, used to treat moderate to severe systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE).
J0517	Fasenra	Injection	An injection of benralizumab. This drug is typically used to treat asthma.
J0565	Zinplava	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bezlotoxumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
J0567	Brineura	Injection	An infusion of cerliponase alfa given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used as an enzyme replacement treatment for Batten
J0584	Crysvita	Injection	An injection of burosumab-twza. This drug is used to treat X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH), a disease where the body doesn't retain
J0593	Takhzyro	Injection	An injection of lanadelumab-flyo. This drug is generally used to prevent attacks of hereditary angioedema (HAE), which is caused by low
J0596	Ruconest	Injection	An injection of C1 esterase inhibitor. This drug typically is given for angioedema, a hereditary condition that causes the tissues to swell in a
J0597	Berinert	Injection	An infusion of C1 esterase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given for angioedema, a hereditary condition that
J0598	Cinryze	Injection	An infusion of C1 esterase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given for angioedema, a hereditary condition that
J0599	Haegarda	Injection	An injection of C1 esterase inhibitor (human), used to prevent hereditary angioedema (HAE) attacks.
J0606	Parsabiv	Injection	An injection of etelcalcetide, which is generally used to treat secondary hyperparathyroidism in patients with chronic kidney disease or who are

J0638	Ilaris	Injection	An injection of canakinumab. This drug is used to treat autoimmune inflammatory conditions.
J0738	Yeztugo	Injection	Injection, lenacapavir, 1 mg, fda approved prescription, only for use as hiv pre-exposure prophylaxis (not for use as treatment for hiv)
J0739	Apretude	Injection	An injection of cabotegravir, used to treat HIV infection.
J0752	Yeztugo	Drugs Other Than Chemotherapy	Oral, lenacapavir, 300 mg, fda approved prescription, only for use as hiv pre-exposure prophylaxis (not for use as treatment for hiv)
J0775	Xiaflex	Injection	An injection of collagenase clostridium histolyticum. This drug is typically used to treat deformative connective tissue disorders.
J0791	Adakveo	Injection	An infusion of crizanlizumab-tmca given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to prevent vaso-occlusive crisis in patients with
J0801		Injection	An injection of corticotropin. This is a man-made form of a hormone that naturally is produced by the pituitary gland. It is used to
J0801	Acthargel,corticotropingel	Injection	An injection of corticotropin. This is a man-made form of a hormone that naturally is produced by the pituitary gland. It is used to
J0802	Cortrophin	Injection	An injection of corticotropin. This is a man-made form of a hormone that naturally is produced by the pituitary gland. It is used to
J0870	RYTELO	Injection	Injection, imetelstat, 1 mg
J0879	Korsuva	Injection	An injection of difelikefalin. This drug is typically used to treat itchy skin related to patient on hemodialysis.
J0895	Desferal,deferoxaminemesylate	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of deferoxamine mesylate. This drug is generally used to treat an excess of iron in
J0896	Reblozyl	Injection	An injection of luspatercept-aamt, a drug used to treat anemia in patients with beta thalassemia.
J1072	Azmiro	Drugs Other Than Chemotherapy	Injection, testosterone cypionate (azmiro), 1 mg
J1073	Testopel	Injection	Testosterone pellet, implant, 75 mg
J1203	Pombility	Injection	Injection, cipaglucoasidase alfa-atga, 5 mg
J1290	Kalbitor	Injection	An injection of ecallantide. This drug is most often used to treat a condition called hereditary angioedema, where swelling occurs

J1299	Soliris	Injection	Injection, eculizumab, 2 mg
J1299	Soliris 2	Injection	Injection, eculizumab, 2 mg Change drug name to Soliris 2
J1301	Radicava	Injection	An infusion of edaravone given over minutes/hours. This drug is given to help treat amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS).
J1302	Enjaymo	Injection	An infusion of sutimlimab-jome given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat patients with a rare autoimmune disease.
J1303	Ultomiris	Injection	An infusion of ravulizumab given over minutes/hours. This antibody is designed to treat paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria
J1304	Qalsody	Qalsody	An injection of tofersen. This drug is typically used to treat Lou Gehrig's disease (ALS).
J1305	Evkeeza	Injection	An infusion of evinacumab-dgnb given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia.
J1306	Leqvio	Injection	An injection of inclisiran. This drug is generally used to treat cardiovascular disease.
J1307	PIASKY	Injection	Injection, crovalimab-akkz, 10 mg
J1322	Vimizim	Injection	An infusion of elosulfase alfa given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically given as an enzyme replacement therapy to treat people
J1323	Elrexio	Injection	Injection, elranatamab-bcmm, 1 mg
J1325	Flolan,Veletri,epoprostenol	Injection	An infusion of epoprostenol given over minutes/hours. This medication is most often used to lower the blood pressure in the arteries
J1326	VYLOY	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, zolbetuximab-clzb, 2 mg
J1411	Hemgenix	Injection	An infusion of etranacogene dezaparvovec-drlb (Hemgenix) given over minutes/hours. This is a gene therapy used to treat hemophilia B.
J1412	Roctavian		An infusion of valoctocogene roxaparvovec-rvox given over minutes or hours, used to treat hemophilia A.
J1413	Elevidys	Injection	An infusion of delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl given over minutes or hours. This gene therapy is used to treat children aged 4-5 who
J1414	Beqvez	Injection	Injection, fidanacogene elaparvovec-dzkt, per therapeutic dose

J1426	Amondys45	Injection	An infusion of casimersen given over minutes/hours. This drug is used for the treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
J1427	Viltepso	Injection	Infusion of viltolarsen given over minutes/hours. This drug is generally used to treat Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
J1428	Exondys51	Injection	Infusion of eteplirsen given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD).
J1429	Vyondys53	Injection	An infusion of golodirsen given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
J1437	MONOFERRIC	Injection	Injection, ferric derisomaltose, 10 mG
J1439	INJECTAFER	Injection	Injection, ferric carboxymaltose, 1 mG
J1440	Rebyota	Injection	Healthy stool bacteria from a donor is prepared and may be transplanted. This procedure treats a variety of conditions including irritable
J1442	Neupogen	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of filgrastim (G-CSF). This drug is given to increase the production of white blood
J1447	Granix	Injection	An injection of TBO-filgrastim (G-CSF). This drug is given to increase the production of white blood cells, improving immune function.
J1448	Cosela	Injection	An infusion of trilaciclib given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to preserve bone marrow and immune system function
J1449	Rolvedon	Injection	An injection of eflapegrastim-xnst (Rolvedon), given to decrease the chance of infection in patients receiving myelosuppressive anti-
J1459	Privigen	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1460	Gamastan	Injection	An injection of immune globulin. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1551	Cutaquig	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1552	alyglo	Injection	Injection, immune globulin , 500 mg
J1554	Asceniv	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1555	Cuvitru	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with

J1556	Bivigam	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1557	Gammaplex	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1557	Gammaplex	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1558	Xembify	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1559	Hizentra	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1560	Gamastan	Injection	An injection of immune globulin. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1561	Gammaked, Gamunex-C	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1562	Vivaglobin	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1566	Gammagard S/d	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1568	Octagam	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1569	Gammagard	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1572	Flebogamma Dif	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1575	Hyqvia	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1576	Panzyga	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with
J1602	SimponiAria	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of golimumab. This drug is typically given to treat auto-immune disorders including
J1628	Tremfya	Injection	Injection, guselkumab, 1 mg
J1743	Elaprase	Injection	An infusion of idursulfase give over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to improve walking and stair-climbing ability in

J1745	Infliximab, Remicade	Injection	An infusion of infliximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat autoimmune disorders including
J1747	Spevigo	Injection	An infusion of spesolimab-sbzo given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat generalized pustular psoriasis (GPP), a long-
J1749	Aurlymyn	Injection	Injection, iloprost, 0.1 mcg
J1786	Cerezyme	Injection	An infusion of imiglucerase given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat Gaucher's disease.
J1809	Nulibry	Injection	Injection, fosdenopterin, 0.1 mg
J1823	Uplizna	Injection	An infusion of inebilizumab-cdon given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat neuromyelitis optic spectrum disorder
J1931	Aldurazyme	Injection	An infusion of laronidase given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat a certain type of enzyme deficiency.
J1932		Injection	An injection of lanreotide. This drug is used in the treatment of acromegaly, an over-production of growth hormone.
J1950	leuprolide	Injection	An injection of leuprolide acetate. At this dose, this hormone drug is typically given to women for endometriosis.
J1952	Camcevi	Injection	Leuprolide injectable, camcevi, 1 mg (Camcevi)
J1954	Lutrate	Injection	An injection of leuprolide acetate. This drug is used to treat prostate cancer, endometriosis, fibroids and precocious puberty.
J2182	Nucala	Injection	An injection of mepolizumab. This drug is usually given for asthma.
J2267	Omvoh	Injection	Injection, mirikizumab-mrkz, 1 mg
J2323	Tysabri	Injection	An infusion of natalizumab given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat Crohn's disease or multiple sclerosis.
J2326	Spinraza	Injection	An injection of nusinersen. This drug is typically given to treat spinal muscular atrophy.
J2327	Skyrizi	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of risankizumab, used to treat plaque psoriasis, psoriatic arthritis and Crohn's
J2329	Briumvi	Injection	An infusion of ublituximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat multiple sclerosis.

J2350	Ocrevus	Injection	An infusion of ocrelizumab given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat multiple sclerosis.
J2351	Ocrevus Zunovo	Injection	Injection, ocrelizumab, 1 mg and hyaluronidase-ocsq
J2357	Xolair	Injection	An injection of omalizumab. This drug is used to treat asthma that does not respond to inhaled steroids.
J2506	Neulasta	Injection	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of
J2507	Krystexxa	Injection	An infusion of pegloticase given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat difficult cases of chronic gout.
J2508	ELFABRIO	Injection	An infusion of pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj, a drug that is typically used to treat Fabry disease.
J2779	Susvimo	Injection	Placement of an eye implant that releases ranibizumab. This drug is used to treat macular degeneration caused by excessive blood vessel
J2783	Elitek	Injection	An infusion of rasburicase given over minutes/hours, used to treat high blood levels of uric acid caused by tumor lysis in cancer.
J2786	Cinqair	Injection	An infusion of reslizumab given over minutes/hours, used to treat severe asthma.
J2793	Arcalyst	Injection	An injection of rilonacept. This drug is typically used in the treatment of inherited auto-inflammatory diseases.
J2802	Nplate	Injection	Injection, romiplostim, 1 microgram
J2820	Leukine	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of sargramostim (GM-CSF), used to stimulate the production of white blood cells
J2860	SYLVANT	Injection	Injection, siltuximab, 10 mg
J3032	Vyepti	Injection	An infusion of eptinezumab-jjmr given over minutes/hours, typically used to prevent migraine headaches.
J3055	Talvey	Injection	Injection, talquetamab-tgvs, 0.25 mg
J3111	Evenity	Injection	An injection of romosozumab. This drug is generally used to treat osteoporosis.
J3241	Tepezza	Injection	An infusion of teprotumumab-trbw given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat thyroid eye disease.

J3245	Ilumya	Injection	An injection of tildrakizumab. This drug is used to treat severe plaque psoriasis (scaly, itchy dry patches on skin).
J3247	Cosentyx	Injection	Injection, secukinumab, intravenous, 1 mg
J3262	Actemra	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders.
J3263	Loqtorzi	Injection	Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg
J3316	Triptodur	Injection	An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer.
J3358	Stelara	Injection	An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis.
J3380	Entyvio	Injection	An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease.
J3385	Vpriv	Injection	An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme
J3387	Skysona	Injection	Inj, elivaldogene autotemcel, per treatment
J3389	Zevaskyn	Injection	Topical administration, prademagene zamikeracel, per treatment
J3391	Lenmeldy	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, atidarsagene autotemcel, per treatment
J3392	Casgevvy	Injection	Injection, exagamglogene autotemcel, per treatment
J3393	Zynteglo	Injection	betibeglogene autotemcel
J3394	Lyfgenia	Injection	lovotibeglogene autotemcel
J3397	Mepsevii	Injection	An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjvk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sly syndrome.
J3398	Luxturna	Injection	An injection of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness.
J3399	Zolgensma	Injection	An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular

J3401	VYJUVEK		Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, which causes blistering
J3402	RYONCIL	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, remestemcel-l-rknd, per therapeutic dose
J3403	ENCELTO	Drugs and Biologicals	Revakinagene taroretcel-lwey, per implant
J3490	Casgevy	Unclassified drugs	exagamglogene autotemcel
J3490	Nulibry	Unclassified drugs	fosdenopterin
J3490	Omisirge	Unclassified drugs	Omidubicel
J3490	Prevydis	Unclassified drugs	letermovir (injectable)
J3590	Casgevy	Unclassified drugs	exagamglogene autotemcel
J3590	ELFABRIO	Injection Unclassified biologics	pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj
J3590	Lamzede	Injection Unclassified biologics	velmanase alfa-tycv
J3590	Lantidra	Injection Unclassified biologics	donislecel-jujn
J3590	Lenmeldy	Injection Unclassified biologics	atidarsagene autotemcel
J3590	Omisirge	Injection Unclassified biologics	omidubicel-olnv
J3590	Rethymic	Injection Unclassified biologics	allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc
J3590	Revcovi	Injection	Revcovi (elapegamase)
J3590	Rystiggo	Injection Unclassified biologics	rozanolixizumab-noli
J3590	Skysona	Injection Unclassified biologics	Elivaldogene autotemcel

J3590	Tecelra (afamitresgene autoleucel)	Injection Unclassified biologics	Tecelra (afamitresgene autoleucel)
J3590	Vyvgart Hytrulo	Injection Unclassified biologics	efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase-qvfc
J7168	Kcentra	Clotting Factors	Human blood plasma concentrate (Kcentra) given to stop acute bleeding.
J7169	Andexxa	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of coagulation factor Xa, used to reverse anticoagulation.
J7170	Hemlibra	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of coagulation factor Xa, used to reverse anticoagulation.
J7171	Adzynma	Clotting Factors	Injection, adamts13, recombinant-krhn, 10 iu
J7172	Hypavzi	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, marstacimab-hncq, 0.5 mg
J7173	ALHEMO	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, concizumab-mtci, 0.5 mg
J7174	Qfitlia	Injection	Injection, fitusiran, 0.04 mg
J7175	Coagadex	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor X given over minutes/hours, used as a blood clotting protein.
J7177	Fibryga	Clotting Factors	An infusion of fibrinogen given over minutes/hours, used as a blood protein for blood clotting.
J7178	Riastap	Clotting Factors	An infusion of fibrinogen given over minutes/hours, used as a blood protein for blood clotting.
J7179	Vonvendi	Clotting Factors	An infusion of von Willebrand factor (recombinant) given over minutes/hours used for treatment of hemophilia and other blood
J7180	Corifact	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor XIII Concentrate (human) given over minutes/hours used to promote blood clotting in patients lacking the protein
J7181	Tretten	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor XIII A-subunit (recombinant) given over minutes/hours used to promote clotting in patients lacking the
J7182	Novoeight	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7183	Wilate	Clotting Factors	An infusion of von Willebrand factor complex (human) given over minutes/hours used for hemophilia and other blood clotting problems.

J7185	Xyntha,XynthaSolofuse	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7186	Alphanate	Clotting Factors	An infusion of antihemophilic Factor VIII/von Willebrand factor complex given over minutes/hours, used for treatment of
J7187	Humate-p	Clotting Factors	An infusion of von Willebrand factor complex given over minutes/hours, used for treatment of hemophilia and other blood clotting
J7188	Obizur	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including
J7189	NovosevenRt	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIIa for blood clotting. Factor VIIa formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia .
J7190	HemofilM,Koate,Monoclate	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7192	Advate,Helixate,Kogenate,Recombinat	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7193	AlphanineSd,Mononine	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor IX for blood clotting. Factor IX formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7194	Profilnine	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor IX for blood clotting. Factor IX formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia .
J7195	Benefix,Ixinity	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including
J7197	Thrombatelii	Clotting Factors	An injection of antithrombin. This drug is typically given to treat blood clotting problems in patients lacking a normal protein.
J7198	Feiba,FeibaNf	Clotting Factors	An injection of anti-inhibitor complex. This drug typically is given to promote normal blood clotting.
J7199	Hemophiliaclotfactor,nototherwisecl	Clotting Factors	An injection of hemophilia clotting factor. This drug typically is given to promote normal blood clotting.
J7200	Rixubis	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including
J7201	Alprolix	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7202	Idelvion	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7203	Rebinyn	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.

J7204	Esperoct	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7205	Eloctate	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7207	Adynovate	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7208	Jivi	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7209	Nuwiq	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7210	Afstyla	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7211	Kovaltry	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7212	Sevenfact	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIIa for blood clotting. Factor VIIa formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia .
J7213	Ixinity	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of coagulation factor IX, which helps the blood to form clots to stop bleeding and is
J7214	Altuviiio	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7318	Durolane	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7320	Genvisc850	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7321	Hyalgan,SupartzFx,Visco-3	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7322	Hymovis	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7324	Orthovisc	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7326	Gel-one	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7327	Monovisc	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to

J7328	Gelsyn-3	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7329	Trivisc	Hyaluronan	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7330	MACI	Miscellaneous Drugs	Cartilage implant, generally done to repair defective cartilage in the knee.
J7331	Sodium Hyaluronate, Synojoynt	Miscellaneous Drugs	An injection of hyaluronan, generally given to treat severe arthritic pain.
J7331	SodiumHyaluronate,Synojoynt	Miscellaneous Drugs	An injection of hyaluronan, generally given to treat severe arthritic pain.
J7332	Trituron	Miscellaneous Drugs	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to
J7351	Durysta	Miscellaneous Drugs	An injection of bimatoprost. This medication is typically used to reduce pressure inside the eye.
J7352	Scenesse	Miscellaneous Drugs	Afamelanotide in a controlled-release implant. This drug is used to increase pain free light exposure in patients with a history of
J7354	Ycanth	Miscellaneous Drugs	Cantharidin for topical administration, 0.7%, single unit dose applicator (3.2 mg)
J7355	iDose TR	Miscellaneous Drugs	Injection, travoprost, intracameral implant, 1 microgram
J7356	VYALEV	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, foscarbidopa 0.25 mg/foslevodopa 5 mg
J7371	ALHEMO	Injection	Injection, concizumab-mtci, 0.5 mg
J7601	OHTUVAYRE	Drugs Other Than Chemotherapy	Ensifentrine, inhalation suspension, fda approved final product, non-compounded, administered through dme, unit dose form, 3
J7686	Tyvaso(Refill,Starter)	Inhalation Solutions	An inhaled dose of treprostinil. This drug typically is given to improve exercise ability in patients with high blood pressure in the blood
J8999	Lytgobi	Injection Unclassified biologics	futibatinib
J9003	Camcevi	Injection	Leuprolide injectable (camcevi etm), 1 mg
J9011	Datroway	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, datopotamab deruxtecan-dlnk, 1 mg

J9015	Proleukin	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, aldesleukin, per single use vial (Proleukin)
J9021	Rylaze	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of asparaginase, used for the treatment of leukemia.
J9022	Tecentriq	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of atezolizumab given over minutes/hours used to treat a variety of cancers.
J9023	Bavencio	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of avelumab given over minutes/hours used to treat variety of cancers.
J9024	Tecentriq Hybreza	Injection	Injection, atezolizumab, 5 mg and hyaluronidase-tqjs
J9025	Vidaza	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of azacitidine used to treat myelodysplastic syndrome.
J9026	Imdelltra	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, tarlatamab-dlle, 1 mg
J9028	Anktiva	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, nogapendekin alfa inbakicept-pmln, for intravesical use, 1 microgram
J9029	Adstiladrin	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of nadofaragene firadenovec-vncg. This is a gene therapy, used to treat bladder cancer.
J9032	Beleodaq	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, belinostat, 10 mg (Beleodaq)
J9033	Treanda	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, bendamustine hydrochloride, 1 mg (Treanda)
J9034	Beneka	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, bendamustine hcl (bendeka), 1 mg (Beneka)
J9035	Avastin	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
J9036	belrapzo/bendamustine	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, bendamustine hydrochloride, (belrapzo/bendamustine), 1 mg
J9038	Niktimvo	Injections	Injection, axatilimab-csfr, 0.1 mg
J9039	Blincyto	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab-bvcr. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
J9042	Adcetris	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of brentuximab given over minutes/hours, used to treat lymphoma.

J9047	Kyprolis	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, carfilzomib, 1 mg
J9055	Erbix	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, cetuximab, 10 mg (Erbix)
J9056	Vivimusta	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of bendamustine given over minutes/hours used to treat types of leukemia and lymphoma.
J9057	Aliqopa	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of copanlisib given over minutes/hours used to treat relapsed follicular lymphoma.
J9061	Rybrevant	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of amivantamab-vmjw. This drug is typically used to treat non-small cell lung cancer.
J9063	Elahere	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of mirvetuximab soravtansine-gynx given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat peritoneal and ovarian cancer or cancer
J9119	Libtayo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of cemiplimab given over minutes/hours used to treat various cancers including squamous cell skin cancer,
J9144	Darzalex Faspro	Chemotherapy Drugs	Daratumumab, hyaluronidase 10 mg
J9145	Darzalex	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, daratumumab, 10 mg (Darzalex)
J9153	Vyxeos	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of daunorubicin and cytarabine liposomal given over minutes/hours used to treat acute myeloid leukemia.
J9161	Lymphir	Injection	Injection, denileukin diftitox-cxdl, 1 mcg
J9173	Imfinzi	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of durvalumab given over minutes/hours used to certain types of cancer like NSCLC and SCLC.
J9176	Empliciti	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of elotuzumab given over minutes/hours used to treat multiple myeloma.
J9177	Padcev	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of enfortumab vedotin-efv given over minutes/hours used to treat advanced for metastatic urothelial cancer.
J9183		Miscellaneous	Gemcitabine intravesical system, 225 mg
J9184	Avgemsi	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, gemcitabine hydrochloride (Avgemsi - Avyxa)
J9198	Infugem	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of gemcitabine, given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat breast, ovarian, lung and pancreatic cancer.

J9203	Mylotarg	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of gemtuzumab ozogamicin given over minutes/hours, a chemotherapy drug used to treat leukemia.
J9204	Poteligeo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of mogamulizumab given over minutes/hours used to treat cancer in the blood.
J9205	Onivyde	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, irinotecan liposome, 1 mg (Onivyde)
J9207	IXEMPRA	Chemotherapy Drugs	Ixabepilone injection, 1 MG, injection (IXEMPRA)
J9216	Actimmune	Chemotherapy Drugs	Interferon gamma 1-B, 3 million units (Actimmune)
J9217	Eligard; Lupron Depot; Vabrinty	Chemotherapy Drugs	Leuprolide acetate (for depot suspension), 7.5 mg
J9223	Zepzelca	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of lurbinectedin given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat metastatic small cell metastatic lung cancer.
J9226	SupprelinLa	Chemotherapy Drugs	An implanted dose of histrelin, a drug used in the treatment of central precocious puberty.
J9227	Sarclisa	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of isatuximab-irfc given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat multiple myeloma.
J9228	Yervoy	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of ipilimumab given over minutes/hours used to treat certain types of cancers.
J9229	Besponsa	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of inotuzumab ozogamicin given over minutes/hours typically used to treat leukemia.
J9256	IMAAVY	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, nipocalimab-aahu, 3 mg
J9262	Synribo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of omacetaxine mepesuccinate. This drug is typically used to treat certain types of blood cancers.
J9264	Abraxane	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, paclitaxel protein-bound particles, 1 mg (Abraxane)
J9266	Oncaspar	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of pegaspargase, a chemotherapy drug used to treat leukemia.
J9269	Elzonris	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of tagraxofusp-erzs given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm.
J9271	Keytruda	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of pembrolizumab given over minutes/hours used to treat certain types of cancer.

J9272	Jemperli	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of dostarlimab-gxly. This drug is typically used to treat endometrial cancer.
J9272	Jemperli	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of dostarlimab-gxly. This drug is typically used to treat endometrial cancer.
J9273	Tivdak	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of tisotumab vedotin-tftv given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat cervical cancer.
J9274	Kimmtrak	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of tebentafusp-tebn given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat unresectable or metastatic eye melanomas.
J9275	UNLOXCYT	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, cosibelimab-ipdl, 2 mg
J9276	Ziihera	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, zanidatamab-hrii, 2 mg
J9277	Keytruda Qlex	Injection	Injection, pembrolizumab, 1 mg and berahyaluronidase alfa-pmph
J9278	Avyxa	Injection	Injection, carboplatin (avyxa), 1 mg
J9281	Jelmyto	Chemotherapy Drugs	Mitomycin pyelocalyceal, given by injection or drops. This drug is used to treat urothelial cancer.
J9282	Zusduri	Chemotherapy Drugs	Mitomycin, intravesical instillation, 1 mg
J9286	Columvi		An infusion of glofitamab, a drug that is typically used to treat lymphoma.
J9289	OPDIVO Qvantig	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, nivolumab, 2 mg and hyaluronidase-nvhy
J9295	Portrazza	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, necitumumab, 1 mg (Portrazza)
J9298	Opdualag	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of nivolumab and relatlimab, given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat cancer.
J9299	Opdivo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of nivolumab given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat cancer.
J9301	Gazyva	Chemotherapy Drugs	Obinutuzumab inj, 10 MG (Gazyva)
J9302	Arzerra	Chemotherapy Drugs	Ofatumumab injection, 10 MG (Arzerra)

J9303	Vectibix	Chemotherapy Drugs	Panitumumab injection, 10 mg (Vectibix)
J9304	Pemfexy	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of pemetrexed given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat certain types of lung cancer.
J9306	Perjeta	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of pertuzumab given over minutes/hours typically used to treat breast cancer.
J9307	Folotyn	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, pralatrexate, 1 mg (Folotyn)
J9308	Cyramza	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, ramucirumab, 5 MG (Cyramza)
J9309	Polivy	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of polatuzumab vedotin-piiq given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat lymphomas.
J9311	Rituxan Hycela	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of rituximab and hyaluronidase. These drugs are typically used to treat a variety of conditions.
J9312	Rituxan	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of rituximab given over minutes/hours, used to treat autoimmune disorders and cancer.
J9313	Lumoxiti	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, moxetumomab pasudotox-tdfk, 0.01 mg (Lumoxiti)
J9316	Phesgo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab and hyaluronidase-zzxf. This drug is typically used to treat breast cancer.
J9317	Trodelyv	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of sacituzumab govitecan-hziy given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat certain types of cancer.
J9318	Romidepsin	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of romidepsin given over minutes/hours typically used to treat T-cell lymphoma and similar cancers.
J9319	Istodax	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of romidepsin given over minutes/hours typically used to treat T-cell lymphoma and similar cancers.
J9321	Epkinly		An injection of epcoritamab, used to treat large B-cell lymphoma.
J9324	Pemrydi RTU	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, pemetrexed, 10 mg (Pemrydi RTU)
J9325	Imlygic	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of talimogene laherparepvec. This is a viral therapy used to treat skin cancer.
J9326	Emrelis	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, telisotuzumab vedotin-tllv, 1 mg

J9328	Temodar	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, temozolomide, 1 mg (Temodar)
J9329	Tevimbra	Injection	Injection, tislelizumab-jsgr, 1mg
J9332	Vyvgart	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of efgartigimod given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat generalized myasthenia gravis, a chronic
J9333	RYSTIGGO	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of rozanolixizumab-noli, a drug that is used to treat a nerve and muscle problem called generalized myasthenia gravis.
J9334	Vyvgart	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of efgartigimod used to treat generalized myasthenia gravis, a chronic autoimmune, neuromuscular disease.
J9345	Zynyz	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of Retifanlimab given over minutes or hours. This drug is used to treat Merkel cell carcinoma.
J9347	Imjudo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of tremelimumab. This drug typically is used to treat liver or lung cancer.
J9348	Danyelza	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of naxitamab-gqgk given over minutes/hours used to treat brain cancer.
J9349	Monjuvi	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of tafasitamab-cxix given over minutes/hours used in combination with lenalidomide to treat adults with relapsed or
J9350	Lunsumio	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of mosunetuzumab. This drug is generally used to treat lymphoma.
J9352	Yondelis	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, trabectedin, 0.1 mg (Yondelis)
J9353	Margenza	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of margetuximab-cmkb given over minutes/hours typically used to treat metastatic HER2-positive breast cancer.
J9354	Kadcyla	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of ado-trastuzumab emtansine given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat breast cancer.
J9355	Herceptin	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of trastuzumab given over minutes/hours used to treat certain cancers.
J9356	Herceptin Hylecta	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of trastuzumab, a chemotherapy drug used primarily in the treatment of certain types of cancer.
J9357	Valstar	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, valrubicin, intravesical, 200 mg (Valstar)
J9358	Enhertu	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki given over minutes/hours, used to treat certain types of cancer.

J9359	Zynlonta	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of loncastuximab tesirine-lpy given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat large B-cell lymphoma.
J9361	Ryzneuta	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, efbemalenograstim alfa-vuxw, 0.5 mg
J9376	Veopoz	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, pozelimab-bbfg, 1 mg
J9380	Tecvayli	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection of teclistamab-cqyv, typically used for relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma.
J9381	Tzield	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of teplizumab. This drug is used to delay the onset of symptomatic (stage 3) type 1
J9382	BIZENGRI	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, zenocutuzumab-zbco, 1 mg
J9400	Zaltrap	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of ziv-aflibercept given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat colorectal cancer.
J9601	Lynozytic	Injection	Injection, linvoseltamab-gcpt, 1 mg
J9999	Amtagvi	Not otherwise classified, antineoplastic drugs	lifileucel
J9999	Blenrep	Chemotherapy Drugs	Belantamab mafodotin (Blenrep)
J9999	Caelyx	Chemotherapy Drugs	doxorubicin hydrochloride liposome (Caelyx)
J9999	Dr. Reddys	Not otherwise classified, antineoplastic drugs	Bendamustine
J9999	Kyxata	Chemotherapy Drugs	carboplatin (Kyxata)
J9999	Penpulimab-kcq	Chemotherapy Drugs	penpulimab (Penpulimab-kcq)
J9999	Unituxin	Chemotherapy Drugs	dinutuximab (Unituxin)
K0003		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Lightweight wheelchair
K0004		Wheelchairs and Accessories	High strength, lightweight wheelchair

K0005		Wheelchairs and Accessories	An ultra-lightweight wheelchair.
K0006		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Heavy-duty wheelchair
K0007		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Extra heavy-duty wheelchair
K0008		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Deactivated code as of 2008
K0009		Wheelchairs and Accessories	A base for a non-powered wheelchair.
K0010		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Standard-weight frame for a motorized wheelchair.
K0011		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Standard-weight frame for a motorized wheelchair with programmable controls for speed, vibration, acceleration and braking.
K0012		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Lightweight motorized wheelchair that folds or collapses for portability.
K0013		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Deactivated code as of 2008
K0014		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Base for a motorized wheelchair.
K0108		Wheelchairs and Accessories	Wheelchair component or accessory.
K0606		Defibrillator and Accessories	Vest with a built-in heart pacing device that includes a heart event recorder.
K0800		Power Mobility Devices	Powered vehicle with a weight capacity up to and including 300 pounds.
K0801		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered vehicle with a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0802		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered vehicle with a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0806		Power Mobility Devices	Powered vehicle with a weight capacity up to and including 300 pounds.
K0807		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered vehicle with a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.

K0808		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered vehicle with a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0812		Power Mobility Devices	Powered vehicle.
K0813		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds and is
K0814		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds and is collapsible
K0815		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0816		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0820		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds and is
K0821		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds and is collapsible
K0822		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0823		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0824		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0825		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0826		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0827		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0828		Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0829		Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0830		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style adjustable seat. This model has a weight capacity up to 300 pounds.

K0831		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style adjustable seat. This model has a weight capacity up to 300 pounds.
K0835		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0836		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0837		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0838		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0839		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0840		Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0841		Power Mobility Devices	Standard, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0842		Power Mobility Devices	Standard, dual-power wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0843		Power Mobility Devices	Dual-power, heavy-duty wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0848		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0849		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0850		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0851		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0852		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0853		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0854		Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.

K0855		Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0856		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0857		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0858		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0859		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0860		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0861		Power Mobility Devices	Standard, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0862		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0863		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0864		Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 600 pounds.
K0868		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0869		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0870		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0871		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0877		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0878		Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0879		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.

K0880		Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0884		Power Mobility Devices	Standard, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0885		Power Mobility Devices	Standard, dual-power wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0886		Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0890		Power Mobility Devices	Child's powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 125 pounds.
K0891		Power Mobility Devices	Child's dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 125 pounds.
K0898		Power Mobility Devices	Power wheelchair.
K0899		Power Mobility Devices	Powered device for aiding mobility, such as a scooter.
L0720		Cervical Orthotics	Cervical-thoracic-lumbar-sacral-orthoses (ctlso), anterior-posterior-lateral control, prefabricated item that has been trimmed,
L1006		Orthotics and Devices	Scoliosis orthosis, sagittal-coronal control provided by a rigid lateral frame, extends from axilla to trochanter, includes all accessory
L1007		Orthotic Devices: Scoliosis Procedures	Scoliosis orthosis, sagittal-coronal control provided by a rigid lateral frame, extends from axilla, to trochanter, includes all accessory
L1320		Other Scoliosis Procedures	Thoracic, pectus carinatum orthosis, sternal compression, rigid circumferential frame with anterior and posterior rigid pads, custom
L1652		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Hip orthosis, bilateral thigh cuffs with adjustable abductor spreader bar, adult size, prefabricated, includes fitting and adjustment,
L1653		Orthotic Devices: Scoliosis Procedures	Hip orthosis, bilateral thigh cuffs with adjustable abductor spreader bar, adult size, prefabricated, off the shelf
L1821		Orthotics and Devices	Knee orthosis, elastic with condylar pads and joints, with or without patellar control, prefabricated, off the shelf
L1832		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A rigid brace worn to support the knee and restrict movement. This type has adjustable joints to control range of motion.
L1833		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A rigid brace worn to support the knee and restrict movement. This type has adjustable joints to control range of motion.

L1834		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support the knee and restrict movement.
L1840		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to stabilize the knee joint after injury. This brace controls both twisting and forward movement.
L1843		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable joints for
L1844		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable
L1845		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable joints for
L1846		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable
L1847		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A knee brace with inflatable chambers for support in addition to cushioning. This type also has an adjustable joint for bending or
L1848		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A knee brace with inflatable chambers for support in addition to cushioning. This type also has an adjustable joint for bending or
L1850		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Knee orthosis (KO), Swedish type, prefabricated, off-the-shelf
L1851		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable joints for
L1852		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable joints for
L1860		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A brace worn to stabilize and support the knee, fitted to work with a replacement hip socket. The brace and socket attach to an artificial
L1932		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A section of an ankle brace that lies along the front of the lower leg. The brace is made from rigid carbon fiber or a similar material.
L1933		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Ankle foot orthosis, rigid anterior tibial section, total carbon fiber or equal material, prefabricated, off-the-shelf
L2020		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The stirrup-type brace allows free movement of the ankle.
L2036		Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The fully immobilizing brace may have separate knee
L2221		Lower Limb	Addition to lower extremity orthosis, ankle system, microprocessor-controlled feature plantarflexion and/or dorsiflexion, includes

L3900		Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers.
L4631		Ancillary Orthotic Services	A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom,
L5000		Lower Limb	A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support.
L5301		Lower Limb	Artificial (prosthetic) lower leg; attached by a molded socket. The foot piece is rigid around the ankle and has padding at the heel. This
L5321		Lower Limb	An artificial (prosthetic) leg attached by a molded socket with a knee joint movable in one direction. The foot piece is rigid around the
L5657		Lower Limb	Addition to lower extremity prosthesis, manual/automated adjustable air, fluid, gel or equal socket insert for limb volume
L5683		Lower Limb	An initial, custom-made socket insert molded from gel or elasticized material.
L5783		Lower Limb	Addition to lower extremity, user adjustable, mechanical, residual limb volume management system
L5827		Lower Limb	Endoskeletal knee-shin system, single axis, electromechanical swing and stance phase control, with or without shock absorption and
L5828		Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis of a single axis knee joint with hydraulic swing and standing controls. This joint enables the knee to bend
L5841		Lower Limb	Addition, endoskeletal knee-shin system, polycentric, pneumatic swing, and stance phase control
L5845		Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis knee joint of a movement assist and range of motion limiter. This device stops excessive movement of the
L5848		Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis knee joint of a hydraulic system with dampening chamber. The chamber absorbs shock or pressure during
L5856		Lower Limb	Addition of a microprocessor with one or more electronic sensors, to a lower leg prosthesis. The device aids and limits movement of joints
L5857		Lower Limb	Addition of a microprocessor with one or more electronic sensors, to a lower leg prosthesis. The device aids and limits movement of joints
L5858		Lower Limb	Addition of a microprocessor with one or more electronic sensors, to a lower leg prosthesis. The device aids and limits movement of joints
L5859		Lower Limb	A powered and programmable hinge is added to a leg prosthesis.

L5940		Lower Limb	Addition to a below-knee prosthesis of a component made from ultra-light material such as titanium or carbon fiber.
L5961		Lower Limb	A polycentric hip joint attaches on the outside of the body. It uses air or pressurized gas to move and can incorporate controls for flexing
L5968		Lower Limb	An ankle joint for a lower leg prosthesis that automatically raises the foot to prepare for heel strike while walking. This joint is also
L5984		Lower Limb	A rotation unit for attachment to a lower leg, ankle or foot prosthesis. The unit may be adjustable.
L5986		Lower Limb	A rotation unit for attachment to a leg, ankle or foot prosthesis. This type can rotate in more than one direction.
L5987		Lower Limb	A foot prosthesis with a weight-bearing vertical component.
L5988		Lower Limb	Addition of a shock absorber to the leg portion of a leg, ankle or foot prosthesis.
L6026		Upper Limb	A battery-powered partial hand prosthesis. The unit has an inner socket with a removable lower arm.
L6028		Upper Limb	Partial hand including fingers, flexible or non-flexible interface, endoskeletal system, molded to patient model, for use without external
L6029		Upper Limb	Upper extremity addition, test socket/interface, partial hand including fingers
L6030		Upper Limb	Upper extremity addition, external frame, partial hand including fingers
L6031		Upper Limb	Replacement socket/interface, partial hand including fingers, molded to patient model, for use with or without external power
L6032		Upper Limb	Addition to upper extremity prosthesis, partial hand including fingers, ultralight material (titanium, carbon fiber or equal)
L6033		Upper Limb	Addition to upper extremity prosthesis, partial hand including fingers, acrylic material
L6034		Upper Limb	Partial hand, finger, and thumb prosthesis without prosthetic digit(s)/thumb, amputation at transmetacarpal level, including flexible or
L6035		Upper Limb	Single prosthetic digit, mechanical, can include metacarpophalangeal (mcp), proximal interphalangeal (pip), and/or distal
L6036		Upper Limb	Prosthetic thumb, mechanical, can include metacarpophalangeal (mcp), interphalangeal (ip) joint(s), with or without locking

L6038		Upper Limb	Addition to single prosthetic digit or thumb, mechanical, attachment, multiaxial and/or internal/external rotation/abduction/adduction
L6039		Upper Limb	Passive prosthetic digit or thumb prosthesis not including hand restoration partial hand, full or partial, custom made, any material, initial or
L6205		Upper Limb	A prosthesis for the lower arm and elbow that is attached by a molded, expandable socket. The joint has locking hinges.
L6696		Upper Limb	A custom-made socket insert made from gel or elasticized material, for a full or partial arm prosthesis. This type is designed for a complex
L6700		Upper Limb	Upper extremity addition, external powered feature, myoelectronic control module, additional emg inputs, pattern-recognition
L6715		Upper Limb	A motorized hand with bendable fingers for a prosthesis.
L6880		Upper Limb	An electric hand with movable fingers for a prosthesis. This type is switch-controlled and the fingers move independently of each other.
L6882		Upper Limb	A computerized controller added to a prosthetic hand or hook.
L6925		Upper Limb	An electric hand prosthesis attached at the wrist by a suspension socket and removable lower arm shell. The prosthesis uses
L6935		Upper Limb	An electric lower arm prosthesis attached below the elbow by a suspension socket and removable lower arm shell. The prosthesis
L6945		Upper Limb	An electric lower arm prosthesis attached at the elbow by a molded inner socket and removable upper arm shell with external
L6955		Upper Limb	An electric arm prosthesis with locking hinges, attached above the elbow by a molded inner socket and removable upper arm shell. The
L6965		Upper Limb	An arm prosthesis attached at the shoulder by a molded inner socket and removable shell. The elbow is mechanical and the terminal
L6975		Upper Limb	A full arm and shoulder joint prosthesis attached by a molded inner socket and removable shoulder shell. The elbow is
L7007		Upper Limb	An electric hand prosthesis for an adult.
L7008		Upper Limb	An electric hand prosthesis for a child.
L7009		Upper Limb	An electric hook prosthesis for an adult.

L7040		Upper Limb	Switch-controlled gripper for hand prosthesis.
L7045		Upper Limb	An electric hook prosthesis for a child.
L7170		Upper Limb	Switch-controlled electronic prosthetic elbow.
L7180		Upper Limb	Electronic elbow prosthesis with sequential computerized control of elbow and terminal device.
L7185		Upper Limb	Switch-controlled electronic elbow prosthesis for a teen.
L7190		Upper Limb	Electronic elbow for a teen. The prosthesis uses myoelectric power (electricity from muscle movements).
L7191		Upper Limb	Electronic elbow for a child. The prosthesis uses myoelectric power (electricity from muscle movements).
L7259		Upper Limb	Electronic rotator for a wrist prosthesis.
L7406		Upper Limb	Addition to upper extremity, user adjustable, mechanical, residual limb volume management system
L7700		General	A rubber seal that secures tightly against the interior walls of the prosthetic socket. To be used with a socket insert (liner).
L8615		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement headset used with an implanted cochlear hearing aid.
L8616		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement microphone used with an implanted cochlear hearing aid.
L8617		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement transmitting coil used with an implanted cochlear hearing aid.
L8619		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement external speech processor used with an implanted cochlear hearing aid.
L8679		Prosthetic Implants	An implanted pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids movement or controls pain.
L8681		Prosthetic Implants	A programmer that is used to set electrical signals sent out by an implanted pulse generator. This device is part of a system used
L8682		Prosthetic Implants	An implanted receiver for radio signals sent by a nerve stimulator. This device is part of a system used to aid movement or control pain.

L8683		Prosthetic Implants	A transmitter for sending radio signals to an implanted receiver. This device is part of a system that stimulates nerves to aid movement
L8685		Prosthetic Implants	An implanted, rechargeable pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids movement or controls pain.
L8687		Prosthetic Implants	An implanted, rechargeable pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids movement or controls pain.
L8688		Prosthetic Implants	An implanted pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids movement or controls pain.
L8701		Prosthetic Implants	Custom-made robotic arm. The device senses the patient's own EMG signals through sensors on the arm, allowing the individual to control
L8702		Prosthetic Implants	Custom-made robotic arm. The device senses the patient's own EMG signals through sensors on the arm, allowing the individual to control
Q2041	Yescarta	Solutions and Drugs	An infusion of axicabtagene ciloleucel. This drug is given through an IV and is used to treat patients with relapsed or refractory large B-cell
Q2042	Kymriah	Solutions and Drugs	tisagenlecleucel
Q2043	Provenge	Solutions and Drugs	An infusion of sipuleucel-T. This drug is an immune therapy for treating prostate cancer that is mixed with a person's own blood cells. It
Q2049	LipoDox	Solutions and Drugs	Imported doxorubicin hcl (lipodox) inj, 10 MG
Q2050	Doxil	Solutions and Drugs	Doxorubicin injection 10mg
Q2053	Tecartus	Solutions and Drugs	Brexucabtagene autoleucel/CAR T-cell typically given IV for the treatment for mantle cell lymphoma (MCL).
Q2054	Breyanzi	Solutions and Drugs	lisocabtagene maraleucel
Q2055	Abecma	Solutions and Drugs	idecabtagene vicleucel
Q2056	Carvykti	Solutions and Drugs	ciltacabtagene autoleucel
Q2057	Tecelra	Solutions and Drugs	Afamitresgene autoleucel, including leukapheresis and dose preparation procedures, per therapeutic dose
Q2058		Category III: Cellular and Gene Therapy	Obecabtagene autoleucel, up to 400 million cd19 car-positive viable t cells, including leukapheresis and dose preparation

Q4074	Ventavis	Drugs	A dose of iloprost inhalation. This drug is used in the treatment of high blood pressure affecting the lung artery (pulmonary arterial
Q4101		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of Apligraf brand substitute skin. The product is used to cover and protect a wound and promote healing.
Q4102		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of Oasis brand substitute skin, used to cover and protect a wound and promote healing.
Q4105		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of Integra brand substitute skin, used to promote healing.
Q4114		Skin substitutes	An injection of Integra brand wound matrix. This is a liquid skin grafting material used to protect and aid wound healing.
Q4116		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of AlloDerm skin substitute. This is used to cover and protect a wound and
Q4121		Skin substitutes	Each 2.2 inches of TheraSkin, a two-layer skin graft material.
Q4122		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of Dermacell human tissue replacement. This product typically is used to aid wound healing, for burns and for
Q4128		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 inches) of a biologic wound repair material. The product is designed to aid healing while
Q4132		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of Grafix. This is a type of substitute skin used to cover and protect a wound and promote healing.
Q4133		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of Grafix. This is a type of substitute skin used to cover and protect a wound and promote healing.
Q4151		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Amnioband or guardian skin substitute. It is used to cover and protect a
Q4154		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Biovance skin substitute. It is used to cover and protect a wound and promote
Q4159		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Affinity skin substitute. It is used to cover and protect a wound and promote
Q4160		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Nushield skin substitute. It is used to cover and protect a wound and promote
Q4186		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The material is typically used to seal spinal catheters in place and to help with
Q4187		Skin substitutes	Each square centimeter of Epicord, a biologic tissue implant. The material is typically used to seal spinal catheters in place and to help with

Q5098	IMULDOSA	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, ustekinumab-srlf (imuldosa), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5099	STEQEYMA	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, ustekinumab-stba (steqeyma), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5100	YESINTEK	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, ustekinumab-kfce (yesintek), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5101	Zarxio	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of filgrastim-sndz (G-CSF), given to increase the production of white blood cells,
Q5103	Inflectra	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of infliximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat autoimmune disorders including
Q5104	Renflexis	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of infliximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat autoimmune disorders including
Q5107	Mvasi	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
Q5108	Fulphila	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of
Q5110	Nivestym	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of filgrastim-aafi. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
Q5111	Udenyca	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of
Q5112	Ontruzant	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of trastuzumab-dttb given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used primarily in the treatment of certain types of
Q5113	Herzuma	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of trastuzumab-pkrb given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used primarily in the treatment of certain types of
Q5114	Ogivri	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of trastuzumab-dkst given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used primarily in the treatment of certain types of
Q5115	Truxima	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of rituximab-abbs given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used to treat rheumatoid arthritis and certain types of
Q5116	Trazimera	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of trastuzumab-qyyp given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used primarily in the treatment of certain types of
Q5117	Kanjinti	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of trastuzumab-anns given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used primarily in the treatment of certain types of
Q5118	Zirabev	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.

Q5119	Ruxience	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of rituximab, a drug used to treat certain types of cancers, rheumatoid arthritis, certain granulomatosis and pemphigus
Q5120	Ziextenzo	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of
Q5121	Avsola	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of infliximab . This drug is typically used to treat autoimmune disorders including
Q5122	Nyvepria	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of
Q5123	Riabni	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion of rituximab-arrx given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used to treat rheumatoid arthritis and certain types of
Q5125	Releuko	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of filgrastim-ayow. This drug is given to increase the production of white blood cells,
Q5126	Alymsys	Skin substitutes	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
Q5127	stimufend	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of
Q5129	vegzelma	Biosimilar Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
Q5130	fylnetra	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of
Q5133	Tofidence	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, tocilizumab-bavi (tofidence), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5134	Tyruko	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, natalizumab-sztn (tyruko), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5135	Tyenne	Injection	Injection, tocilizumab-aazg, biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5138	Wezlana	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, ustekinumab-auub (wezlana), biosimilar, intravenous, 1 mg
Q5146	Hercessi™	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, trastuzumab-strf (Hercessi™), biosimilar, 10 mg [Level II code]
Q5148	Nypozi	Injection	Injection, filgrastim-txid (Nypozi), biosimilar, 1 microgram
Q5151	Epysqli	Injection	Injection, eculizumab-aagh (epysqli), biosimilar, 2 mg

Q5152	Bkemv	Injection	Injection, eculizumab-aeeb (bkemv), biosimilar, 2 mg )
Q5154	OMLYCLO	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, omalizumab-igec (omlyclo), biosimilar, 5 mg
Q5156	Avtozma®	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, tocilizumab-anoh (avtozma), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5160	Jobevne	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, bevacizumab-nwgd (jobevne), biosimilar, 10 mg
Q9997	(PYZCHIVA® IV)	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, ustekinumab-ttwe (PYZCHIVA® IV), intravenous, 1 mg [Level II code]
Q9998	Selarsdi	Injection	Injection, ustekinumab-aekn (selarsdi), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q9999	Otulfi	Injectionn	Injection, ustekinumab-aauz (otulfi), biosimilar, 1 mg
S0515		Vision Supplies	A single scleral lens is a type of large contact lens that has a fluid-filled center. The fluid provides relief of eye discomfort due to dryness
S1040		Provider Services and Supplies	A custom-made helmet, usually worn by a child, that is designed to move the skull bones into their correct positions.
S2053		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to replace tissue in the small intestine and liver with an intestinal transplant and a liver graft.
S2054		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to replace more than one organ in the body with donated organs from another person.
S2055		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgical removal and preparation of more than one organ from a donor.
S2060		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove damaged lung tissue and replace it with tissue transplanted from a donor.
S2061		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove part of a lung from a donor, for transplantation to another person.
S2065		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove a damaged pancreas and kidney. Replacement organs are transplanted into place during the same procedure.
S2102		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to transplant islet cells (pancreas tissue) from a donor.
S2112		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove knee cartilage from a donor. The tissue will be transplanted in another procedure.

S2118		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to treat a hip joint that is gradually wearing away. A metal is attached to the surface of the hip bones. This procedure is an
S2205		Provider Services and Supplies	MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR MINI-STERNOTOMY
S2206		Provider Services and Supplies	MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR MINI-STERNOTOMY
S2207		Provider Services and Supplies	MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR MINI-STERNOTOMY
S2208		Provider Services and Supplies	MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR MINI-STERNOTOMY
S2209		Provider Services and Supplies	MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR MINI-STERNOTOMY
S2235		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing
S2350		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord.
S2351		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord.
S3800		Genetic Testing	Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als)
S3840		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes
S3841		Genetic Testing	Genetic testing for retinoblastoma
S3842		Genetic Testing	Genetic testing for Von Hippel-Lindau disease
S3844		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate hereditary deafness. This test usually is done to identify the reason
S3845		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the type of alpha-thalassemia a person carries. Alpha-
S3846		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the type of beta-thalassemia a person carries. Beta-
S3849		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate a person is a carrier of Niemann-Pick disease. Certain populations are

S3850		Genetic Testing	Genetic testing for sickle cell anemia
S3852		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for one known variant that may indicate if a person is likely to experience Alzheimer's
S3853		Genetic Testing	Genetic testing for myotonic muscular dystrophy
S3854		Genetic Testing	This lab analysis reviews how specific gene information is used, in order to best manage treatment of breast cancer.
S3861		Genetic Testing	A type of EKG (electrocardiogram) that looks specifically for a rhythm that occurs with Brugada syndrome. This is an inherited
S3865		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. This is a very common
S3866		Genetic Testing	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. This is a very common
S3870		Genetic Testing	This DNA analysis uses a technique that can identify missing and extra segments within individual chromosomes. The analysis may
S4030		Obstetric and Fertility Services	An initial office visit for collecting sperm and ultimately storing it for future use.
S4031		Obstetric and Fertility Services	An additional office visit for collecting sperm and ultimately storing it for future use.
S8035		Imaging	MEG, also known as magnetic source imaging, stands for magnetoencephalography. This imaging procedure takes pictures of the
S8037		Imaging	An MRI scan of the bile ducts that includes everything around the liver to the common bile duct from the pancreas. This type of scan is
S8042		Imaging	A low-field MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a magnetic field much less intense than a regular MRI to produce the same kind of
S8092		Imaging	An ultrafast CT (computed tomography) scan takes x-ray pictures very fast, so that many pictures can be put together to show the action
S9123		Miscellaneous Supplies and Services	Services of a registered nurse (RN) provided in the home on an hourly basis.
S9124		Miscellaneous Supplies and Services	Services of a licensed practical nurse (LPN) provided in the home on an hourly basis.
T1000		Not Valid for Medicare	Care provided by a licensed nurse whose services are available through private contract.

T1001		Not Valid for Medicare	An assessment or evaluation of nursing services.
T1002		Not Valid for Medicare	Registered nurse services, recorded in 15 minute increments.
T1003		Not Valid for Medicare	Licensed practical nurse services, recorded in 15 minute increments.
T1030		Not Valid for Medicare	Daily care provided in the home by a registered nurse.
T1031		Not Valid for Medicare	Daily nursing care provided in the home by a licensed practical nurse (LPN).
V2531		Contact Lenses	Scleral contact lens is worn directly on the sclera (white of eye). This lens is used for an individual who has a problem wearing a
V2627		Prosthetic Eye	Shell made out of glass or plastic and placed over the sclera (white of eye). It is designed to be worn for a short period of time for cosmetic
V2628		Prosthetic Eye	Creation and fitting of an eye device used to prevent scarring.