ACA Procedure and Service Codes

CODE DRUG TRADE NAME	CATEGORY	CONSTIMED DESCRIPTION
CODE DRUG TRADE NAME	CATEGURY	CONSUMER DESCRIPTION Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0001U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
0005U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic test using a urine sample to test for the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
0016U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in the blood or lymph for genetic abnormalities.
		Anesthesia services for a procedure on the inside of the mouth. Procedures can include removing a sample
00170	Anesthesia: Head	of tissue for testing (biopsy), tumor removal and saliva gland surgery.
0017U 00190	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses Anesthesia: Head	A test that examines cancer tissue in the blood or lymph for genetic abnormalities. Anesthesia services for surgery involving the bones of the face or skull.
00190	Allestitesia. Head	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing
0022U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	lung cancer.
		Test to determine whether midostaurin, a protein kinase inhibitor, would be affective in the treatment of
0023U 0026U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	acute myelogenous leukemia. This lab test examines thyroid tissue for genetic abnormalities related to thyroid cancer.
00200	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells.
0027U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
	, , , , , ,	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
0030U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects.
		A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
0034U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects.
0037U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Tissue from a tumor biopsy is tested in order to identify mutations. This gives insight into the tumor's behavior and level of risk, and guides possible treatments.
0040U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate chronic myelogenous leukemia.
		Test to assess blood flow in brain using a CT scan with contrast dye. A CT scanner circles the body taking x-
0042T	Category III	rays and assembles them into a 3-D image.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene
0046U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
0047U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic test using a tissue sample to test for the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
0048U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A test that examines cancer tissue in solid organs for genetic abnormalities.
0049U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
00400	Tuthology and Edboratory. Proprietary Edboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0084U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
0087U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines heart tissue that may be used for a heart transplant for genetic abnormalities.
0089U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines tissue in the skin for genetic abnormalities related to skin cancer (melanoma).
00938	Anesthesia: Perineum	Anesthesia services for surgery to insert a penile prosthesis.
00007	Octobrolli	Replace artificial spinal disc in the cervical (neck) spine, placed during a previous disc replacement
0098T	Category III	surgery. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing
0101U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	colon cancer.
	1 100	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer and related disorders. Types of analysis
0102U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing
0103U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	ovarian cancer.
0111U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Screening for colon cancer using a test that looks for genetic abnormalities which increase colon cancer risk.
01110	Tuthology and Edboratory. Proprietary Edboratory Analyses	Hora
0118U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis of donor blood sample used to help determine the most appropriate donor-recipient match.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer and related disorders. Types of analysis
0129U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
0155U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for breast cancer.
010011	Dathalaguand Labaratany Dransistany Labaratany Analyses	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
0169U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variations that are useful in classifying acute myeloid
0171U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	leukemia and choosing the best treatment.
	, , , , , ,	A test that examines tissue from a solid tumor to determine the best chemotherapy and/or targeted gene
0172U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	therapy to treat the cancer.
0177U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for breast cancer.
017011	Dethology and Laboratory Provident Laboratory A	Genetic testing to assess for the presence of gene mutations that help to design the best treatment plan for
0179U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	non-small cell lung cancer. Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0180U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
	of the state of th	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0181U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
		Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0182U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
019211	Pathology and Laboratory Propriet	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
0183U 0184T	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses Category III	by the immune system. Surgery to remove a tumor (abnormal growth) from the rectum.
02071	outogory in	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0184U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
		Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0185U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
		Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0186U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
0187U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
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0188U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
		Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0189U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
		Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells
0190U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	by the immune system.
019111	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Lab test to identify protein markers (antigens) on red blood cells that can result in destruction of those cells by the immune system.
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A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ata progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated with poor coordin	
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0232U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Unverricht-Lundborg dis	sease, a form of epilepsy.
Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a diseas	se that causes progressive
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A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Rett syndrome, a develop 234U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses system. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or b	oreakpoints.
0235U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Type variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	
A Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Ty Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	
0237U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses sudden cardiac arrest. A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include ger	
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0250U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses A test that examines cancer tissue in solid organs for genetic abnormalities. This blood test determines the likelihood of a baby being born with Down sy	
0252U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses defect such as spina bifida. This test can identify atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS), a conditi	tion that affects the blood and
0268U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses blood vessels. This test looks for a decrease in platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can	ause injured blood vessels to
0269U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. This test looks for genetic platelet disorders, which include either an abnorr	mal increase or abnormal
0270U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses decrease in platelets.	
0271U Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses This test can identify abnormally low counts of white blood cell (neutrophils	
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This test looks for genetic platelet disorders, which include either an abnorr decrease in platelets. Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses This test looks for a decrease in platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. This test looks for genetic platelet disorders, which include either an abnorr decrease in platelets. This test looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. This test looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. This test looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. This test looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly. Laboles looks for genetic platelets (thrombocytopenia) which can can bleed more than usual and heal more slowly.	esult in destruction of those cells

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0342T	Category III	An amount of blood is removed from the body. It is filtered to remove a particular component such as white or red cells, platelets, plasma or lipids. The filtered blood is then returned to the body.
0345T	Category III	Surgery to repair a heart valve via a thin tube (catheter).
0359U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic test using a blood sample to test for the likelihood of developing prostate cancer.
00007	Onto do a III. A do ativo Pola di a Antono and Tonota and	Follow-up visit with a health care professional who exposes the patient to what they fear, in a safe
0362T 0364U	Category III: Adaptive Behavior Assessments and Treatment Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	environment, in order to overcome anxiety. A test that examines cancer tissue in the blood or lymph for genetic abnormalities.
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Tissue from a tumor biopsy is tested in order to identify mutations. This gives insight into the tumor's
0379U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	behavior and level of risk, and guides possible treatments.
0388U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Genetic testing to assess for the presence of gene mutations that help to design the best treatment plan for non-small cell lung cancer.
00000	Tathotogy and Euboratory. Froprictary Euboratory Analyses	A test that examines tissue from a solid tumor to determine the best chemotherapy and/or targeted gene
0391U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	therapy to treat the cancer.
00007	O-to-star III	This procedure removes abnormal tissue in the brain using focused ultrasound and magnetic resonance
0398T 0400U	Category III Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	imaging (MRI). Lab test to determine the risk of passing a recessive genetic disorder on to the baby.
0405U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines genetic material to determine the likelihood of developing pancreatic cancer.
		A test that examines tissue from a solid tumor to determine the best chemotherapy and/or targeted gene
0409U 0414U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	therapy to treat the cancer. A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for lung cancer.
0428U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	This lab test examines a blood sample for DNA that comes from cancerous cells and tumors.
		Cardiology (coronary heart disease [CHD]), DNA, analysis of 5 single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) and
0.40011	Descriptoral absorbers Applyage (DLA)	3 DNA methylation markers, qPCR and digital PCR, whole blood, algorithm reported as a 4-tiered risk score
0439U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	for a 3-year risk of symptomatic CHD Cardiology (coronary heart disease [CHD]), DNA, analysis of 10 single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs)
		and 6 DNA methylation markers, qPCR and digital PCR, whole blood, algorithm reported as detected or not
0440U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	detected for CHD
		Oncology (solid organ neoplasia), targeted genomic sequence panel of 361 genes, interrogation for gene fusions, translocations, or other rearrangements, using DNA from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (DDPE)
0444U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	tumor tissue, report of clinically significant
0448U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	ONC LNG&CLN CA DNA QUAL NGS
044011	Drawintan (Laboraton Analyses (DLA)	Carrier screening for severe inherited conditions regardless of race or self-identified ancestry, genomic
0449U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	sequence analysis of 5 genes Oncology, whole blood or buccal, DNA single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) genotyping by real-time PCR
0460U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	of 24 genes, with variant analysis and reported phenotypes
		Oncology, pharmacogenomic analysis of single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) genotyping by real-time
0461U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	PCR of 24 genes, whole blood or buccal swab, with variant analysis, including impacted gene-drug interactions and reported phenotypes
0.1010	Trophotally Education Thinking Co. (1. 2.1)	Oncology (urothelial carcinoma), DNA, quantitative methylationspecific PCR of 2 genes (ONECUT2, VIM),
0465U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	algorithmic analysis reported as positive or negative
		Oncology (bladder), DNA, nextgeneration sequencing (NGS) of 60 genes and whole genome aneuploidy, urine, algorithms reported as minimal residual disease (MRD) status positive or negative and quantitative
0467U	Classification: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	disease burden
		Rare diseases, whole genome sequence analysis for chromosomal abnormalities, copy number variants,
0469U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	duplications/deletions, inversions, unbalanced translocations, regions of homozygosity (ROH), inheritance pattern that indicate uniparental disomy and aneup
04090	Proprietary Laboratory Ariatyses (PLA)	Oncology (oropharyngeal), detection of minimal residual disease by next-generation sequencing (NGS)
0470U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	based quantitative evaluation of 8 DNA targets, cell-free HPV 16 and 18 DNA from plasma
0471U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	Oncology (colorectal cancer), qualitative real-time PCR of 35 variants of KRAS and NRAS genes (exons 2, 3, 4), formalinfixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE), predictive, identification of detected mutations
04710	Trophietary Laboratory Anatyses (TEA)	Oncology (solid tumor), nextgeneration sequencing of DNA from formalin-fixed paraffinembedded tissue
		with comparative sequence analysis from a matched normal specimen (blood or saliva), 648 genes,
0473U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	interrogation for sequence variants, insertion & deletion
		Hereditary pan-cancer (eg, hereditary sarcomas, hereditary endocrine tumors, hereditary neuroendocrine tumors, hereditary cutaneous melanoma), genomic sequence analysis panel of 88 genes with 20
0474U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	duplications/deletions using nextgeneration sequencing
		Hereditary prostate cancerrelated disorders, genomic sequence analysis panel using next-generation
0475U	Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA)	sequencing (NGS), Sanger sequencing, multiplex ligation-dependent probe amplification, and array comparative genomic hybridization, evaluation of 23 genes
	,,,,,	Oncology (non-small cell lung cancer), DNA and RNA, digital PCR analysis of 9 genes (EGFR, KRAS, BRAF,
		ALK, ROS1, RET, NTRK 1/2/3, ERBB2, and MET) in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue,
0478U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	interrogation for single-nucleotide variants, insertions/ IDH1 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 [NADP+]), IDH2 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 [NADP+]), and TERT
		(telomerase reverse transcriptase) promoter (eg, central nervous system [CNS] tumors), next-generation
0481U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	sequencing (single-nucleotide variants [SNV], deletions,
0483T	Category III	Surgery to implant and/or replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The valve is carried on a thin tube (catheter) that is introduced through an incision in the chest.
=.		Surgery to implant and/or replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The valve is carried on a thin tube
0484T	Category III	(catheter) that is introduced through an incision in the chest.
		Oncology (solid tumor), cell-free circulating DNA, targeted genomic sequence analysis panel of 84 genes, interrogation for sequence variants, aneuploidy corrected gene copy number amplifications and losses,
0487U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	gene rearrangements, and microsatellite instabil
0.4001		Transplantation medicine, quantification of donor-derived cell-free DNA (cfDNA) using nextgeneration
0493U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	sequencing, plasma, reported as percentage of donorderived cell-free DNA Red blood cell antigen (fetal RhD gene analysis), next-generation sequencing of circulating cell-free DNA
0494U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	(cfDNA) of blood in pregnant individuals known to be RhD negative, reported as positive or negative
0501U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	Oncology (colorectal), blood, quantitative measurement of cellfree DNA (cfDNA)
		Transplantation medicine, quantification of donor-derived cell-free DNA using 40 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), plasma, and urine, initial evaluation reported as percentage of donor-derived cell
0508U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	free DNA with risk for active rejection
		Transplantation medicine, quantification of donor-derived cell-free DNA using up to 12 single-nucleotide
0509U	Pathology and Laboratory Proprietory Laboratory Apoly	polymorphisms (SNPs) previously identified, plasma, reported as percentage of donor-derived cell-free
03030	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	DNA with risk for active rejection Oncology (prostate), augmentative algorithmic analysis of digitized whole-slide imaging of histologic
		features for microsatellite instability (MSI) status, formalin-fixed paraffinembedded (FFPE) tissue, reported
0512U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	as increased or decreased probability of MS

		Oncology (prostate), augmentative algorithmic analysis of digitized whole-slide imaging of histologic
		features for microsatellite instability (MSI) and homologous recombination deficiency (HRD) status,
0513U	Pathology and Laboratory: Proprietary Laboratory Analyses	formalinfixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue, report
05077		Immune cell therapy, done to treat various cancers. Blood is drawn and the T cells are separated out. The T
0537T	Category III: Cellular and Gene Therapy	cells are then genetically engineered to produce receptors called chimeric antigen receptors (CARs).
		Instrumental of the control of the c
огоот	Onto do no Illo On Illo Ingrando Onno Thomas	Immune cell therapy, done to treat various cancers. Blood is drawn and the T cells are separated out. The T
0538T	Category III: Cellular and Gene Therapy	cells are then genetically engineered to produce receptors called chimeric antigen receptors (CARs).
		In the second of
05007		Immune cell therapy, done to treat various cancers. Blood is drawn and the T cells are separated out. The T
0539T	 Category III: Cellular and Gene Therapy	cells are then genetically engineered to produce receptors called chimeric antigen receptors (CARs).
l		Immune cell therapy, done to treat various cancers. Blood is drawn and the T cells are separated out. The T
0540T	Category III: Cellular and Gene Therapy	cells are then genetically engineered to produce receptors called chimeric antigen receptors (CARs).
0569T	Category III: Tricuspid Valve Repair	Surgery to reconstruct a heart valve.
0570T	 Category III: Tricuspid Valve Repair	Surgery to reconstruct a heart valve.
05747	Category III: Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillator with Substernal	Insertion of a defibrillator (device to restore normal heart rhythm) with all necessary wires. Includes imaging
0571T	Electrode	during the procedure.
	Category III: Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillator with Substernal	
0572T	Electrode	Surgery to insert a wire (electrode) for a heart rhythm device (defibrillator) under the skin.
0573T	Category III	Removal of substernal implantable defibrillator electrode
0574T	Category III	Repositioning of previously implanted substernal implantable defibrillator-pacing electrode
0580T	Category III	Removal of substernal implantable defibrillator pulse generator only
		Transplant cells from an organ donor (islet cell transplantation) to restore normal insulin secretion as a
0584T	Category III	treatment for type 1 diabetes.
		Transplant cells from an organ donor (islet cell transplantation) to restore normal insulin secretion as a
0585T	Category III	treatment for type 1 diabetes.
		Transplant cells from an organ donor (islet cell transplantation) to restore normal insulin secretion as a
0586T	Category III	treatment for type 1 diabetes.
		Surgery to revise or remove a device that provides electrical stimulation to the nerves responsible for
0588T	Category III	bladder and pelvic floor function. This procedure is done to treat an overactive bladder.
0609T	Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
0610T	Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
0611T	Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
0612T	Category III	A magnetic resonance graph of the back, focused on the area of pain.
		A CT scan is taken of heart arteries and the buildup of plaque is analyzed in order to assess the severity of
0623T	Category III	heart disease.
		A CT scan is taken of heart arteries and the buildup of plaque is analyzed in order to assess the severity of
0624T	Category III	heart disease.
		A CT scan is taken of heart arteries and the buildup of plaque is analyzed in order to assess the severity of
0625T	Category III	heart disease.
		A CT scan is taken of heart arteries and the buildup of plaque is analyzed in order to assess the severity of
0626T	Category III	heart disease.
0627T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine.
	outegory in	
0628T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine.
0628T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine.
0628T 0629T	Category III Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine.
0628T 0629T 0630T	Category III Category III Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T	Category III Category III Category III Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T	Category III Category III Category III Category III Category III Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T 0648T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain.
0628T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT).
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T 0648T 0649T 0720T 0742T 0784T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Injection of the detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0636T 0638T 0648T 0649T 0720T 0742T 0784T 0785T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0637T 0637T 0720T 0742T 0784T 0786T 0786T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T 0648T 0649T 0720T 0742T 0784T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0787T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T 0648T 0649T 0720T 0742T 0784T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0865T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine. Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T 0648T 0649T 0720T 0742T 0784T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0865T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Injection of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI. Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI.
0628T 0629T 0630T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T 0648T 0720T 0742T 0742T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0866T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI. Surgery to remove a noncancerous growth from the skin on the outside or inside of the face, ears, eyelids,
0628T 0629T 0630T 0633T 0634T 0635T 0636T 0637T 0638T 0648T 0649T 0720T 0742T 0784T 0786T 0786T 0786T 0865T 0866T	Category III	Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. Injection of cells or tissue into the lower spine. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of one of the breasts. A CT scan is done of both breasts. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Quantitative magnetic resonance (QMR) uses a high-power magnetic field to take detailed pictures of body tissue. Electrical stimulation of nerves in the brain. Imaging of blood flow in heart using single-photon emission computed tomography (SPECT). Surgery to insert or replace a device that emits electrical pulses to the spine. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Surgery to revise or remove a device that emits electrical pulses to the lower back. Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI. Quantitative magnetic resonance image (MRI) of the brain to compare with previous MRI. Surgery to remove a noncancerous growth from the skin on the outside or inside of the face, ears, eyelids, nose or mouth.
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15276	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the head, face, genitals, hands, feet, fingers or toes. Multiple applications may be needed.
10270	ourgory, mogamonary by com	Surgery on an infant or child to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the head, face, genitals, hands,
15277	Surgery: Integumentary System	feet, fingers or toes. Multiple applications may be needed.
15278	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery on an infant or child to attach a graft of skin substitute material to the head, face, genitals, hands, feet, fingers or toes. Multiple applications may be needed.
15769	Surgery: Integumentary System	Grafting of soft tissue (skin, tendon) that has been harvested from another part of the body.
		Graft using patient's fat removed by liposuction and inserted into trunk, breasts, scalp, arms, or legs, 50.0
15771	Surgery: Integumentary System	CC OF less
15772	Surgery: Integumentary System	Graft using patient's fat removed by liposuction and inserted into trunk, breasts, scalp, arms, or legs, each additional 50.0 cc
15775	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to collect hair along with scalp tissue and move it to an area of the scalp without hair.
15776	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to collect hair along with scalp tissue and move it to an area of the scalp without hair.
15777	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to implant a biologic material. The implant supports or strengthens an area of soft tissue.
15780	Surgery: Integumentary System	Cosmetic surgery to smooth out or remove markings on the surface of the skin such as wrinkles, tattoos, scars or uneven coloring. The procedure encourages growth of unblemished skin.
	3, 3,	Cosmetic surgery to smooth out or remove markings on the surface of the skin such as wrinkles, tattoos,
15781	Surgery: Integumentary System	scars or uneven coloring. The procedure encourages growth of unblemished skin.
15782	Surgery: Integumentary System	Cosmetic surgery to smooth out or remove markings on the surface of the skin such as wrinkles, tattoos, scars or uneven coloring. The procedure encourages growth of unblemished skin.
10702	ourgery, megamentary dystem	Cosmetic surgery to smooth out or remove markings on the surface of the skin such as wrinkles, tattoos,
15783	Surgery: Integumentary System	scars or uneven coloring. The procedure encourages growth of unblemished skin.
15786	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgical sanding to smooth out and remove a skin defect such as a scar or skin thickened by an injury.
15787	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgical sanding to smooth out and remove a skin defect such as a scar or skin thickened by an injury.
i l		Cosmetic surgery in which a thin layer of an acidic material is painted onto the first or second layer of skin
15788	Surgery: Integumentary System	(epidermis or dermis). The procedure is done to reduce the visual effect of wrinkles or scarring from injury.
1		Cosmetic surgery in which a thin layer of an acidic material is painted onto the first or second layer of skin
15789	Surgery: Integumentary System	(epidermis or dermis). The procedure is done to reduce the visual effect of wrinkles or scarring from injury.
i l		Cosmetic surgery in which a thin layer of an acidic material is painted onto the first or second layer of skin
15792	Surgery: Integumentary System	(epidermis or dermis). The procedure is done to reduce the visual effect of wrinkles or scarring from injury.
45700	Constant Interior	Cosmetic surgery in which a thin layer of an acidic material is painted onto the first or second layer of skin
15793	Surgery: Integumentary System	(epidermis or dermis). The procedure is done to reduce the visual effect of wrinkles or scarring from injury. Cosmetic surgery to reduce the appearance of aging from the neck area. Skin is pulled or lifted and the
15819	Surgery: Integumentary System	excess is tucked or cut away.
	· , , ,	Surgery to remove excess skin and fatty tissue from the upper or lower eyelid. The procedure is sometimes
15820	Surgery: Integumentary System	done for cosmetic reasons.
15821	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove excess skin and fatty tissue from the upper or lower eyelid. The procedure is sometimes done for cosmetic reasons.
13021	Surgery. Integumentary System	Surgery to remove excess skin and fatty tissue from the upper or lower eyelid. The procedure is sometimes
15822	Surgery: Integumentary System	done for cosmetic reasons.
		Cosmetic surgery to reduce the appearance of aging or excessive wrinkling from the entire face or a single
15829	Surgary Integumentary System	area such as the forehead. The surgery may include the neck. Skin is pulled or lifted and the excess is tucked or cut away.
13029	Surgery: Integumentary System	Plastic surgery to remove excess skin and fat, and to tighten the muscles of the abdomen (abdominoplasty).
i l		This surgery usually is done along with thigh and buttock lifts as a part of body contouring (body lift) after a
15830	Surgery: Integumentary System	massive weight loss.
15040	Surgany Intagumentary System	Surgery to collect tissue to repair paralysis of the facial nerve. The graft may be connective tissue (fascia) or
15840	Surgery: Integumentary System	muscle from another site on the body. Microsurgery to connect blood vessels may be done. Surgery to collect tissue to repair paralysis of the facial nerve. The graft may be connective tissue (fascia) or
15841	Surgery: Integumentary System	muscle from another site on the body. Microsurgery to connect blood vessels may be done.
		Surgery to collect tissue to repair paralysis of the facial nerve. The graft may be connective tissue (fascia) or
15842	Surgery: Integumentary System	muscle from another site on the body. Microsurgery to connect blood vessels may be done.
i l		Plastic surgery to remove excess skin and fat, and to tighten the muscles of the abdomen (abdominoplasty). This surgery usually is done along with thigh and buttock lifts as a part of body contouring (body lift) after a
15847	Surgery: Integumentary System	massive weight loss.
15877	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove fatty tissue and fat deposits using suction, from a body area.
15878	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove fatty tissue and fat deposits using suction, from a body area.
15879	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove fatty tissue and fat deposits using suction, from a body area. Use of a laser to remove a birthmark (skin lesion involving blood vessels), such as port wine stain or
17107	Surgery: Integumentary System	use of a laser to remove a birthmark (skin lesion involving blood vessels), such as port wine stain or strawberry hemangioma.
	5 , .o , .,	Use of a laser to remove a birthmark (skin lesion involving blood vessels), such as port wine stain or
17108	Surgery: Integumentary System	strawberry hemangioma.
10202	Currien u Interium enten i Custem	Surgery to remove excessive breast tissue (mastectomy) when a man has overly enlarged breasts
19300	Surgery: Integumentary System	(gynecomastia). Surgery to remove a breast (mastectomy). A radical mastectomy additionally removes surrounding muscle
19303	Surgery: Integumentary System	tissue and nearby lymph nodes.
		Cosmetic surgery to remove excess tissue and shorten muscles so that breasts move to a higher position on
19316	Surgery: Integumentary System	the chest.
19318	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery in which tissue is removed to reduce the size of the breasts (reduction mammaplasty).
19325	Surgery: Integumentary System	Cosmetic surgery to enlarge the size of the breasts. The reconstruction may be done with or without an implanted prosthesis (artificial breast).
19328	Surgery: Integumentary System	Surgery to remove a prosthesis (artificial breast) or other material implanted in a breast.
=		Surgery to remove a prosthesis (artificial breast) or other material implanted in a breast.
19330	 Surgery: Integumentary System	
19330		Surgery to insert a breast prosthesis (artificial breast) for reconstruction following a breast lift or removal of
-	Surgery: Integumentary System Surgery: Integumentary System	breast tissue (mastectomy).
19330 19340	Surgery: Integumentary System	breast tissue (mastectomy). Surgery to insert a breast prosthesis (artificial breast) for reconstruction following a breast lift or removal of
19330		breast tissue (mastectomy).
19330 19340 19342	Surgery: Integumentary System	breast tissue (mastectomy). Surgery to insert a breast prosthesis (artificial breast) for reconstruction following a breast lift or removal of breast tissue (mastectomy).
19330 19340	Surgery: Integumentary System	breast tissue (mastectomy). Surgery to insert a breast prosthesis (artificial breast) for reconstruction following a breast lift or removal of breast tissue (mastectomy). Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,

		Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
		implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19357	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape.
		Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
19361	Surgany Intodumentary System	implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19301	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape. Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
		implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19364	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape.
		Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
		implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19367	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape.
		Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
		implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19368	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape.
		Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
19369	Surgery: Integumentary System	implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to achieve the desired size or shape.
13303	Jungery. Integumentary System	Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
		implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19370	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape.
		Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
		implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19371	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape.
		Surgery to reconstruct a breast or nipple after a mastectomy. The procedure may use tissue expanders,
		implants, skin or muscle flaps or other reconstructive devices. Additional procedures may be needed to
19380	Surgery: Integumentary System	achieve the desired size or shape.
19396	Surgery: Integumentary System	An exact model of the breast and chest structure is created to make a custom breast implant.
20930	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Obtain bone from an organ donor and prepare it for grafting.
20931 20936	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Obtain bone from an organ donor and prepare it for grafting. Surgery to take healthy bone from spine and prepare it for grafting
20936	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to take healthy bone from spine and prepare it for grafting. Surgery to take healthy bone from spine and prepare it for grafting.
20937	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to take healthy bone from spine and prepare it for grafting.
		Bone marrow aspiration for bone grafting, spine surgery only, through separate skin or fascial incision (List
20939	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
		Therapy using electrodes placed over the skin and administration of low voltage current to stimulate bone
20974	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	healing.
		Therapy using electrodes placed over the skin and administration of low voltage current to stimulate bone
20975	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	healing.
20979	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Therapy using ultrasound to stimulate bone healing.
21050 21060	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove bone from jaw joint.
21000	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove cartilage from the jaw joint. Surgical removal of bony process of upper jaw.
21120	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21121	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21122	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21123	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance a poorly developed chin or improve appearance.
21125	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance the body or angle of the lower jaw.
21127	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to enhance the body or angle of the lower jaw.
21141		Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21142	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	
-11110	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21143	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21145	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21145 21146	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21145	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21145 21146	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21145 21146 21147	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position.
21145 21146 21147	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180 21180	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180 21188 21193	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones in the center of the face. The procedure corrects abnormalities of the head and face. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities.
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180 21188 21193 21194	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones in the center of the face. The procedure corrects abnormalities o
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180 21188 21193 21194 21195	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones in the center of the face. The procedure corrects abnormalities of the head and face. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone defo
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180 21188 21193 21194 21195 21196 21196 21198 21199 21199	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bon
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180 21188 21193 21194 21195 21196 21198 21198 21199 21199	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correc
21145 21146 21147 21150 21151 21154 21155 21159 21160 21172 21175 21179 21180 21188 21193 21194 21195 21196 21198 21199	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgical reconstruction of the upper jaw to correct bone position. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the upper jaw and nose. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose and cheeks. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the upper jaw, nose, cheeks and forehead. Bone grafts are used. The procedure corrects abnormal bone growth. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruct the bones of the forehead and eye area to correct abnormalities of the head and face. Surgery to reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bone deformities. Surgical reconstruction of the lower jaw to correct bon

			la
21210		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct the nose, jaw or cheek with a bone graft. The procedure repairs the bone after an injury, infection or tumor.
21230		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct an area of the face, chin, nose or ear with a cartilage graft taken from rib or ear.
21235		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to reconstruct an area of the face, chin, nose or ear with a cartilage graft taken from rib or ear.
21240		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the jaw joint (TMJ).
21242		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the jaw joint (TMJ).
21243		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the jaw joint (TMJ).
04044		Constant Monarolla district Contant	Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw
21244		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	into the mouth. Dentures are attached to the posts to replace missing teeth. Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw
21245		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	into the mouth. Dentures are attached to the posts to replace missing teeth.
			Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw
21246		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	into the mouth. Dentures are attached to the posts to replace missing teeth.
			Surgery to reconstruct the jaw near the temporomandibular joint (TMJ) using bone and cartilage taken from
21247		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	the rib. Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw
21248		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	into the mouth. Dentures are attached to the posts to replace missing teeth.
			Surgery to reconstruct the jaw using an artificial part with posts that extend through the upper or lower jaw
21249		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	into the mouth. Dentures are attached to the posts to replace missing teeth.
			Surgery to reconstruct the face, just below the cheekbone, using bone and cartilage from the hip, rib or
21255		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	skull.
21270		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to augment cheek using artificial part (prosthesis).
21280 21282		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to raise the corners of the eyelids. Surgery to raise the corners of the eyelids.
21202		ourgery. Prosoutosketetat dystern	Surgery to pull hyoid bone (c-shaped bone in upper neck) forward. Procedure is done to relieve airway that
21685		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	gets blocked during sleep.
21740		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to correct bone growth that has resulted in the breastbone caving inward or pushing outward.
21742		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to correct bone growth that has resulted in the breastbone caving inward or pushing outward.
21743		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to correct bone growth that has resulted in the breastbone caving inward or pushing outward.
22100		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22101 22102		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone. Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22102		Surgery. Musculosketetal System	Partial excision of posterior vertebral component (eg, spinous process, lamina or facet) for intrinsic bony
22103		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	lesion, single vertebral segment; each additional segment
22110		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22112		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22114		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22116		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove spur, growth or bone disease on back bone.
22206		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22207 22208		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine. Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22210		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22212		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22214		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22216		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22220		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22222		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22224 22226		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine. Surgery to cut and remove a section of bone from the spine.
22220		ourgery. Prosoutosketetat dystern	A surgery that injects bone cement into a broken or collapsed spine bone (vertebra) to stabilize it. Includes
22510		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	imaging used to guide the procedure.
			A surgery that injects bone cement into a broken or collapsed spine bone (vertebra) to stabilize it. Includes
22511		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	imaging used to guide the procedure.
			A surgery that injects bone cement into a broken or collapsed spine bone (vertebra) to stabilize it. Includes
22512		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	imaging used to guide the procedure.
22513		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Procedure to insert balloon device into spine bone to create a cavity. The cavity is injected with bone cement to reduce pain of compression fracture.
22010		ourgery. Huseutosketetat oystem	Procedure to insert balloon device into spine bone to create a cavity. The cavity is injected with bone
22514		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	cement to reduce pain of compression fracture.
			Procedure to insert balloon device into spine bone to create a cavity. The cavity is injected with bone
22515		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	cement to reduce pain of compression fracture.
22526		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	This treatment for back pain is a minor surgery to seal a tear in the inner tissue of the spinal column.
22527		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	This treatment for back pain is a minor surgery to seal a tear in the inner tissue of the spinal column.
22532		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
		==-g=-y++ nassationicitati Oystoni	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22533		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
			Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22534		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
			Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22548		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones. Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22551		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
22001		Sa. Bo. y nasoutoskototut Oystoni	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22552		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
			Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22554		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
			Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22556		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
22558		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
		Sargery i Indocutos notatur dystelli	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22585		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
			Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22590		Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.

00505	Constant Monarolla de la la la la Contanta	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22595	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones. Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22600	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
		Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22610	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
00040	Constant Monarolla de la la la la Contanta	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22612	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones. Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22614	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
		Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22630	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
22632	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
22002	eargery: Hassacontotat System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22633	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones.
		Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or device implants. The surgery is done to
22634	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve back pain by eliminating motion between the back bones. Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct
22800	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	abnormal spine curvature.
	,	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct
22802	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	abnormal spine curvature.
22004	Surgany Museulackolatal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct
22804	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	abnormal spine curvature. Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct
22808	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	abnormal spine curvature.
		Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct
22810	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	abnormal spine curvature.
22812	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more back bones with bone grafts or implants. The surgery is done to correct abnormal spine curvature.
22012	Surgery. Musculosketetal System	abilorniai spine curvature.
22818	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to straighten the spine by moving or cutting into one or more vertebrae so that the spine is realigned.
22819 22830	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to straighten the spine by moving or cutting into one or more vertebrae so that the spine is realigned. Surgery to explore or examine existing spinal fusion.
22830	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Posterior non-segmental instrumentation (eg, Harrington rod technique, pedicle fixation across 1
22840	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	interspace, atlantoaxial transarticular screw fixation, sublaminar wiring at C1, facet screw fixation)
		Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new
22841	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	position.
22842	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new position.
22012	eargery: Hassacontotat System	Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new
22843	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	position.
		Surgery to attach one or more rods, hooks or wires to the spine. The procedure anchors the spine in a new
22844	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	position. Surgical placement of spine device to correct abnormal curvature; multiple vertebrae (back bones) are
22845	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	involved.
	,	Surgical placement of spine device to correct abnormal curvature; multiple vertebrae (back bones) are
22846	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	involved.
22847	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spine device to correct abnormal curvature; multiple vertebrae (back bones) are involved.
22848	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to anchor two or more bones of pelvis together using rods, hooks or wires.
22849	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a device that has failed to secure one or more back bones.
22850	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant device from spine.
22852	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant device from spine.
22853 22854	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgical placement of spinal device inserted between vertebrae or part of a vertebrae (back bone). Surgical placement of spinal device inserted between vertebrae or part of a vertebrae (back bone).
22855	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant device from spine.
22856	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a damaged or diseased disc in the spine with an artificial one.
[Surgery to remove a severely damaged or diseased disc from the neck (cervical spine) and replace it with an
22858	Surgary Musculockalatal System	artificial disc. The procedure includes removal of bony outgrowths to relieve pressure on nerves or the spinal cord.
22858	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Spring cord. Surgical placement of spinal device inserted between vertebrae or part of a vertebrae (back bone).
22861	 Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace an artificial disc in the spine that was previously placed.
22864	 Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove a previously placed artificial disc in the spine.
22899 23040	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Unlisted procedure, spine Arthrotomy, glenohymeral joint including evaloration, drainage, or removal of foreign body.
∠3040	ourgery. Prusoutosketetat System	Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint, including exploration, drainage, or removal of foreign body Arthrotomy, acromioclavicular, sternoclavicular joint, including exploration, drainage, or removal of foreign
23044	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	body
23100	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint, including biopsy
22101	Current Munoulogkeletal Curture	Arthrotomy, acromioclavicular joint or sternoclavicular joint, including biopsy and/or excision of torn
23101 23105	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	cartilage Arthrotomy; glenohumeral joint, with synovectomy, with or without biopsy
23106	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, sternoclavicular joint, with synovectomy, with or without biopsy
23107	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint, with joint exploration, with or without removal of loose or foreign body
23120	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Claviculectomy; partial
23125	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Claviculectomy; total
23130	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area.
23190	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Ostectomy of scapula, partial (eg, superior medial angle)
23195	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Resection, humeral head
23333	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of foreign body, shoulder; deep (subfascial or intramuscular)
23334	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of prosthesis, includes debridement and synovectomy when performed; humeral or glenoid component
23334	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove implant (artificial joint) from shoulder.
23395	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Muscle transfer, any type, shoulder or upper arm; single
20000		

22207		
23397	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Muscle transfer, any type, shoulder or upper arm; multiple
23400	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Scapulopexy (eg, Sprengels deformity or for paralysis)
23405	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Tenotomy, shoulder area; single tendon
23406	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Tenotomy, shoulder area; multiple tendons through same incision
20.00	ourgory) i laboutoskototat byotom	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of
00440	Construction of the latest Construction	
23410	 Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area.
		Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of
23412	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area.
		Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of
23415	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area.
	6. 7	Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of
22420	Currient Museuleskeletel Custem	
23420	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area.
23430	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Tenodesis of long tendon of biceps
23440	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Resection or transplantation of long tendon of biceps
23450	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior; Putti-Platt procedure or Magnuson type operation
23455	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior; with labral repair (eg, Bankart procedure)
23460	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior, any type; with bone block
23462	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, anterior, any type; with coracoid process transfer
23465	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, glenohumeral joint, posterior, with or without bone block
23466	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Capsulorrhaphy, glenohumeral joint, any type multi-directional instability
23470	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of shoulder joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
23472	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of shoulder joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
		Surgery to fix an artificial shoulder replacement that was done sometime in the past. The procedure may
23473	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	include transplanting tissue.
204/0	ou. 50. 7. 1 Indontrollerat dystelli	
0047	Commence Managed Label Co.	Surgery to fix an artificial shoulder replacement that was done sometime in the past. The procedure may
23474	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	include transplanting tissue.
		Open Treatment Of Proximal Humeral (Surgical Or Anatomical Neck) Fracture, Includes Internal Fixation,
1		When Performed, Includes Repair Of Tuberosity(S), When Performed; With Proximal Humeral Prosthetic
23616	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Replacement
23700		
20/00	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANJ W/ANES SHOULDER JOINT W/FIXATION APPARATUS
	L	Surgery to join together bones of shoulder joint (glenohumeral joint). Procedure is done to relieve pain by
23800	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	eliminating motion between the bones.
		Surgery to join together bones of shoulder joint (glenohumeral joint). Procedure is done to relieve pain by
23802	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	eliminating motion between the bones.
		Removal of prosthesis, includes debridement and synovectomy when performed; humeral and ulnar
24160	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	components
		·
24164	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of prosthesis, includes debridement and synovectomy when performed; radial head
24300	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION ELBOW UNDER ANESTHESIA
24360	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).
24361	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).
24362	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).
24363	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis).
24303	Surgery. Plusculosketetat System	
		Surgery to reshape the end of the elbow joint by grinding down the surface. The procedure is done to allow
24365	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	growth of new tissue.
24366	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged end of the elbow joint with an artificial part.
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		Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The
24370	Surgany Musculaskalatal Systam	Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The
24370	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft.
		procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The
24371	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft.
		procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The
24371	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
24371 25332 25441	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
24371 25332 25441 25442	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
24371 25332 25441 25442 25443	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
24371 25332 25441 25442 25443 25444	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
24371 25332 25441 25442 25443 25444 25445	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Arthroplasty with prosthetic replacement; trapezium
24371 25332 25441 25442 25443 25444	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
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24371 25332 25441 25442 25443 25444 25445 25446 25447 25449 25800 25800 25810 25820 25825 27033 27090 27091	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Arthroplasty with prosthetic replacement; trapezium Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Revision of arthroplasty, including removal of implant wrist joint Arthrodesis Wrist Complete w/o Bone Graft Arthrodesis Wrist WilliaC/Other Autograft Arthrodesis Wrist Limited w/o Bone Graft Arthro
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24371 25332 25332 25441 25442 25443 25444 25446 25446 25447 25449 25800 25800 25805 25810 25820 25825 27033 27090 27090 27120 27120 27122 27122 27125 27130 27132 27134 27137 27138	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace damaged ends of the elbow joint with new tissue or an artificial part (prosthesis). The procedure may include a graft. Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Arthroplasty with prosthetic replacement; trapezium Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Surgery to replace worn out ends of wrist joint with an artificial part (prosthesis). Revision of arthroplasty, including removal of implant wrist joint Arthrodesis Wrist Complete w/o Bone Graft Arthrodesis Wrist Wislding graft Arthrodesis Wrist Limited w/o Bone Graft Arthrodesis
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27236	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a broken hip. Pins, wires or rods may hold the bone together. The end of the bone may be replaced with an artificial part.
27275	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION HIP JOINT GENERAL ANESTHESIA
		Surgery to join together two or more bones of the pelvis. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating
27278	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	motion between the bones.
27279	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones of the pelvis. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the bones.
27270	ourgery. Huseutosketetat oystem	Surgery to join together two or more bones between base of spine and the pelvis. The procedure is done to
27280	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	relieve pain by eliminating motion between the bones.
		Surgery to join together two or more bones of the hip joint. The procedure is done to relieve pain by
27284	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	eliminating motion between the bones.
27286	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to join together two or more bones of the hip joint. The procedure is done to relieve pain by eliminating motion between the bones.
27200	Surgery, Prusculosketetal System	Unlisted procedure, pelvis or hip joint [when specified as open procedure for femoroacetabular
27299	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	impingement syndrome, other than capsular plication]
27331	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, knee; including joint exploration, biopsy, or removal of loose or foreign bodies
27332	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, with excision of semilunar cartilage (meniscectomy) knee; medial OR lateral
27333 27403	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthrotomy, with excision of semilunar cartilage (meniscectomy) knee; medial AND lateral Arthrotomy with meniscus repair, knee
27405	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a torn ligament in the knee.
27407	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a torn ligament in the knee.
27409	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a torn ligament in the knee.
27412 27415	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to implant new or additional knee cartilage made from existing cells.
27416	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to repair a knee. The procedure involves transplanting bone or cartilage. Surgery to repair a knee. The procedure involves transplanting bone or cartilage.
27418	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Anterior Tibial Tubercleplasty
27420	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	RCNSTJ DISLOCATING PATELLA
27422	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	RCNSTJ DISLC PATELLA W/XTNSR RELIGNMT&/MUSC RL
27424	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	RCNSTJ DISLC PATELLA W/PATELLECTOMY
27425 27427	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	LATERAL RETINACULAR RELEASE OPEN Ligamentous reconstruction (augmentation), knee; extra-articular
27428	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Ligamentous reconstruction (augmentation), knee; extra-articular (open)
27429	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Ligamentous reconstruction (augmentation), knee; intra-articular (open) and extra-articular
		Surgery to reshape the end of the knee joint by grinding down the surface. The procedure is done to allow
27437	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	growth of new tissue.
27438 27440	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged ends of a knee joint with artificial parts.
27441	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the damaged or degenerated tibial portion of the knee joint. Surgery to replace the whole knee joint with artificial parts.
27772	ourgery r racoulosite to yet on	Surgery to replace the damaged ends of a knee joint (cartilage) with artificial parts where it joins the leg
27442	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	(femur) bone. Surgery to replace the damaged cartilage of the knee and repair part of the knee that connects to the leg
27443	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	bone (femur) or tibial plateau joints with artificial parts.
27445	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the whole knee joint with artificial parts.
27446	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the whole knee joint with artificial parts.
27447 27486	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace the whole knee joint with artificial parts.
27487	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a worn out artificial part (prosthesis) in the knee joint. Surgery to replace a worn out artificial part (prosthesis) in the knee joint.
27488	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to remove an artificial knee part (prosthesis).
27570	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION KNEE JOINT UNDER GENERAL ANESTHESIA
		Surgery to join together two or more bones of the knee joint. The procedure eliminates motion between the
27580 27599	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	bones. UNLISTED PROCEDURE FEMUR/KNEE
27700	Surgery: Musculosketetal System	Arthroplasty, ankle
27702	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace damaged end of ankle joint with an artificial part (prosthesis).
27703	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Surgery to replace a worn out ankle joint prosthesis.
27704	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Removal of ankle implant
27860	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	MANIPULATION ANKLE UNDER GENERAL ANESTHESIA
27870 28446	Surgery: Musculosketetal System	Arthrodesis, ankle, open Surgery to graft bone or cartilage to an ankle in order to repair an injury.
1		Surgery aided by a scope (arthroscopy) to examine the jaw joint (TMJ). The procedure may include taking a
29804	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
29805	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, diagnostic, with or without synovial biopsy
29806	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; capsulorrhaphy
29807 29819	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; repair of SLAP lesion Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; with removal of loose body or foreign body
29820	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; synovectoy, partial
29821	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; synovectoy, complete
29822	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; debridement, limited
29823	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; debridement, extensive
20024		Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; distal claviculectomy including distal articular surface (Mumford
	Surgan/: Musculaskalatal Sustam	procedure)
29824 29825	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; with lysis and resection of adhesions, with or without manipulation
29825	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; with lysis and resection of adhesions, with or without manipulation Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With
29825 29826	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (le, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of
29825 29826 29827	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (le, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area.
29825 29826	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (le, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area. Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; biceps tenodesis
29825 29826 29827 29828	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (le, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area. Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; biceps tenodesis Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or
29825 29826 29827	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (le, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area. Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; biceps tenodesis
29825 29826 29827 29828	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (Ie, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area. Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; biceps tenodesis Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or without manipulation; without internal or external fixation (includes arthroscopy)
29825 29826 29827 29828 29850 29851	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (le, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area. Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; biceps tenodesis Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or without manipulation; without internal or external fixation (includes arthroscopy) Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or without manipulation; with internal or external fixation (includes arthroscopy) Arthroscopically aided treatment of tibial fracture, proximal (plateau); unicondylar, includes internal
29825 29826 29827 29828 29850	Surgery: Musculoskeletal System	Arthroscopy, Shoulder, Surgical; Decompression Of Subacromial Space With Partial Acromioplasty, With Coracoacromial Ligament (le, Arch) Release, When Performed Surgery to repair the rotator cuff of the shoulder. The procedure may involve removing a small amount of bone or repairing muscles and ligaments in the area. Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; biceps tenodesis Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or without manipulation; without internal or external fixation (includes arthroscopy) Arthroscopically aided treatment of intercondylar spine(s) and/or tuberosity fracture(s) of the knee, with or without manipulation; with internal or external fixation (includes arthroscopy) Arthroscopically aided treatment of tibial fracture, proximal (plateau); unicondylar, includes internal fixation, when performed (includes arthroscopy)
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Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to revise a previous nose reshaping surgery. This can involve minor tissue removal or more major bone reshaping. Surgery to correct a misshapen nose and reshape a cleft lip or palate. The procedure may be limited to the nose tip or include reshaping the bones inside the nose. Surgery: Respiratory System Procedure to open a narrowed nasal passage to the front chamber of the nose (vestibule). Surgery: Respiratory System Procedure to open a narrowed nasal passage to the front chamber of the nose (vestibule). Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Resp	30430	Surgery: Respiratory System	
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Surgery: Respiratory System Procedure to open a narrowed nasal passage using implants. Surgery: Respiratory System Procedure to open a collapsed nasal passage using implants. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Close an abnormal passageway (fistula) between the mouth and the nose. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respirat	30450	Surgery: Respiratory System	bone reshaping.
Surgery: Respiratory System Procedure to open a narrowed nasal passage to the front chamber of the nose (vestibule). Surgery: Respiratory System Procedure to open a collapsed nasal passage using implants. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respirator	30460	Surgery: Respiratory System	nose tip or include reshaping the bones inside the nose.
Surgery: Respiratory System Su	30462		nose tip or include reshaping the bones inside the nose.
Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to close an abnormal passageway (fistula) between the mouth and the nose. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to close an abnormal passageway (fistula) between the mouth and the nose. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to close an abnormal passageway (fistula) between the mouth and the nose. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to remove diseased tissue from the interior of the nose and replace it with a tissue graft. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respir	30465		
Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to close an abnormal passageway (fistula) between the mouth and the nose. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to close an abnormal passageway (fistula) between the mouth and the nose. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to remove diseased tissue from the interior of the nose and replace it with a tissue graft. Surgery to repair a hole in the nasal septum (cartilage dividing nose passages). Nose tissue or an artificial plug (silicone) may be used. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: With a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery:	_		
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Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to remove diseased tissue from the interior of the nose and replace it with a tissue graft. Surgery to repair a hole in the nasal septum (cartilage dividing nose passages). Nose tissue or an artificial plug (silicone) may be used. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery to remove one or more sections of a lung or a portion of lung tissue. The procedure may involve removal of nonfunctioning air sacs (bullae) or removal of part of the airway (bronchus). Surgical removal of a lung from a donor body, including cold preservation until transport to the receiving person.	30600		
Surgery: Respiratory System plug (silicone) may be used. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to remove one or more sections of a lung or a portion of lung tissue. The procedure may involve removal of nonfunctioning air sacs (bullae) or removal of part of the airway (bronchus). Surgical removal of a lung from a donor body, including cold preservation until transport to the receiving person.	30620		
Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity.	30630	Surgery: Respiratory System	
Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to remove one or more sections of a lung or a portion of lung tissue. The procedure may involve removal of nonfunctioning air sacs (bullae) or removal of part of the airway (bronchus). Surgical removal of a lung from a donor body, including cold preservation until transport to the receiving person.	31295		
Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery with a scope (endoscope) to enlarge a sinus cavity. Surgery to remove one or more sections of a lung or a portion of lung tissue. The procedure may involve removal of nonfunctioning air sacs (bullae) or removal of part of the airway (bronchus). Surgery: Respiratory System	31296		
Surgery to remove one or more sections of a lung or a portion of lung tissue. The procedure may involve removal of nonfunctioning air sacs (bullae) or removal of part of the airway (bronchus). Surgical removal of a lung from a donor body, including cold preservation until transport to the receiving person.	31297		
Surgery: Respiratory System removal of nonfunctioning air sacs (bullae) or removal of part of the airway (bronchus). Surgical removal of a lung from a donor body, including cold preservation until transport to the receiving person.	31298	Surgery: Respiratory System	
Surgery: Respiratory System person.	32491	Surgery: Respiratory System	removal of nonfunctioning air sacs (bullae) or removal of part of the airway (bronchus).
Surgery: Respiratory System Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.	32850	Surgery: Respiratory System	
	32851	Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.

32852	Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.
32853	Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.
32854	Surgery: Respiratory System	Surgery to transplant one or both lungs.
		Surgical removal of one or both lungs from a donor body. The organs are inspected for damage and any soft
32855	Surgery: Respiratory System	tissue is removed from around the organs and their blood vessels.
		Surgical removal of one or both lungs from a donor body. The organs are inspected for damage and any soft
32856	Surgery: Respiratory System	tissue is removed from around the organs and their blood vessels.
		Surgery to insert one or more wires (electrodes) for a pacemaker or defibrillator (devices for regulating the
33202	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	heartbeat).
		Surgery to insert one or more wires (electrodes) for a pacemaker or defibrillator (devices for regulating the
33203	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	heartbeat).
33206	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of new or replacement of permanent pacemaker with transvenous electrode(s); atrial
33207	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of new or replacement of permanent pacemaker with transvenous electrode(s); ventricular
		Insertion of new or replacement of permanent pacemaker with transvenous electrode(s); atrial and
33208	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	ventricular
		Insertion or replacement of temporary transvenous single chamber cardiac electrode or pacemaker
33210	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	catheter (separate procedure)
33211	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion or replacement of temporary transvenous dual chamber pacing electrodes (separate procedure)
33212	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacemaker pulse generator only; with existing single lead
33213	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacemaker pulse generator only; with existing dual leads
		Upgrade of implanted pacemaker system, conversion of single chamber system to dual chamber system
		(includes removal of previously placed pulse generator, testing of existing lead, insertion of new lead,
33214	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	insertion of new pulse generator)
33221	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacemaker pulse generator only; with existing multiple leads
	gyi Gararetassarai oyotoffi	Insertion of pacing electrode, cardiac venous system, for left ventricular pacing, with attachment to
		previously placed pacemaker or implantable defibrillator pulse generator (including revision of pocket,
33224	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	removal, insertion, and/or replacement of existin
33225	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert one or more wires (electrodes) for a pacemaker (device for regulating the heartbeat).
00220	Jurgery. Calulovascutal systelli	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator with replacement of pacemaker pulse generator; single
33227	Surdent Cardiovaccular Surtem	
33227	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	lead system Personal of normanant pacemaker pulse generator with replacement of pacemaker pulse generator; dual
33228	Surdent Cardiovaccular Surtem	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator with replacement of pacemaker pulse generator; dual lead system
JJ220	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	
22220	Surganu Cardiavaasular Suatam	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator with replacement of pacemaker pulse generator;
33229	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	multiple lead system
33230	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator only; with existing dual leads
33231	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator only; with existing multiple leads
33233	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of permanent pacemaker pulse generator only
		Surgery to remove pacemaker wires (electrodes). A pacemaker is an implanted device for regulating the
33236	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	heartbeat.
33237	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove a heart pacemaker (device for regulating heartbeat) or pacing wires (electrodes).
		Surgery to insert a pacing cardioverter-defibrillator. This device delivers an electric shock to control rapid or
33240	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	irregular heart rhythms in order to restore a normal heart beat.
33241	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of implantable defibrillator pulse generator only
33243	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove one or more pacing wires for a cardioverter-defibrillator device.
33244	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal of single or dual chamber implantable defibrillator electrode(s); by transvenous extraction
33249	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a pacemaker (device for regulating the heartbeat) and attach electrodes (wires).
		Removal of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator with replacement of pacing cardioverter-
33262	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	defibrillator pulse generator; single lead system
		Removal of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator with replacement of pacing cardioverter-
33263	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	defibrillator pulse generator; dual lead system
		Removal of pacing cardioverter-defibrillator pulse generator with replacement of pacing cardioverter-
33264	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	defibrillator pulse generator; multiple lead system
		Surgery to block a small sac (left atrial appendage) in the wall of the top left chamber of the heart in order to
33267	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	prevent a stroke in patients with atrial fibrillation.
		Surgery to block a small sac (left atrial appendage) in the wall of the top left chamber of the heart in order to
33268	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	prevent a stroke in patients with atrial fibrillation.
		Surgery to block a small sac (left atrial appendage) in the wall of the top left chamber of the heart in order to
33269	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	prevent a stroke in patients with atrial fibrillation.
		Surgery to insert a pacing cardioverter-defibrillator. This device delivers an electric shock to control rapid or
33270	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	irregular heart rhythms in order to restore a normal heart beat.
33271	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of subcutaneous implantable defibrillator electrode
		Surgery to insert or replace pacemaker device in heart. The device is inserted through a vessel, via a thin
33274	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	tube (catheter).
	·	
33275	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove pacemaker device from the heart. The procedure includes using a thin tube (catheter).
33276	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33277	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to insert a lead for a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33278	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33279	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33280	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
		Surgery to reposition a lead for a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33281	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	
33281 33285	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of heart rhythm monitor under skin
33285	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of heart rhythm monitor under skin Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor
33285 33286	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor
33285 33286 33287	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33285 33286	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function.
33285 33286 33287 33288	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant
33285 33286 33287	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots.
33285 33286 33287 33288 33340	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted
33285 33286 33287 33288	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted.
33285 33286 33287 33288 33340 33361	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted
33285 33286 33287 33288 33340	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted.
33285 33286 33287 33288 33340 33361 33362	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, petvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, petvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted.
33285 33286 33287 33288 33340 33361	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted.
33285 33286 33287 33288 33340 33361 33362 33363	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted.
33285 33286 33287 33288 33340 33361	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to replace a stimulation device in the phrenic nerve to improve breathing function. Surgery to close off a pouch on the left side of the heart (atrial appendage). The procedure uses an implant and is typically done to prevent blood clots. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted. Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into an artery in the leg, pelvis or chest and threaded into the heart where the valve is inserted.

	1		Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The replacement valve is inserted through a hole in the
33365	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	chest, via a thin tube (catheter).
33366	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a heart valve with an artificial one. The replacement valve is inserted through a hole in the chest, via a thin tube (catheter).
		,	
33367	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into artery and threaded to the heart where the valve is inserted. Heart-lung bypass is used during surgery.
			Surgery to replace heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into
33368	S	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	artery and threaded to the heart where the valve is inserted. Heart-lung bypass is used during surgery.
33369	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace heart valve with an artificial one. A thin tube (catheter) with valve attached is inserted into artery and threaded to the heart where the valve is inserted. Heart-lung bypass is used during surgery.
			Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be
33405	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	fully artificial or made of biologically similar tissue. Heart-lung bypass allows the heart to rest during surgery.
			Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be fully artificial or made of biologically similar tissue. Heart-lung bypass allows the heart to rest during
33406	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	surgery.
			Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be fully artificial or made of biologically similar tissue. Heart-lung bypass allows the heart to rest during
33410	S	Burgery: Cardiovascular System	surgery. Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be
			fully artificial or made of biologically similar tissue. Heart-lung bypass allows the heart to rest during
33411	S	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	surgery. Surgery to replace a valve between the lower left heart chamber and the aorta. The replacement may be
22412		Nuvranu Cardia va asular Custam	fully artificial or made of biologically similar tissue. Heart-lung bypass allows the heart to rest during
33412	3	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	surgery. Surgery to replace a heart valve (aortic valve) using a similar valve (pulmonic valve) from the same heart.
33413 33418		Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	The pulmonic valve is replaced with an artificial one. Surgery to repair a heart valve via a thin tube (catheter).
			Transcatheter mitral valve repair, percutaneous approach, including transseptal puncture when performed;
33419	S	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	additional prosthesis(es) during same session Surgery to replace the heart valve (mitral) that regulates blood flow between the upper and lower chambers
33430	S	Burgery: Cardiovascular System	of the left side of the heart. Surgery to replace a heart valve (aortic valve) using a similar valve (pulmonic valve) from the same heart.
33440	s	Burgery: Cardiovascular System	The pulmonic valve is replaced with an artificial one.
33465	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery with heart-lung bypass to replace the heart tricuspid valve (between lower and upper right chambers). The replacement may be fully artificial or made from biologically similar tissue.
33475	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace the heart valve that brings blood from the lung into the lower right heart chamber. The replacement valve may be made from biologically similar tissue.
33477		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Replacement of the pulmonary valve of the heart. The replacement valve is delivered through a stent (mesh tube) inserted in the blood vessels.
334//	3	urgery. Cardiovascutar system	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft
33510	S	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	is attached from the heart artery to the aorta (largest artery), bypassing the blocked artery. Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft
33511	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	is attached from the heart artery to the aorta (largest artery), bypassing the blocked artery.
33512	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart artery to the aorta (largest artery), bypassing the blocked artery.
33513	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart artery to the aorta (largest artery), bypassing the blocked artery.
33514	9	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft is attached from the heart artery to the aorta (largest artery), bypassing the blocked artery.
	3	urgery. Carulovascutar system	Surgery to replace a diseased section of a heart artery with a vein graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. The graft
33516	S	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	is attached from the heart artery to the aorta (largest artery), bypassing the blocked artery. Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached
33517	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	to a healthy artery to enable blood to flow past the blocked artery. Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached
33518	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	to a healthy artery to enable blood to flow past the blocked artery.
33519	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable blood to flow past the blocked artery.
33521		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached to a healthy artery to enable blood to flow past the blocked artery.
			Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached
33522	S	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	to a healthy artery to enable blood to flow past the blocked artery. Surgery to bypass a section of a heart artery with grafts from both veins and arteries. The grafts are attached
33523 33530		Gurgery: Cardiovascular System Gurgery: Cardiovascular System	to a healthy artery to enable blood to flow past the blocked artery. Surgery to replace a previous artery or valve replacement or graft.
55550		Migory, Guidiovascutai system	
33533	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or more arteries are grafted to the heart and aorta (largest artery) so that blood can flow past the blockage.
33534	s	Gurgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or more arteries are grafted to the heart and aorta (largest artery) so that blood can flow past the blockage.
			Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or
33535	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	more arteries are grafted to the heart and aorta (largest artery) so that blood can flow past the blockage.
			Surgery to bypass a section of a blocked heart artery with an artery graft. Heart-lung bypass is used. One or
33536	S	Burgery: Cardiovascular System	more arteries are grafted to the heart and aorta (largest artery) so that blood can flow past the blockage. Surgery to clean plaque from a large section or the entire length of a heart artery. The artery is cleared before
33572		Surgery: Cardiovascular System	attaching a bypass graft.
33741	S	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure where a small hole is made in the wall between the upper chambers of the heart. Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the
33900	s	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	lungs by implanting a small mesh tube (stent).

		Donaton Anna Anna Island Clause and the About the College of the C
33901	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the lungs by implanting a small mesh tube (stent).
		Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the
33902	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	lungs by implanting a small mesh tube (stent). Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the
33903	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	lungs by implanting a small mesh tube (stent).
33904	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to restore blood flow to one or both of the pulmonary arteries that goes from the heart to the lungs by implanting a small mesh tube (stent).
33927	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Implant total heart replacement system. Includes artificial heart.
33928	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove and replace artificial heart.
33929 33930	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove artificial heart for transplant. Surgery to remove and preserve a heart and lung donated for transplant.
33330	Surgery, Cardiovascutar System	Standard preparation of a heart and lung for transplant. The procedure includes removal of excess tissue
33933	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	and preparation of blood vessels that will be part of the transplant.
33935 33940	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to implant a donated heart and lung. The procedure includes removal of the damaged organs. Surgery to remove and preserve a heart donated for transplant.
		Standard preparation of a heart for transplant. The procedure includes removal of excess tissue and
33944 33945	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	preparation of blood vessels that will be part of the transplant.
33945	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to implant a donated heart. The procedure may include removal of the damaged organ. Insertion of a device to pump blood from the heart lower chambers (ventricles) when they have weakened or
33975	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	failed. This is a temporary device, usually replaced by an artificial heart or a transplant.
33976	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Insertion of a device to pump blood from the heart lower chambers (ventricles) when they have weakened or failed. This is a temporary device, usually replaced by an artificial heart or a transplant.
33370	Surgery. Cardiovascutar System	Insertion of a device to pump blood from the heart lower chambers (ventricles) when they have weakened or
33979	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	failed. This is a temporary device, usually replaced by an artificial heart or a transplant.
34841	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen (aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc).
		A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen
34842	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	(aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc).
34843	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen (aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc).
		A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen
34844	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	(aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc). A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen
34845	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	(aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc).
		A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen
34846	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	(aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc). A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen
34847	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	(aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc).
04040	Court on Court in court on Court on	A graft (tube composed of fabric supported by a metal mesh) is inserted in the main artery in the abdomen
34848	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	(aorta) to reinforce a weak spot (aneurysm, ulcer, etc). Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a
35302	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	damaged blood vessel with a patch (graft) from another blood vessel.
35303	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch (graft) from another blood vessel.
00000	ourgory: our drovadout an oyotom	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a
35304	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	damaged blood vessel with a patch (graft) from another blood vessel.
35305	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a damaged blood vessel with a patch (graft) from another blood vessel.
		Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a
35371	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	damaged blood vessel with a patch (graft) from another blood vessel. Surgery to remove plaque or clots from one or more arteries. The procedure may include repairing a
35372	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	damaged blood vessel with a patch (graft) from another blood vessel.
35556	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft.
35558 35566	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft. Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft.
35571	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a vein graft.
25502	Current Cardiovacaular Sustan	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery in the leg, using leg veins (graft) to replace
35583	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	the damaged artery. Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery in the leg, using leg veins (graft) to replace
35585	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	the damaged artery.
35587	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery in the leg, using leg veins (graft) to replace the damaged artery.
55557	ourgery. Ourdiovascutal dystem	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace
35656	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	the diseased artery.
35661	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace the diseased artery.
		Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace
35666	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	the diseased artery.
35671	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Surgery to bypass (re-route) blood flow around a blocked artery using a synthetic material (graft) to replace the diseased artery.
		An additional surgery performed on leg arteries after the initial operation. The procedure addresses a
35700	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	problem with the same blood vessel as the first surgery. Reoperation, femoral-popliteal or femoral (popliteal)-anterior tibial, posterior tibial, peroneal artery, or
35881	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	other distal vessels, more than 1 month after original operation
05000		Revision, femoral anastomosis of synthetic arterial bypass graft in groin, open; with nonautogenous patch
35883	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	graft (eg, polyester, ePTFE, bovine pericardium) Revision, femoral anastomosis of synthetic arterial bypass graft in groin, open; with autogenous vein patch
35884	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	graft
		Selective catheter placement, common carotid or innominate artery, unilateral, any approach, with
36223	Cardiovascular Surgery:	angiography of the ipsilateral intracranial carotid circulation and all associated radiological supervision and interpretation.
		Selective catheter placement, internal carotid artery, unilateral, with angiography of the ipsilateral
36224	Cardiovascular Surgery	intracranial carotid circulation and all associated radiological supervision and interpretation.

36226	Cardiovascular Surgery	Selective catheter placement, vertebral artery, unilateral, with angiography of the ipsilateral vertebral circulation and all associated radiological supervision and interpretation, includes angiography of the cervicocerebral arch, when performed.
00220	ouranovacountar ourgery	Surgery to insert a device for infusion therapy into an artery. The device delivers medication over a period of
36260	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	several hours, such as for chemotherapy.
36465	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to treat a varicose vein in which the vein is injected with a solution that damages the internal lining of the vein and causes blood clotting within the vein.
		Procedure to treat a varicose vein in which the vein is injected with a solution that damages the internal
36466	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	lining of the vein and causes blood clotting within the vein.
36470	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Procedure to inject medication into one or more veins, usually in the legs or ankles, to treat varicose veins or spider veins. The medication causes the vein to collapse or close off so blood is directed to a healthier vein.
		Procedure to inject medication into one or more veins, usually in the legs or ankles, to treat varicose veins or
36471	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	spider veins. The medication causes the vein to collapse or close off so blood is directed to a healthier vein.
36475	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Treatment to destroy a non-functioning vein with heat generated from radio waves or a laser device.
36476	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Treatment to destroy a non-functioning vein with heat generated from radio waves or a laser device.
36478 36479	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Treatment to destroy a non-functioning vein with heat generated from radio waves or a laser device.
36482	Surgery: Cardiovascular System Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Treatment to destroy a non-functioning vein with heat generated from radio waves or a laser device. Treatment to close a non-functioning vein with catheter-directed injection of a chemical adhesive.
36483	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Treatment to close a non-functioning vein with catheter-directed injection of a chemical adhesive. Treatment to close a non-functioning vein with catheter-directed injection of a chemical adhesive.
	,	An amount of blood is removed from the body. It is filtered to remove a particular component such as white
36516	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	or red cells, platelets, plasma or lipids. The filtered blood is then returned to the body. Therapy that removes an amount of blood from the body, filters it through a machine that uses light waves to
36522	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	treat it and then returns the blood into the body. Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, iliac artery, unilateral, initial vessel; with
37220	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	transluminal angioplasty
37221	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, iliac artery, unilateral, initial vessel; with transluminal stent placement(s), includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed
27224	Surgary Cardiovaccular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, femoral, popliteal artery(s), unilateral; with
37224	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	transluminal angioplasty Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, femoral, popliteal artery(s), unilateral; with
37225	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	atherectomy, includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed
07000	Contrary Continues and a Contrary	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, femoral, popliteal artery(s), unilateral; with
37226	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	transluminal stent placement(s), includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, femoral, popliteal artery(s), unilateral; with
		transluminal stent placement(s) and atherectomy, includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when
37227	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	performed
37228	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial, peroneal artery, unilateral, initial vessel; with transluminal angioplasty
07000		Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial, peroneal artery, unilateral, initial vessel;
37229	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	with atherectomy, includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed
07000	Sundan Condition and the Sundan	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial, peroneal artery, unilateral, initial vessel;
37230	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	with transluminal stent placement(s), includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial, peroneal artery, unilateral, initial vessel;
		with transluminal stent placement(s) and atherectomy, includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when
37231	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	performed Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial/peroneal artery, unilateral, each additional
37232	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	vessel; with transluminal angioplasty
37233	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial/peroneal artery, unilateral, each additional vessel; with atherectomy, includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed
		Development of the control of the co
37234	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial/peroneal artery, unilateral, each additional vessel; with transluminal stent placement(s), includes angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed
		Revascularization, endovascular, open or percutaneous, tibial/peroneal artery, unilateral, each additional
07005		vessel; with transluminal stent placement(s) and atherectomy, includes angioplasty within the same
37235	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	vessel, when performed Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological
		supervision and interpretation and including all angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed; initial
37236	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	artery
		Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological
37237	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	supervision and interpretation and including all angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed; each additional artery
		Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological
37238	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	supervision and interpretation and including angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed; initial vein
	,	Transcatheter placement of an intravascular stent(s), open or percutaneous, including radiological
37230	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	supervision and interpretation and including angioplasty within the same vessel, when performed; each additional vein
37239 37241	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Occlusion of vein with review by radiologist
	·	Vascular embolization or occlusion, inclusive of all radiological supervision and interpretation,
37243	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	intraprocedural roadmapping, and imaging guidance necessary to complete the intervention; for tumors, organ ischemia, or infarction
		Transluminal balloon angioplasty for occlusive disease, intracranial, coronary, pulmonary, or dialysis
37246	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	circuit), open or percutaneous, including all imaging and radiological supervision and interpretation necessary to perform the angioplasty within the sa
		Tangluminal halloon angiantests are a second as a seco
37247	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	Transluminal balloon angioplasty, open or percutaneous, including all imaging and radiological supervision and interpretation necessary to perform the angioplasty within the same artery; each additional artery
0,24/	Jurgery. Carurovascutar system	Transluminal balloon angioplasty (except dialysis circuit), open or percutaneous, including all imaging and
		radiological supervision and interpretation necessary to perform the angioplasty within the same vein; initial
37248	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	vein
		ITrancluminal halloon angion lacty (except dialucic circuit), open or percutanceus, including all imaging and I
		Transluminal balloon angioplasty (except dialysis circuit), open or percutaneous, including all imaging and radiological supervision and interpretation necessary to perform the angioplasty within the same vein; each

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27765	Surgany Cardiovaccular System	Procedure to remove (strip) or collapse one or more spider or varicose veins, usually found in the legs or
37765	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	ankles. Procedure to remove (strip) or collapse one or more spider or varicose veins, usually found in the legs or
37766	Surgery: Cardiovascular System	ankles.
		Collection of blood-derived stem cells from a donor. The stem cells will be used to regenerate bone marrow
38205 38240	Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems	or an immune system damaged by chemotherapy or radiation. Transplantation of bone marrow or stem cells.
38241	Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems	Transplantation of bone marrow or stem cetts.
	, , ,	An infusion of bone marrow or stem cells from the original donor is used after a transplant surgery to help
38242	Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems	support the immune system in accepting the transplant.
38243	Surgery: Hemic and Lymphatic Systems	An additional infusion of stem cells to make an original bone marrow transplant more effective.
4110F	Category II: Therapeutic, Preventative, or Other Interventions	Internal mammary artery graft performed for primary, isolated coronary artery bypass graft procedure (CABG)
42140	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of the uvula (small fleshy mass that hangs from the roof of the mouth above the tongue).
42145	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove excess tissue in the back of the throat to widen the airway. The procedure treats sleep apnea.
43279	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (endoscope) to repair the esophagus.
43330	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair the esophagus through an incision into chest (thoracic approach) or abdomen.
43331	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to repair the esophagus through an incision into chest (thoracic approach) or abdomen.
43497	Surgany Directive System	Procedure to treat a disorder of the esophagus and allow a better passage of food and liquids from the esophagus into the stomach.
45497	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove a section of the stomach. The procedure involves creation of a new connection to the
43631	Surgery: Digestive System	intestines.
		Surgery to remove a section of the stomach. The procedure involves creation of a new connection to the
43632	Surgery: Digestive System	intestines. Surgery to remove a section of the stomach. The procedure involves creation of a new connection to the
43633	Surgery: Digestive System	intestines.
		Surgery to remove a section of the stomach. The procedure involves creation of a new connection to the
43634	Surgery: Digestive System	intestines.
43644	Surgery: Digestive System	Stomach surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope). The procedure reduces the size of the stomach or creates a route for food that bypasses the stomach.
43659	Surgery: Digestive System Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure on the stomach using a scope (laparoscope).
43770	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery for obesity aided by a scope (laparoscope) to place a band around the upper stomach.
		Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to adjust the location or sizing of a restrictive band placed around
43771	Surgery: Digestive System	the upper stomach.
43772	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to remove an adjustable band placed around the stomach. Access ports that may have been placed under the skin also are removed at this time.
		Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) that removes a restrictive device from the stomach. An adjustable
43773	Surgery: Digestive System	band is placed around the stomach.
40774	Contrary Districtive Contrary	Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to remove an adjustable band placed around the stomach. Access
43774	Surgery: Digestive System	ports that may have been placed under the skin also are removed at this time. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscope) to remove a portion of the stomach (gastric sleeve surgery). The
43775	Surgery: Digestive System	procedure is done to help weight loss.
43843	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to restrict or reduce the size of the stomach.
		Abdominal surgery for obesity to reduce the size of the stomach. The procedure involves constructing a
43845	Surgery: Digestive System	passage (bypass) that moves food around the outside of the stomach to reduce absorption. A part of the intestines may be reconstructed.
		Abdominal surgery for obesity to reduce the size of the stomach. The procedure involves constructing a
		passage (bypass) that moves food around the outside of the stomach to reduce absorption. A part of the
43846	Surgery: Digestive System	intestines may be reconstructed. Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to revise a previous surgery that reduced the size of the
43848	Surgery: Digestive System	stomach.
		Surgery to revise an access port under the skin that was created as part of a surgery to decrease the
43886	Surgery: Digestive System	capacity of the stomach.
42007	Current Directive Custom	Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to remove a stomach access port that was implanted under the
43887	Surgery: Digestive System	skin. Surgery through an incision in the abdomen to remove and replace the stomach access port to ensure
43888	Surgery: Digestive System	proper functioning of the gastric band.
44132	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery on a donor to remove intestinal tissue or an entire section of the intestines.
44133	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery on a donor to remove intestinal tissue or an entire section of the intestines.
44135 44136	Surgery: Digestive System Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to transplant an intestine. Surgery to transplant an intestine.
44137	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to transplant an intestine. Surgery to remove a transplanted intestine or portion of intestine.
		Healthy stool bacteria from a donor is prepared and may be transplanted. This procedure treats a variety of
44705	Surgery: Digestive System	conditions including irritable bowel syndrome, constipation and colitis.
44715 44720	Surgery: Digestive System Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure to prepare donor intestinal graft for transplant. Procedure to prepare donor intestinal graft for transplant.
44721	Surgery: Digestive System	Procedure to prepare donor intestinal graft for transplant. Procedure to prepare donor intestinal graft for transplant.
47133	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove the liver from a donor and procedure for preserving the liver.
47135	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove an ailing liver and transplant a healthy one in its place.
47140 47141	Surgery: Digestive System Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove a section of the liver. The tissue will be donated to another person. Surgery to remove a section of the liver. The tissue will be donated to another person.
47142	Surgery: Digestive System Surgery: Digestive System	Surgery to remove a section of the liver. The tissue will be donated to another person.
47143	Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
47144	Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
47145 47146	Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal. Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
47147	Surgery: Digestive System Surgery: Digestive System	Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal. Preparation of a liver donated for an organ transplant after removal.
48160	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of the pancreas.
48550	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of a pancreas donated for an organ transplant.
48551	Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of a pancreas donated for an organ transplant.
48551 48552	Surgery: Digestive System Surgery: Digestive System	Surgical removal of a pancreas donated for an organ transplant.
48551	Surgery: Digestive System	

50320	Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove kidney from organ donor.
50323	Surgery: Urinary System	Preparation of the donor kidney for transplant surgery.
50325	Surgery: Urinary System	Preparation of the donor kidney for transplant surgery.
50007	Constraint History Contains	
50327	Surgery: Urinary System	Procedure done to rebuild a vessel or ureter (kidney tube) of the donor kidney prior to transplant surgery.
50328	Surgery: Urinary System	Procedure done to rebuild a vessel or ureter (kidney tube) of the donor kidney prior to transplant surgery.
50329	Surgery: Urinary System	Procedure done to rebuild a vessel or ureter (kidney tube) of the donor kidney prior to transplant surgery.
50340	Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove damaged kidney prior to transplant.
50360	Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove an ailing kidney and transplant a healthy one in its place.
50365	Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove an ailing kidney and transplant a healthy one in its place.
50370	Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to remove a transplanted kidney that has been rejected by the recipient's immune system.
50380	Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery to move the kidney from its original location to a new site in the body.
50547	Surgery: Urinary System	Surgery using a scope (laparoscope) to remove an entire kidney. The procedure may include removing nearby tissue such as lymph nodes, adrenal glands or a portion of the upper urinary tract (ureter).
30347	Surgery. Offinary System	nearby dissue such as tymph hodes, adrenat glands of a portion of the dpper diffiary fract (dieter).
54125	Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgical removal of all or a part of the penis. The procedure may include removal of nearby lymph nodes.
	,	Surgery to implant a prosthesis into the penis. A prosthesis may be semi-rigid or inflatable. The inflatable
54400	Surgery: Male Genital System	prosthesis may include a pump and reservoir as well.
		Surgery to implant a prosthesis into the penis. A prosthesis may be semi-rigid or inflatable. The inflatable
54401	Surgery: Male Genital System	prosthesis may include a pump and reservoir as well.
		Surgery to implant a prosthesis into the penis. A prosthesis may be semi-rigid or inflatable. The inflatable
54405	Surgery: Male Genital System	prosthesis may include a pump and reservoir as well.
54408	Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgical repair of one or more components of an inflatable penile prosthesis.
54410	Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to replace a single or multi-component penile prosthesis.
510	gyrriano oomina oyotom	Surgery to replace a single of multi-component penile prostnesss. Surgery to replace a single or multi-component penile prostness due to an infection. The procedure
54411	Surgery: Male Genital System	involves cleaning the infected area and removing damaged tissue.
54411		Surgery to replace a single or multi-component penile prosthesis.
J 44 10	Surgery: Male Genital System	
E 4 4 1 7	Surgany Mala Canital Sustam	Surgery to replace a single or multi-component penile prosthesis due to an infection. The procedure
54417	Surgery: Male Genital System	involves cleaning the infected area and removing damaged tissue.
		Surgery to remove an entire testicle or part of one (orchiectomy). If infection or injury is present, it is treated.
54520	Surgery: Male Genital System	Any tumor or abnormal tissue is removed. The procedure may include placement of an artificial testicle.
54660	Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to insert a testicular prosthesis (artificial testicle).
		Surgery to remove an entire testicle or part of one (orchiectomy). If infection or injury is present, it is treated.
54690	Surgery: Male Genital System	Any tumor or abnormal tissue is removed. The procedure may include placement of an artificial testicle.
55175	Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the scrotum. The procedure may include use of skin grafts, flaps or patches.
55180	Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgery to repair or reconstruct the scrotum. The procedure may include use of skin grafts, flaps or patches.
55400	Surgery: Male Genital System	Surgical repair of a blockage preventing sperm from moving through the vas deferens.
55970	Surgery: Intersex Surgery	Surgery to change male or female genitals from one gender to the other.
55980	Surgery: Intersex Surgery	Surgery to change male or female genitals from one gender to the other.
		Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove
56620	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue.
56620	Surgery: Female Genital System	
56620 56625	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue.
		precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove
56625	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue.
56625	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues.
56625 56800	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper
56625 56800	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn.
56625 56800 56805	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to atter a clittoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for
56625 56800 56805	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes.
56625 56800 56805 57106	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may
56625 56800 56805 57106	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clittoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to atter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to atter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery dided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to atter a clittoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends
56625 56800 56805 57106 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to the active a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750 58760	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the antiricial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vaginal that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisety map the target location in three dimensions.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57291 57292 57335 58672 58750 58760 61863	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to atter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to latter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to latter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to latter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to latter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to latter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallop
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750 58760	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant one or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750 58760 61863 61864	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant one or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57291 57292 57335 58672 58750 58760 61863	Surgery: Female Genital System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to more portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vaginal that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to alter a vaginal that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to to alter a vaginal that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to to alter a vaginal that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to to the fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tubes. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device that stimu
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750 61863 61864 61864	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to atter a clitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant one or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant one or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750 58760 61863 61864 61867	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Nervous System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or remove portions of the vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions.
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750 61863 61864 61867 61868 61885	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Nervous System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device to or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimen
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 58750 58760 61863 61864 61867	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Nervous System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to alter a cilitoris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant and evice that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device to stimulate nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target loca
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58750 58760 61863 61864 61867 61868 61886	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Nervous System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to atter a citioris that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to remove the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant one or more additional devices for stimulating nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device to stimulate nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target loc
56625 56800 56805 57106 57110 57291 57292 57335 58672 58720 61863 61864 61867 61868 61885 61886 61889	Surgery: Female Genital System Surgery: Nervous System	precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to remove all or part of the external components of a woman's genitals, in order to remove precancerous or cancerous tissue. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to reshape the vaginal opening and supporting tissues. Surgery to remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or remove portions of the vaginal wall. The procedure may include removal of a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgery to remove the entire vaginal wall, including surrounding diseased tissue. The procedure may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy) or removal of lymph nodes. Surgical construction of an artificial vagina, using a pressure technique or skin grafts. Surgery to alter a vagina that is larger or smaller than normal. The procedure is done to correct improper sexual development in a newborn. Surgery aided by a scope (laparoscopy) to repair the end of the fallopian tubes. Surgery to remove one or both pairs of fallopian tubes or ovaries. Microsurgical repair of a blocked fallopian tube. The blocked section is removed. Then either the tube ends are sewn together, or, the tube is reimplanted into the uterus. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant and evice that stimulates nerves in the brain. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions. Surgery to implant a device to stimulate nerves in the brain. Surgery to implant a device to stimulate nerves
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62327 Surgery: Nervous System injection is of medication or contrast material for a scan. 62350 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the span connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62351 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62360 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62360 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62361 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62362 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62362 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62363 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62364 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62365 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62366 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. 62367 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra). 62380 Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	ce around the spinal cord. The catheter
62350 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication.	ce around the spinal cord. The catheter include removal of part of a spine bone
Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra). Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	ce around the spinal cord. The catheter ce around the spinal cord. The catheter ce around the spinal cord. The catheter nclude removal of part of a spine bone
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62360 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery: Nervous System (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra). Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	ce around the spinal cord. The catheter ce around the spinal cord. The catheter nclude removal of part of a spine bone
62361 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Surgery to implant or re-implant a tube (catheter) into the spa 62362 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in 62380 Surgery: Nervous System (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra). 63001 Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	ce around the spinal cord. The catheter
62362 Surgery: Nervous System connects to a pump or reservoir for medication. Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra). Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	nclude removal of part of a spine bone
Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in 62380 Surgery: Nervous System (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra). Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	
63001 Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	
63003 Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the upper b	
Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the mid-lov	ver back to relieve pressure on the spinal
63005 Surgery: Nervous System cord. Surgery to remove a portion of one or more vertebra (spine bo	nes) in the lower back. The procedure is done
63011 Surgery: Nervous System to relieve pressure on the spinal cord.	les) in the tower back. The procedure is done
63012 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to correct a misalignment of the spine caused by a ver	tebra that has slipped forward.
63015 Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck to	
63016 Surgery: Nervous System Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the upper to	
Surgical removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the mid-low cord.	ver back to relieve pressure on the spinal
Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in 63020 Surgery: Nervous System (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra).	nclude removal of part of a spine bone
Back surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve. The surgery may in	nclude removal of part of a spine bone
63030 Surgery: Nervous System (vertebra) or a disc (cushion between the vertebra). Back surgery to relieve pressure caused by one or more pinch	ed nerves. The surgery may include the
removal of part of a vertebra (spine bone) or the removal of a b	
63035 Surgery: Nervous System vertebra). Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine.	The surgery may include the removal of part of
63040 Surgery: Nervous System a spine bone (vertebra) and/or the removal of a bulging disc (t Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine.	
63042 Surgery: Nervous System a spine bone (vertebra) and/or the removal of a bulging disc (t	= : : :
Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine. Surgery: Nervous System a spine bone (vertebra) and/or the removal of a bulging disc (t	
Additional surgery to relieve pressure on a nerve in the spine.	
63044 Surgery: Nervous System a spine bone (vertebra) and/or the removal of a bulging disc (t	
63045 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the n	eck in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63046 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the u	
Surgery to remove a portion of a vertebra (spinal bone) in the upon the surgery: Nervous System pinched nerve.	ipper or lower back in order to relieve a
63048 Surgery: Nervous System Removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) in the neck or back in	order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63050 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, in the neck.	·
63051 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, in the neck.	
63052 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the lo	wer back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63053 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the lo	wer back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63055 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, caused by a bu	
63056 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, caused by a her	
63057 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to relieve pressure on the spinal cord, caused by a but Costovertebral approach with decompression of spinal cord of	
63064 Surgery: Nervous System disc), thoracic; single segment	
Costovertebral approach with decompression of spinal cord of disc), thoracic; each additional segment	r nerve root(s) (eg, herniated intervertebral
Removal of a portion of herniated disc and vertebral (spine) both Surgery: Nervous System the neck.	one spurs in order to relieve a pinched nerve in
Removal of a portion of herniated disc and vertebral (spine) by Surgery: Nervous System the neck.	one spurs in order to relieve a pinched nerve in
Surgery to remove a portion of a bulging (herniated) disc and v	ertebral (spine) bone spurs in order to relieve
63077 Surgery: Nervous System a pinched nerve in the upper back. Surgery to remove a portion of a bulging (herniated) disc and v	ertebral (spine) bone spurs in order to relieve
63078 Surgery: Nervous System a pinched nerve in the upper back.	
63081 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the n	
63082 Surgery: Nervous System Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the n	and the condensate well are a minimum at a second

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63085	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the upper back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63086	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the upper back in order to relieve a pinched nerve. Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a
63087	Surgery: Nervous System	pinched nerve.
63088	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63090	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63091	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the middle or lower back in order to relieve a pinched nerve.
63101	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of a spine bone (vertebra) in the upper back in order to relieve a pinched nerve. Surgery to remove a portion of a vertebra (spinal bone) in the upper or lower back in order to relieve a
63102	Surgery: Nervous System	pinched nerve. Surgery to remove a portion of a vertebra (spine bone) in the upper or lower back in order to relieve pain
63103	Surgery: Nervous System	from a pinched nerve.
63170	Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) and surgery on the spinal cord to relieve pain.
63172	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and to drain a fluid-filled sac (cyst) on the spinal cord.
63173	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and to drain a fluid-filled sac (cyst) on the spinal cord. Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and sever nerves in the spinal cord. This
63185	Surgery: Nervous System	procedure relieves muscle spasm and pain.
63190	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and sever nerves in the spinal cord. This procedure relieves muscle spasm and pain.
63191	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and sever nerves in the spinal cord. This procedure relieves muscle spasm and pain.
63197	 Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove one or more bones of the spine (vertebrae) and disable nerves in the spinal cord that transmit pain signals to the brain.
63200	Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of a portion of vertebra (spine) and surgery to remove adhesions (scar tissue) on the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine in order to repair an artery and vein that have formed improperty. The procedure
63250	Surgery: Nervous System	requires removing a portion of a spine bone (vertebra). Surgery on the spine in order to repair an artery and vein that have formed improperly. The procedure
63251	Surgery: Nervous System	requires removing a portion of a spine bone (vertebra).
COOFO	Curdony Nonique Custom	Surgery on the spine in order to repair an artery and vein that have formed improperly. The procedure
63252 63265	Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	requires removing a portion of a spine bone (vertebra). Laminectomy for excision or evacuation of intraspinal lesion other than neoplasm, extradural; cervical
63266	Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	Laminectomy for excision or evacuation of intraspinal lesion other than neoplasm, extradural; thoracic
		Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the mid-
63267	Surgery: Nervous System	lower back.
63268	Surgery: Nervous System	Laminectomy for excision or evacuation of intraspinal lesion other than neoplasm, extradural; sacral
63270	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the neck.
63271	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the upper back.
63272	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the mid- lower back.
63273	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a portion of vertebra (spine) and abnormal tissue (lesion) from the spinal cord in the lower back.
63275	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the neck. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
		Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the middle back. The procedure requires removing a
63276	Surgery: Nervous System	spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy). Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a
63277	Surgery: Nervous System	spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy). Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a
63278	Surgery: Nervous System	spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
63280	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the neck. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
		Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the middle back. The procedure requires removing a
63281	Surgery: Nervous System	spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy). Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a
63282	Surgery: Nervous System	spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy). Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the lower back. The procedure requires removing a
63283	Surgery: Nervous System	Spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy). Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the neck. The procedure requires removing a spine
63285	Surgery: Nervous System	bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
63286	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine in the middle back. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
63287	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine. The procedure requires removing a spine bone (vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
		Surgery to remove a tumor located inside the spine. The procedure requires removing a spine bone
63290	Surgery: Nervous System	(vertebra) and may include removing a sample of tissue for testing (biopsy).
63295	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to reconstruct the spine following damage due to tumor or disease of the spine.
63300	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the neck.
63301	 Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the upper back.
63302	 Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the upper back.
		Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal
63303	Surgery: Nervous System	cord in the mid-lower back. Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal
63304	Surgery: Nervous System	cord in the neck.

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63305	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the upper back.
		Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal
63306	Surgery: Nervous System	cord in the upper back.
63307	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord in the mid-lower back.
63308	Surgery: Nervous System	Removal of all or a part of the vertebra (spine) and lesion (abnormal tissue) located on the spinal cord.
63620	Surgery: Nervous System	Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into the spine. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely map the target location in three dimensions.
00020	ourgery. Nervous dystern	Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into the spine. Stereotactic imaging is used to precisely
63621	Surgery: Nervous System	map the target location in three dimensions.
63650	Surgery: Nervous System	Placement of electrode under the skin near the spine; the electrode attaches to a transmitter which produces electrical stimulation to alleviate pain.
		Placement of electrode under the skin near the spine; the electrode attaches to a transmitter which
63655	Surgery: Nervous System	produces electrical stimulation to alleviate pain. Back surgery for a device implanted into the spine to relieve back pain. The surgery may be performed in
63663	Surgery: Nervous System	order to insert or remove the device, or to replace the device or one of its parts.
00004	Contrary Name of Contrary	Back surgery for a device implanted into the spine to relieve back pain. The surgery may be performed in
63664	Surgery: Nervous System	order to insert or remove the device, or to replace the device or one of its parts. Back surgery for a device implanted into the spine to relieve back pain. The surgery may be performed in
63685	Surgery: Nervous System	order to insert or remove the device, or to replace the device or one of its parts.
64451	Surgery: Nervous System	Injection of anesthetic or other medicine into a nerve to relieve pain. Injection of an anesthetic or steroid into the space around the spinal cord. The injection treats pain from
64479	Surgery: Nervous System	bulging discs in the spine.
		Injection of an anesthetic or steroid into the space around the spinal cord. The injection treats pain from
64480	Surgery: Nervous System	bulging discs in the spine. Injection of an anesthetic or steroid into the space around the spinal cord. The injection treats pain from
64483	Surgery: Nervous System	bulging discs in the spine.
64494	Surrany Manage System	Injection of an anesthetic or steroid into the space around the spinal cord. The injection treats pain from
64484	Surgery: Nervous System	bulging discs in the spine. An injection into a joint of the spine or its nerves, guided by a CT scan or fluoroscopy (an x-ray taken with dye
64490	Surgery: Nervous System	to enhance an area on the image).
64491	Surgery: Nervous System	An injection into a joint of the spine or its nerves, guided by a CT scan or fluoroscopy (an x-ray taken with dye to enhance an area on the image).
0.101	edigory, Norvedo oyetem	An injection into a joint of the spine or its nerves, guided by a CT scan or fluoroscopy (an x-ray taken with dye
64492	Surgery: Nervous System	to enhance an area on the image).
64493	Surgery: Nervous System	An injection into a joint of the spine or its nerves, guided by a CT scan or fluoroscopy (an x-ray taken with dye to enhance an area on the image).
		An injection into a joint of the spine or its nerves, guided by a CT scan or fluoroscopy (an x-ray taken with dye
64494	Surgery: Nervous System	to enhance an area on the image). An injection into a joint of the spine or its nerves, guided by a CT scan or fluoroscopy (an x-ray taken with dye
64495	Surgery: Nervous System	to enhance an area on the image).
64510	Surgery: Nervous System	Injection of anesthetic or other medicine into a nerve to relieve pain.
64520	Surgery: Nervous System	An injection of a numbing agent (anesthesia) or other medication into a joint of the spine or its nerves. Surgery to implant an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The goal of the procedure may be to
64553	Surgery: Nervous System	reduce pain, to exercise paralyzed muscles or to enhance the signal sent by the particular nerves.
64555	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to implant an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The goal of the procedure may be to reduce pain, to exercise paralyzed muscles or to enhance the signal sent by the particular nerves.
04333	oulgery. Nervous system	Surgery to implant an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The goal of the procedure may be to
64561	Surgery: Nervous System	reduce pain, to exercise paralyzed muscles or to enhance the signal sent by the particular nerves.
64566	Surgery: Nervous System	Procedure to stimulate a nerve in the back of the lower leg. Electrical current is applied by inserting a small needle into the skin.
		Creation of a surgical opening (incision or cut) in preparation for implanting an electrode that will stimulate
64568	Surgery: Nervous System	one or more nerves. The electrode may reduce pain or stimulate muscles.
64569	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery for a nerve stimulator implanted for a cranial nerve. The surgery may be performed in order to revise the device (such as reprogramming) or to replace the device or one of its parts.
64570	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a nerve stimulator implanted for a cranial nerve.
64575	Surgery: Nervous System	Creation of a surgical opening (incision or cut) in preparation for implanting an electrode that will stimulate one or more nerves. The electrode may reduce pain or stimulate muscles.
0.070	edigory, Norvede dysterii	Creation of a surgical opening (incision or cut) in preparation for implanting an electrode that will stimulate
64581	Surgery: Nervous System	one or more nerves. The electrode may reduce pain or stimulate muscles.
64582	Surgery: Nervous System	Procedure to implant nerve stimulator in the nerve used in tongue movement. Includes pulse generator and electrodes.
64583	Surgery: Nervous System	Procedure to revise or replace nerve stimulator in the nerve used in tongue movement.
64584	Surgery: Nervous System	Procedure to remove nerve stimulator from the nerve used in tongue movement.
64585	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to remove a nerve stimulator. Surgery to insert or replace nerve stimulator generator or receiver (device used to treat pain or nausea by
64590	Surgery: Nervous System	producing electrical stimulation).
64595	Surgery: Nervous System	Surgery to revise or remove a device that stimulates nerves. Typically the device is implanted to reduce pain or nausea.
64600	Surgery: Nervous System	An injection into a nerve to deaden the sensation of pain at a location.
0.4005	Surgery: Nervous System	An injection into a nerve to deaden the sensation of pain at a location.
64605	Surgery: Nervous System	An injection into a nerve to deaden the sensation of pain at a location.
64610		An injection into a nerve to deaden the sensation of pain at a location
64610 64620	Surgery: Nervous System	An injection into a nerve to deaden the sensation of pain at a location. An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of
64610 64620 64625	Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of the spine and hip. This procedure (radiofrequency ablation) is used to treat chronic pain.
64610 64620	Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of
64610 64620 64625 64628 64629	Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of the spine and hip. This procedure (radiofrequency ablation) is used to treat chronic pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Relief of foot pain by injecting a chemical that destroys the main nerve running across the top of the foot to
64610 64620 64625 64628 64629 64632	Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of the spine and hip. This procedure (radiofrequency ablation) is used to treat chronic pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Relief of foot pain by injecting a chemical that destroys the main nerve running across the top of the foot to the toes (plantar common digital nerve).
64610 64620 64625 64628 64629	Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of the spine and hip. This procedure (radiofrequency ablation) is used to treat chronic pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Relief of foot pain by injecting a chemical that destroys the main nerve running across the top of the foot to
64610 64620 64625 64628 64629 64632 64633 64634 64635	Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of the spine and hip. This procedure (radiofrequency ablation) is used to treat chronic pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Relief of foot pain by injecting a chemical that destroys the main nerve running across the top of the foot to the toes (plantar common digital nerve). Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine. Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine. Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine.
64610 64620 64625 64628 64629 64632 64633 64634 64635 64636	Surgery: Nervous System Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of the spine and hip. This procedure (radiofrequency ablation) is used to treat chronic pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Relief of foot pain by injecting a chemical that destroys the main nerve running across the top of the foot to the toes (plantar common digital nerve). Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine. Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine. Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine. Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine.
64610 64620 64625 64628 64629 64632 64633 64634 64635	Surgery: Nervous System	An electrical current produced by a radio wave is used to heat up a small area of nerve tissue at the joint of the spine and hip. This procedure (radiofrequency ablation) is used to treat chronic pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Surgery to destroy a nerve in the back to treat chronic low back pain. Relief of foot pain by injecting a chemical that destroys the main nerve running across the top of the foot to the toes (plantar common digital nerve). Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine. Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine. Relief of pain by injecting a chemical to destroy a nerve of the spine.

65779	Antorior Cogmont	Discoment of ampietic membrane on the equiparcurfaces single layer cuttured
65779	Anterior Segment	Placement of amniotic membrane on the ocular surface; single layer, sutured
		Enlargement (dilation) of the canal that drains fluid from the eye. The procedure can relieve pressure in the
66174	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	eye associated with glaucoma. A support device (stent) may be left in place to keep the canal enlarged.
66175	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Enlargement (dilation) of the canal that drains fluid from the eye. The procedure can relieve pressure in the eye associated with glaucoma. A support device (stent) may be left in place to keep the canal enlarged.
66989	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Eye surgery to remove a cataract and replace it with an artificial lens.
66991	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Eye surgery to remove a cataract and replace it with an artificial lens.
66999	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery involving the front portion of the eye (space between the iris and cornea).
67516	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Drug injection into a space that runs from the front to the back of the eye.
67900 67901	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue. Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67902	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67903	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67906	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67908	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to repair a drooping eyelid (ptosis) or remove abnormal tissue.
67909	Surgery: Eye and Ocular Adnexa	Surgery to adjust a previous surgical correction of a drooping eyelid (ptosis). Surgery on the nose and throat. During the procedure a scope is used to view the area and a small balloon is
69705	Surgery: Auditory System	used to open up a nasal passage.
03703	ourgery. Additory dystern	Surgery on the nose and throat. During the procedure a scope is used to view the area and a small balloon is
69706	Surgery: Auditory System	used to open up a nasal passage.
69930	Surgery: Auditory System	Surgery to implant a hearing aid with an external speech processor.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a jaw joint
70336	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	(temporomandibular joint or TMJ).
70450	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the skull and brain and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
	radiotogy, Sitegrissias radiotogy (Diagnostic imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the skull and brain and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye
70460	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	(contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
		A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the skull and brain and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye
70470	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	(contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
70400	Padialanu Diagnastia Padialanu (Diagnastia Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the eye socket or ear and assembles them into a 3-D image.
70480	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see. A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the eye socket or ear and assembles them into a 3-D image.
70481	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
	3, 10 3	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the eye socket or ear and assembles them into a 3-D image.
70482	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
		A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the face and jaw and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye
70486	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	might be used to highlight areas on the images.
70487	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the face and jaw and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye might be used to highlight areas on the images.
70407	Tradictory, Diagnostic Hadiotory (Diagnostic imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the face and jaw and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye
70488	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	might be used to highlight areas on the images.
		A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the neck and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast)
70490	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	may be used to make the area easier to see.
70491	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the neck and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
70431	Tradiotogy. Diagnostic radiotogy (Diagnostic imaging)	A CT scanner circles the head taking x-rays of the neck and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast)
70492	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	may be used to make the area easier to see.
		A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the head. The scanner
		circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected to
70496	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	highlight a specific area.
		A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the neck. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected to
70498	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	highlight a specific area.
		MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the eyes, face
70540	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	and neck. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken.
70540		MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the eyes, face
70542	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	and neck. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the eyes, face
70543	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	and neck. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken.
70544	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the head.
		An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the head. A
70545	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	contrast agent may be used to highlight areas.
70546	Padiology Diagnostic Padiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the head. The study compares images with and without a contrast agent.
70546	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	The study compares images with and without a contrast agent.
70547	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the neck.
	2. 2. 3, 1000000000	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the neck.
70548	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A contrast agent may be used to highlight areas.
		An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the neck.
70549	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	The study compares images with and without a contrast agent.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain
70551	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	and brainstem. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain
70552	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	and brainstem. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken.
70552	Padiology Diagnostic Padiology (Diagnostic Incoming)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the brain
70553	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	and brainstem. A functional MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of
70554	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	the brain while it is working. The test can reveal changes in brain function.
	(A functional MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of
70555	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	the brain while it is working. The test can reveal changes in brain function.
		A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye
71250	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	(contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.

		A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye
71260	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	(contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
71270	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
71271	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	In this screening for lung cancer, a CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the chest and assembles them into a 3-D image.
	(A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of non-heart blood vessels in the chest. The
71275	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected to highlight a specific area.
		An MDI (magnatic recognice imaging) study to evaluate lymph nodes in the chect. An MDI greates images
71550	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) study to evaluate lymph nodes in the chest. An MRI creates images with a strong magnetic field. A contrast agent may be used to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) study to evaluate lymph nodes in the chest. An MRI creates images
71551	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	with a strong magnetic field. A contrast agent may be used to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) study to evaluate lymph nodes in the chest. An MRI creates images
71552	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	with a strong magnetic field. A contrast agent may be used to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken. An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the chest.
71555	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A contrast agent may be injected to make the area easier to see.
72125	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the upper (cervical) spine and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see.
		A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays of the upper (cervical) spine and assembles them into a 3-D
72126	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	image. Dye (contrast) may be used to make the area easier to see. A CT (computed tomography) scan of the upper, middle or lower back. The scanner circles the body taking x-
72127	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. After one set of images, a second set is taken with contrast dye to highlight areas.
		A CT (computed tomography) scan circles the body taking x-rays of the middle back (thoracic spine) and
72128	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected highlight an area. A CT (computed tomography) scan circles the body taking x-rays of the middle back (thoracic spine) and
72129	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected highlight an area.
		A CT (computed tomography) scan of the upper, middle or lower back. The scanner circles the body taking x- rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. After one set of images, a second set is taken with contrast dye
72130	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	to highlight areas. CT (computed tomography) of spine (low back). The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles
72131	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	them into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see.
72132	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of spine (low back). The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see.
	0, 0 0, 0 0,	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the upper, middle or lower back. The scanner circles the body taking x
72133	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. After one set of images, a second set is taken with contrast dye to highlight areas.
72141	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the upper spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the images.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the upper spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may
72142	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	be given to enhance the images. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the middle spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent
72146	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	may be given to enhance the images. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the middle spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent
72147	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	may be given to enhance the images.
72148	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the lower spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the images.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the lower spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may
72149	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	be given to enhance the images. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be
72156	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	given to enhance the images. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be
72157	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	given to enhance the images.
72158	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) of the interior of the spine (spinal canal). A contrast agent may be given to enhance the images.
72159	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels inside the spine. A contrast agent may be injected to make a specific area easier to see.
72139	naulology. Diagnostic naulology (Diagnostic Illiagnig)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the pelvis. The scanner
72191	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected to highlight a specific area.
		CT (computed tomography) of the pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them
72192	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see. CT (computed tomography) of the pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them
72193	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see. CT (computed tomography) of the pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them
72194	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	into a 3-D image. Additional pictures taken after injecting dye to make the area easier to see.
72195	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the pelvis. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the pelvis.
72196	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the pelvis.
72197	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A contrast agent is introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images are taken. An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the pelvis. A
72198	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	contrast agent may be injected to make the area easier to see. Multiple images may be taken.
73200	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the arm. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. A contrast dye may be injected through an IV to illuminate specific areas.
73201	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the arm. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. A contrast dye may be injected through an IV to illuminate specific areas.

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73202	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) scan of the arm. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Additional pictures are taken after injecting contrast dye to make specific areas easier to see.
76262	radiotogy Diagnostic radiotogy (Diagnostic irraging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in one or both arms. The
73206	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected to highlight the area.
73218	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both arms. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both
73219	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	arms. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of an arm. A
73220	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	contrast agent is introduced to highlight areas and multiple images are taken.
73221	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a shoulder, elbow or wrist joint. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
7000	Padialogy Diagnostic Padialogy (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a shoulder,
73222	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	elbow or wrist joint. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of an arm
73223	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	joint. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken. An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and blood vessels in the arm. A
73225	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	contrast agent may be injected to make the area easier to see. CT (computed tomography) of the leg. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a
73700	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see. CT (computed tomography) of the leg. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a
73701	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see. A CT (computed tomography) scan of one or both legs. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and
73702	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	assembles them into a 3-D image. Images are taken before and after injecting dye to make a specific area easier to see.
73706	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in one or both legs. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected to highlight the area.
73718	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both legs. Contrast material may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
		An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both
73719	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	legs. Contrast material may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a leg. A
73720	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	contrast agent may be introduced to highlight areas. Multiple images may be taken.
73721	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a hip, knee or ankle joint. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
73722	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a hip, knee or ankle joint. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
73723	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of a leg joint. A contrast agent is introduced to highlight areas and multiple images are taken.
73725	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the leg. A contrast agent may be injected to make the area easier to see. CT (computed tomography) of the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles
74150	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	them into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see.
74160	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Dye may be injected to make the area easier to see.
74170	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	CT (computed tomography) of the abdomen. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Additional pictures are taken after injecting dye to make specific areas easier to see. A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of blood vessels in the abdomen and pelvis. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected
74174	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	to highlight a specific area. A CT (computed tomography) angiogram produces images of the blood vessels in the abdomen. The
74175	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected to highlight the area.
74176	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of both the abdomen (belly) and pelvis. CT takes a series of x-rays as the machine revolves around the body. Contrast material may be injected during the procedure to enhance details.
74177	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of both the abdomen (belly) and pelvis. CT takes a series of x-rays as the machine revolves around the body. Contrast material may be injected during the procedure to enhance details.
74178	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan of both the abdomen (belly) and pelvis. CT takes a series of x-rays as the machine revolves around the body. Contrast material may be injected during the procedure to enhance details.
74181	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the abdomen. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
74182	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the abdomen. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
74183	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of the abdomen. A contrast agent is introduced to highlight areas and multiple images are taken. An MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram is a detailed image of blood flow and vessel structures in the
74185	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	abdomen. A contrast agent may be injected to make the area of interest easier to see. Multiple images may be taken. A CT scan taken of the colon (large intestine). The scan may be used to check for polyps or to help diagnose
74261	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	and stage colon cancer. Typically images are taken both with and without a contrast agent to enhance areas.
74262	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan taken of the colon (large intestine). The scan may be used to check for polyps or to help diagnose and stage colon cancer. Typically images are taken both with and without a contrast agent to enhance areas.
74263	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging)	A CT scan taken of the colon (large intestine). The scan may be used to check for polyps or to help diagnose and stage colon cancer. Typically images are taken both with and without a contrast agent to enhance areas.

74712 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) Multiple images may be taken.	
An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) us	ses a strong magnetic field to take images of a fetus in the womb.
74713 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) Multiple images may be taken	ses a strong magnetic field to take images of a fetus in the womb.
Industrial Traditional T	
An MRI (magnatic reconance imaging) u	ses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart
	e muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded.
	ses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded.
	ses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of heart
	as on additional images. The heart muscle, blood flow, vessels and
75561 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) valves are evaluated while at work and at	t rest. ses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of heart
	as on additional images. The heart muscle, blood flow, vessels and
75563 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) valves are evaluated while at work and at	t rest.
	ses a strong magnetic field to evaluate the flow of blood through the
	cium buildup (plaque) is present. A CT scanner circles the body
75571 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) taking x-rays and assembles them into a	3-D image.
	ed prior to heart surgery. A CT scanner circles the body taking x-rays
	contrast dye may be injected to highlight an area. structure has been affected by heart disease that has been present
75573 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) since birth. Contrast dye may be injected	-
	dy the form and structure of the heart and its blood vessels.
75574 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) buildup.	evaluated. The study may also look at heart function and plaque
	rmine the status of narrowing arteries in the heart.
	produces images of the blood vessels in the abdomen. The
75635 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) scanner circles the body taking x-rays an to highlight the area.	d assembles them into a 3-D image. Contrast dye may be injected
75710 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology Angiography, extremity, unilateral, radiol	logical supervision and interpretation
75716 TP CARDIAC CODE IMPLEMENTATION Angiography, extremity, bilateral, radiolo	, ,
75736 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology Angiography, pelvic, selective or suprase 75820 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology Venography, extremity, unilateral, radiology	elective, radiological supervision and interpretation
75822 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology Venography, extremity, bilateral, radiolog	
76376 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) Physician supervision and interpretation	
76377 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) Physician supervision and interpretation	of 3-D image manipulation.
CT (computed tomography) follow-up st	udy. The scanner circles the body taking x-rays and assembles
76380 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) them into a 3-D image. Additional picture	es are taken after injecting dye to make a specific area easier to see.
Combines magnetic resonance imaging	(MRI) with sound waves to create a visual map showing stiffness of
	show the difference between normal and abnormal tissues.
A CT (seminated temperature)	
	ade from a sequence of x-rays taken as the scanner moves in circles
76497 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) around the body. The images are assemb	oled into a 3-D view.
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76497 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) around the body. The images are assemble An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) us 76498 Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology (Diagnostic Imaging) images may be taken. 77021 Radiology: Radiologic Guidance MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) guidance	oled into a 3-D view. ses a strong magnetic field to view an area of the body. Multiple ance is used to place a needle in a precise location.
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77523	Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Radiation therapy using protons is directed at the affected site. Protons can be shaped to match damaged cells. This enables use of a high dose without damage to nearby healthy cells.
		Radiation therapy using protons is directed at the affected site. Protons can be shaped to match damaged
77525	Radiology: Radiation Oncology	cells. This enables use of a high dose without damage to nearby healthy cells. Delivery of high-dose radiation to a precise spot on a tumor as an addition to standard brachytherapy.
77770	Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
77771	Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Multiple-channel delivery of high-dose radiation through a catheter directly to a tumor as an addition to standard brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
77772	Radiology: Radiation Oncology	Multiple-channel delivery of high-dose radiation through a catheter directly to a tumor as an addition to standard brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
77772	naulology. naulation oncology	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78429	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise. The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78430	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise.
78431	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise.
70400		The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78432	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise. The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78433 78434	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise. Imaging of blood flow in heart using positron emission tomography (PET).
78445	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Non-cardiac vascular flow imaging (ie, angiography, venography)
75115	Than order to the control of the con	A true 3-D scan of the heart using a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). Images are
78451	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	taken after giving a radioactive substance by mouth or IV to highlight blood flow and heart function.
78452	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A true 3-D scan of the heart using a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). Images are taken after giving a radioactive substance by mouth or IV to highlight blood flow and heart function.
78453	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is injected and its movement into, through and out of the heart is recorded by a high- energy camera for several heart cycles. The procedure helps to evaluate blood flow in all areas of the heart.
	<i>S</i> ,	
78454	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is injected and its movement into, through and out of the heart is recorded by a high- energy camera for several heart cycles. The procedure helps to evaluate blood flow in all areas of the heart.
78457	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Venous thrombosis imaging, venogram; unilateral
78458	Radiology: Diagnostic Radiology	Venous thrombosis imaging, venogram; bilateral
		The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78459	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise.
		A radioactive substance is injected and its movement through the heart is recorded by a high-energy camera
78466	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	for several heart cycles. The procedure helps to identify the extent and location of any heart muscle injury.
		A radioactive substance is injected and its movement through the heart is recorded by a high-energy camera
78468	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	for several heart cycles. The procedure helps to identify the extent and location of any heart muscle injury.
78469	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A true 3-D scan of the heart uses a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). The procedure helps to identify the extent and location of any heart muscle injury after a heart attack.
		A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will
78472	Dedictory Nuclear Medicine	be taken during the scan after a radioactive substance is given to highlight the blood flow. Pictures may be
76472	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	taken at rest and while exercising. A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will
		be taken during the scan after a radioactive substance is given to highlight the blood flow. Pictures may be
78473	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	taken at rest and while exercising. A heart blood pool scan is an imaging test that uses a radioactive marker to observe how the heart functions
78481	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	on the left side.
		A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will be taken during the scan after a radioactive substance is given to highlight the blood flow. Pictures may be
78483	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	taken at rest and while exercising.
78491	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise.
		The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78492	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates heart function or blood flow, at rest or during exercise. A true 3-D scan of the heart uses a high-energy CT (computed tomography) scanner (SPECT). Images are
78494	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	taken after giving a radioactive substance by mouth or IV to highlight blood flow.
		A heart blood pool scan shows how well the heart is pumping blood. One or more pictures of the heart will be taken during the scan after a radioactive substance is given to highlight the blood flow. Pictures may be
78496	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	taken at rest and while exercising.
78499	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A radioactive substance is given by mouth or IV. This highlights the heart structure and function on a scan so that it may be viewed more easily.
		The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78608	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates brain function or blood flow. The PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance. The
78609	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	scan evaluates brain function or blood flow.
78811	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance.
78812	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance.
78813	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance.
		A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance that has
78814	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	been given by mouth or IV. A CT (computed tomography) scan may be superimposed for enhanced views.
		A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance that has
78815	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	been given by mouth or IV. A CT (computed tomography) scan may be superimposed for enhanced views.
		A PET (positron emission tomography) scan creates images by detecting a radioactive substance that has
78816	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine	been given by mouth or IV. A CT (computed tomography) scan may be superimposed for enhanced views.
70000	Dadisland V. J. W. J. J.	A radioactive substance is given by mouth or IV. This highlights one or more areas of the body on a scan so
78999 81099	Radiology: Nuclear Medicine Pathology and Laboratory: Urinalysis	that they may be viewed more easily. UNLISTED URINALYSIS PROCEDURE
01002	Fathology and Laboratory, Officelysis	ONLISTED UNINALISIS FROCEDURE

This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants in the central nervous system (brain and spinal cord). Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants in the central nervous system (brain and spinal cord). This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants in the central nervous system (brain and spinal cord). This test checks for mutations of the DMD gene which affer mutations are present this can cause Duchenne/Becker m 81161 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology affecting muscles.	that are connected to the development of cancer
This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants: 81121 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology in the central nervous system (brain and spinal cord). This test checks for mutations of the DMD gene which affe mutations are present this can cause Duchenne/Becker m	
81121 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology in the central nervous system (brain and spinal cord). This test checks for mutations of the DMD gene which affer mutations are present this can cause Duchenne/Becker m	that are connected to the development of cancer
mutations are present this can cause Duchenne/Becker m	
Fathology and Laboratory. Protectital Fathology Tallecting muscles.	nuscular dystrophy, a progressive condition
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast	cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81162 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	, , ,
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast o	cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81163 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast	cancer Types of analysis include done variants
81164 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants,
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast i	cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81165 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast of genetic material that can indicate breast of genetic material that can indicate breast of full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants,
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast	cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants,
Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	
81168 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology A Lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate man	
A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate with leukemia.	the presence of genetic mutations associated
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intellec	ctual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene
Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intelled	ctual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene
81172 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle	e degeneration. Types of analysis include gene
Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.	
A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate:	the presence of genetic mutations associated
81175 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology with leukemia. A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate	the presence of constinuitations appealed
81176 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology with leukemia.	the presence of genetic mutations associated
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate DRPLA	(dentatorubral-pallidoluysian atrophy), a
progressive brain disorder that causes involuntary movem	ents, mental and emotional problems, and a
81177 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology decline in thinking ability. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (sp. 4).	oinggarghollar atavia), a disorder gharacterized by
progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated v	-
81178 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology movements.	,
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (sp	
progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated value. Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology movements.	with poor coordination of hands, speech, and eye
Faulougy and Laboratory, Professional Faulougy informents. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (sp.	pinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by
progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated to	•
81180 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology movements.	
A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (sp	pinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by
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progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated to Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology movements.	•
progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated of movements. Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology movements. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (sp	with poor coordination of hands, speech, and eye pinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by
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		A laboration of control of the state of the
81216	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81217	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene
81218	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81219	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81220	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81221	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81222	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81223	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81224	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cystic fibrosis. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81225	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects. A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81226	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects. A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81227	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects.
81228	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities in chromosomes, among others.
81229	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities in chromosomes, among others.
		A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81231	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects. A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81232	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include
81233	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81234	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate myotonic dystrophy, a form of muscular dystrophy accompanied by myotonia, the inability to relax a muscle.
81235	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing lung cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated
81236 81237	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	with leukemia. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate lymphoma (lymph cell cancer).
81238	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with blood clotting. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate myotonic dystrophy, a form of muscular dystrophy
81239	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	accompanied by myotonia, the inability to relax a muscle. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with blood clotting. Types of analysis include
81240	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with blood clotting. Types of analysis include
81241	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81242	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate anemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81243	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intellectual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate intellectual disabilities. Types of analysis include gene
81244	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene
81245	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene
81246	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate hemolytic anemia, a condition in which the body
81247	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	destroys red blood cells. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81249	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate hemolytic anemia, a condition in which the body destroys red blood cells. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81250	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with glycogen storage. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Gaucher disease. Types of analysis include gene
81251	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing hearing loss. Types of
81252	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the likelihood of developing hearing loss. Types of
81254	 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81255	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Tay-Sachs disease. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81256	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with too much iron (hemochromatosis). Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a blood problem. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81257	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a blood problem. Types of analysis include gene variants,
81258	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a blood problem. Types of analysis include gene variants,
	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81259		A lab analysis of constituents material that can indicate a problem with the analysis of constituents.
81259 81260 81265	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with the nervous system. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis that compares genetic material from donor and recipient or from mother and fetus.

81269	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a blood problem. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81270	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Huntington disease, which causes the breakdown of
81271	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	nerve cells in the brain. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia or tumors in the gastrointestinal
81272	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	tract. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81273	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate skin disease from many mast cells (mastocytosis). A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Huntington disease, which causes the breakdown of
81274	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	nerve cells in the brain.
81275	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81276	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate presence of genetic mutations associated with certain cancers.
		A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities
81277 81278	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	in chromosomes, among others. A lab analysis of genetic breakpoints that can indicate follicular lymphoma.
81279	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells.
		A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the response to interferon treatment, typically in the setting
81283	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	of chronic hepatitis C virus infection. Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a disease that causes progressive
81284	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	nervous system damage and movement problems. Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a disease that causes progressive
81285	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	nervous system damage and movement problems.
81286	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Friedreich ataxia, a disease that causes progressive nervous system damage and movement problems.
81287	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate the potential for developing a brain tumor. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81288	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with metabolism (mucolipidosis). Types of
81290	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81292	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints.
81293	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81294		A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints. A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81295	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints. A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81296	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints.
81297	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81298	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate risk of developing colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81299	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate risk of developing colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate risk of developing colon cancer. Types of analysis
81300	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81301	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Rett syndrome, a developmental problem of the nervous
81302	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	system. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81304	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Rett syndrome, a developmental problem of the nervous system. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
01205	Pathalogicand Laboratory Malagular Pathalogic	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate lymphoplasmacytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81305	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81306	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast or pancreatic cancer. Types of analysis include
81307	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81308	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate breast or pancreatic cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81309	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for breast cancer.
81310	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate acute myeloid leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81311	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate colon cancer.
81312	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that can indicate muscular dystrophy.
81314	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate tumors in the gastrointestinal tract. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81315	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate promyelocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate promyelocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include gene
81316	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81317	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints. A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence
81318	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	analysis or breakpoints.
81319	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A genetic test used to screen for colon cancer. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Types of analysis include
81320	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.

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81321	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
	3,7	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Types of analysis include gene
81322	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Cowden syndrome. Types of analysis include gene
81323	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate peripheral neuropathies such as Charcot-Marie-Tooth.
81324	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate peripheral neuropathies such as Charcot-Marie-Tooth.
81325	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81328	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects.
01020	Tuthology and Edboratory. Holecular Fathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene
81329	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81330	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate difficulty breaking down fats properly (Niemann-Pick disease). Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how the body's hormones work (Prader-
81331	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Willi syndrome or Angelman syndrome). Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate corneal dystrophy, which affects the clarity of the eye
81333	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	cornea. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated
81334	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	with leukemia.
04005	Dathed and and I also water a Malacular Dathed and	A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81335	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate muscle degeneration. Types of analysis include gene
81336	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
81338	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells. Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
31300		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate a problem with how bone marrow creates blood cells.
81339	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	Types of analysis include gene variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated with poor coordination of hands, speech, and eye
81343	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	movements.
		A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate SCA (spinocerebellar ataxia), a disorder characterized by progressive incoordination of gait and is often associated with poor coordination of hands, speech, and eye
81344	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	movements.
81345	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate thyroid cancer. A lab test that evaluates how well a drug is metabolized by the body. This helps to identify the most effective
81346	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	drug therapy and the likelihood of developing severe side effects.
01047	Dethology and Laboratory Malagular Dethology	A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated
81347	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	with leukemia. A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated
81348	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	with leukemia.
81349	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material within an entire genome. Such tests may look for variants or abnormalities in chromosomes, among others.
		A lab analysis of genetic material to find the best drug therapy for a condition. Types of analysis include gene
81350 81351	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints. A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Li-Fraumeni syndrome.
81352	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Li-Fraumeni syndrome.
81353	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate Li-Fraumeni syndrome. A lab analysis of genetic material to find the best drug therapy for a condition. Types of analysis include gene
81355	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	variants, full sequence analysis or breakpoints.
04057		A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated
81357	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	with leukemia. A laboratory analysis of genetic material that can indicate the presence of genetic mutations associated
81360	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	with leukemia.
81361	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample for variants that indicate whether or not a person has sickle cell anemia or other problems with hemoglobin.
		This lab test analyzes a genetic sample for variants that indicate whether or not a person has sickle cell
81363	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	anemia or other problems with hemoglobin. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample for variants that indicate whether or not a person has sickle cell
81364	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	anemia or other problems with hemoglobin.
81381	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis that identifies the type of human leukocyte antigen (HLA). The result is used to identify the best donor and recipient for bone marrow or cord blood.
81400	 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81401	 Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81402 81403	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease. A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81404	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81405 81406	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease. A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81407	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
81408	Pathology and Laboratory: Molecular Pathology	A lab analysis of genetic material to determine the specific genetic factor playing a role in a disease.
	Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate any number of illnesses that
81410	Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	affect the aorta (the main blood vessel that carries blood away from the heart to the rest of the body.)
	Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate any number of illnesses that
81411	Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	affect the aorta (the main blood vessel that carries blood away from the heart to the rest of the body.)
81412	Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	A lab analysis of genetic material that can indicate conditions associated with Ashkenazi Jewish heritage including Bloom syndrome, Canavan disease, cystic fibrosis and others.
22.12	Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing
81413	Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	sudden cardiac arrest. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing
81414	Pathology and Laboratory: Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate the likelihood of developing sudden cardiac arrest.

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	01042	•	in an analysis looking for gene influentions that assist in developing treatment plans for prostate cancer.
	81546		This lab test examines thyroid tissue for genetic abnormalities related to thyroid cancer.

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01550		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic	A lab analysis looking for gone mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for eye cancer
81552		Analyses Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic	A lab analysis looking for gene mutations that assist in developing treatment plans for eye cancer.
81595		Analyses	This lab test examines heart tissue for genetic abnormalities.
01000		Pathology and Laboratory: Multianalyte Assays with Algorithmic	A mathematic formula is used to analyze a variety of lab test results to determine an individual's risk for
81599		Analyses	disease.
84999		Pathology and Laboratory: Chemistry	A chemistry test to verify specific substances in blood, urine, stool or other body fluids.
			Testing that involves the immune system function: its ability, action of particular components or the
86849		Pathology and Laboratory: Immunology	presence of specific infection-targeted responders.
87999 88199		Pathology and Laboratory: Microbiology Pathology and Laboratory: Cytopathology	Unlisted microbiology procedure Unlisted cytopathology procedure
00133		Fathology and Laboratory. Cytopathology	Cells taken as samples for testing or that need to be examined further are preserved by freezing. Each
88240		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	sample must be prepared carefully to ensure the information in the tissue is not altered.
			Cells that have been frozen for long-term storage must be thawed prior to their use or before any testing can
88241		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	be done on them. Each cell group or sample is thawed separately.
			Chromosome breakage affects an individual's genetic makeup. Breakage may appear as a weakness in the
88245		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	chromosome strand or as rearrangement of characteristics rather than exact copies in each strand.
			Chromosome breakage affects an individual's genetic makeup. Breakage may appear as a weakness in the
88248		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	chromosome strand or as rearrangement of characteristics rather than exact copies in each strand.
002.10		Tallotogy and Edbordory, Cytogonolio Cladico	on one of the control
			Chromosome breakage affects an individual's genetic makeup. Breakage may appear as a weakness in the
88249		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	chromosome strand or as rearrangement of characteristics rather than exact copies in each strand.
			Chromosome analysis of cells and karyotypes (the full chromosome set that describes a person's genetic
			makeup), with banding. Banding appears on paired chromosome bundles that are stained. Analysis checks
88261		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	for genetic anomalies and recessive traits.
			Chromosome analysis of cells and karyotypes (the full chromosome set that describes a person's genetic
88262		Pathology and Laboratory: Outogenetic Studies	makeup), with banding. Banding appears on paired chromosome bundles that are stained. Analysis checks for genetic anomalies and recessive traits.
00202		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	for genetic anomaties and recessive traits. Chromosome mosaicism is a condition that occurs during embryonic development. Instead of identical
			chromosomes, every so often one develops that contributes to an individual having more than one type of
88263		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	genetic makeup.
88264		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Full chromosome analysis of 20 to 25 cells to check for anomalies consistent with a specified cancer.
			Chromosome (genetic) analysis of fetal cells obtained from amniotic fluid or the surface of the placenta to
88267		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	detect genetic abnormalities.
			Chromosome analysis of fetal cells from a sample of amniotic fluid without removing the cells from the
88269		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	fluid. The analysis is used to identify any genetic abnormalities.
88271		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Genetic test (molecular cytogenetics, DNA probe) used to detect an abnormality in a single gene. The sample used may be tissue or a body fluid containing cells.
00271		1 attiology and Laboratory. Cytogenetic Studies	The test uses a fluorescent stain to detect DNA sequence in cells. DNA sequence determines an individual's
88272		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	genetic makeup.
			The test uses a fluorescent stain to detect DNA sequence in cells. DNA sequence determines an individual's
88273		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	genetic makeup.
			This study uses a technique that separates and recombines a DNA strand directly on a viewing slide. The
88274		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	technique analyzes how a genetic alteration affects the number of genes in a specified number of cells.
			This study uses a technique that separates and recombines a DNA strand directly on a viewing slide. The
88275		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	technique analyzes how a genetic alteration affects the number of genes in a specified number of cells.
		3,7	Additional studies of full chromosome sets that describes a person's genetic makeup (karyotypes) beyond
			the base chromosome analysis. Karyotypes help to identify and organize genetic abnormalities and can
88280		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	pinpoint diagnosis of certain cancers.
			Additional cells counted beyond the base chromosome analysis. The study uses traditional microscopic
			techniques to check for genetic anomalies and recessive traits. Additional cell counts may be necessary to
88283		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	pinpoint a diagnosis for certain cancers.
			Additional cells counted beyond the base chromosome analysis. The study uses traditional microscopic techniques to check for genetic anomalies and recessive traits. Additional cell counts may be necessary to
88285		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	pinpoint a diagnosis for certain cancers.
00200		Tallotogy and Edbordory, Sytogenesia attaches	The study analyzes chromosomes to find out if they contain any genetic traits associated with inherited
88289		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	conditions. The study involves several high-resolution examinations.
88291		Pathology and Laboratory: Cytogenetic Studies	Expert interpretation and report relating to the results of a genetic cell study.
			A laboratory study of tissue, organs or fluid samples. A pathology study detects disease, if it is present. The
89240		Pathology and Laboratory: Other Procedures	sample may be removed during surgery or another procedure.
89258		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Cryopreservation or cold preservation is the process of freezing, storing and thawing embryos.
89259 89337		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Cryopreservation or cold preservation is the process of freezing, storing and thawing sperm.
89337		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Preserve egg cell by freezing (cryopreservation). Storage of one or more human embryos for one year.
89343		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Storage of sperm or semen for one year.
		.,	Reproductive tissue, such as from a testicle or ovary, is cryopreserved (frozen to extremely cold
89344		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	temperatures) for the purpose of preserving and storing the tissue for future use.
89346		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Storage of human eggs (oocytes) for one year.
89352		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	A human embryo that has been preserved by freezing is thawed using a precise temperature water bath.
89353		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	Sperm or semen that has been preserved by freezing is thawed in water that is temperature-controlled.
00254		Pathology and Laboratony Popraductive Medicine Preseduce	Specimens of human reproductive tissue, such as from a testicle or ovary, are preserved by freezing. They
89354		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	are thawed using a precise temperature water bath. Human eggs (oocytes) that have been preserved by freezing are thawed in water that is temperature-
89356		Pathology and Laboratory: Reproductive Medicine Procedures	controlled.
30300			Human immune globulin is derived from blood products and is typically given as a shot, through an IV or
90283		Medicine: Immune Globulins, Serum or Recombinant Products	under the skin with fluids.
	Hizentra, Cuvitru, Gammagard,		
	Gammaked, Gamunex-C,		Human immune globulin is derived from blood products and is typically given as a shot, through an IV or
90284	Cutaquig, Xembify	Medicine: Immune Globulins, Serum or Recombinant Products	under the skin with fluids.
90287		Medicine: Immune Globulins, Serum or Recombinant Products	Treatment for botulism, an illness caused by Clostridium botulinum bacteria.

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90378	Synagis	Medicine: Immune Globulins, Serum or Recombinant Products	Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) immune globulin. RSV is an infection that causes colds, coughs and sometimes pneumonia in children and infants.
	, ,		Treatment planning for TMS (transcranial magnetic stimulation), a technique for gently stimulating the brain
90867		Medicine: Psychiatry	using magnetic pulses. TMS is a treatment for depression and anxiety. TMS (transcranial magnetic stimulation) treatment, a technique for gently stimulating the brain using
90868		Medicine: Psychiatry	magnetic pulses. TMS is a treatment for depression and anxiety.
90869		Medicine: Psychiatry	TMS (transcranial magnetic stimulation) treatment, a technique for gently stimulating the brain using magnetic pulses. TMS is a treatment for depression and anxiety.
00000		- rounding royomany	Electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) is a treatment usually offered for severe depression when other treatments
90870		Medicine: Psychiatry	have failed. ECT passes electrical current into the brain causing a person to have a seizure.
91110		Medicine: Gastroenterology	Images of the digestive tract with a report of results. The test involves swallowing a tiny capsule containing a camera for viewing the inside of the digestive tract from the esophagus through the intestines.
			Images of the digestive tract with a report of results. The test involves swallowing a tiny capsule containing a
91111		Medicine: Gastroenterology	camera for viewing the inside of the digestive tract from the esophagus through the intestines.
91113 92920		Medicine: Gastroenterology Medicine: Cardiovascular	A capsule the size of a large pill is swallowed and pictures of the colon are taken. Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty; single major coronary artery or branch
92921		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty; each additional branch of a major coronary arter
92925		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal coronary atherectomy, with coronary angioplasty when performed; each additional branch of a major coronary artery
92928		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transcatheter placement of intracoronary stent(s), with coronary angioplasty when performed; single major coronary artery or branch
92929		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transcatheter placement of intracoronary stent(s), with coronary angioplasty when performed; each additional branch of a major coronary arter
03033		Madicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal coronary atherectomy, with intracoronary stent, with coronary angioplasty when performed; single major coronary artery or branch
92933		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal coronary attered on with intracoronary stent, with coronary angioplasty when
92934		Medicine: Cardiovascular	performed; each additional branch of a major coronary artery
92937		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of or through coronary artery bypass graft, any combination of intracoronary stent, atherectomy and angioplasty, including distal protection when performed; single vessel
			Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of or through coronary artery bypass graft any combination of
92938		Medicine: Cardiovascular	intracoronary stent, atherectomy and angioplasty, including distal protection when performed; single vessel
			Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of chronic total occlusion, coronary artery, coronary artery branch, or coronary artery bypass graft, any combination of intracoronary stent, atherectomy and
92943		Medicine: Cardiovascular	angioplasty; single vessel
			Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of chronic total occlusion, coronary artery, coronary artery branch, or coronary artery bypass graft, any combination of intracoronary stent, atherectomy and
92944		Medicine: Cardiovascular	angioplasty; each additional
93228		Medicine: Cardiovascular	A physician's report of a heart study lasting up to 30-days. Heart activity (ECG or EKG) is transmitted in real- time for the entire period, including any events.
93229		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Support from one or more technicians for a heart study of up to 30 days. This includes connecting the event recorder (ECG or EKG), transmitting and reviewing data and preparing reports.
55225		Fredicine. Cardiovasculai	A continuous recording of heart activity by an external device. The recording may last from 8 to 15 days. The
93247		Medicine: Cardiovascular	full procedure includes event recording, an analysis with report, review of the report and interpretation of results.
53247		Predictire. Caldiovasculai	A heart ultrasound (echocardiograph) shows moving images of the heart. The images are taken both at rest
93350		Medicine: Cardiovascular	and while exercising. Drugs may be given to stimulate stress. A heart ultrasound (echocardiograph) shows moving images of the heart. The images are taken both at rest
93351		Medicine: Cardiovascular	and while exercising. Drugs may be given to stimulate stress.
			A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart. A recorder may measure internal
93451		Medicine: Cardiovascular	pressure, oxygen saturation, blood volume and rhythm. One or both sides of the heart may be studied.
93452		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Heart study where a thin tube (catheter) is inserted into the heart through an arm or leg blood vessel. Imaging with contrast dye may be part of the procedure.
			Heart study where a thin tube (catheter) is inserted into the heart through an arm or leg blood vessel.
93453		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Imaging with contrast dye may be part of the procedure. Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts. Dye is injected through
93454		Medicine: Cardiovascular	the catheter to enhance areas on a scan.
93455		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts. Dye is injected through the catheter to enhance areas on a scan.
			Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function.
93456		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Imaging is used to see if there are blockages in heart arteries. Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function.
93457		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Imaging is used to see if there are blockages in heart arteries. Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function.
93458		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Imaging is used to see if there are blockages in heart arteries.
93459		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there are blockages in heart arteries.
93460		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function. Imaging is used to see if there are blockages in heart arteries.
		i redicine. Odralovascutal	Placement of a thin tube (catheter) into heart blood vessels or heart bypass grafts to record heart function.
93461 93462		Medicine: Cardiovascular Medicine: Cardiovascular	Imaging is used to see if there are blockages in heart arteries. Left heart catheterization by transseptal puncture through intact septum or by transapical puncture
JU-102		- resistific ourdiovascular	Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report;
93565		Medicine: Cardiovascular	for selective left ventricular or left atrial angiography
93566		Medicine: Cardiovascular	Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report; for selective right ventricular or right atrial angiography
			Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report;
93567		Medicine: Cardiovascular	for supravalvular aortography Injection procedure during cardiac catheterization including imaging supervision, interpretation, and report;
93568		Medicine: Cardiovascular	for nonselective pulmonary arterial angiography
93590 93591		Medicine: Cardiovascular Medicine: Cardiovascular	Procedure to repair a leak around a heart valve replacement. Procedure to repair a leak around a heart valve replacement.
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And in the company of			A heart study performed by inserting a thin tube (catheter) into the heart, with imaging guidance, to assess
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Injections and Infusions, and Orben otherapy and Other Highly Complex Biologic Agent Administrations Complex Biologic Agent Administrations Description Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Miscellaneous Supplies Medicine: Miscellaneous Supplies A sterrie pad, larger than 48 sq. in, made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on avound Medicine: Miscellaneous Supplies A sterrie pad, larger than 48 sq. in, made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on avound Medicine: Miscellaneous Supplies A sterrie pad, larger than 48 sq. in, made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on avound Medicine: Miscellaneous Supplies A sterrie pad, larger than 48 sq. in, made of collagen. The bows leg and tool, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the bows leg and tool, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the warm providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the warm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded co	96547	·	
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Asterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound Assessance of Compression Garments A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the blower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A portable disposing system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. A portable disposing system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. A portable disposing system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. A portable disposing system for delivering maint main insaging procedure such as a PET scan. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate cancer. An injection of Functucipit F15, a radioactive d	97037 97113	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument.
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A6528 Compression Garments A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. Acustom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. Acustom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A6580 Compression Garments A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. Apa274 Miscellaneous Supplies A parbatic disposable system for delivening insulin. Includes all supplies and accessories. A9513 Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Agency	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Compression Garments	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression.
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Ap274 Miscellaneous Supplies A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. Ap513 Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brain. Ap601 Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brain. As606 Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Ap607 Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate cancer. C1062 Devices and Supplies Intravertebral body fracture augmentation with implant (e.g., metal, polymer) Pacemaker, leadless, dual chamber (right atrial and right ventricular implantable components), rate-responsive, including all necessary components for implantation Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. A hollow needle is used so the procedure is minimally invasive. C1716 Brachytherapy Sources Gold 198 radioactive seeds to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. C1717 Brachytherapy Sources Supplies of Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate cancer. An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brachytherapy inplants to treat prostate cancer. C1715 Devices and Supplies Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. C1716 Brachytherapy Sources Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate cancer. C1719 Brachytherapy Sources An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic age	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6525 A6626 A6527 A6528	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression.
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Ap607 Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate cancer. Devices and Supplies Intravertebral body fracture augmentation with implant (e.g., metal, polymer) Pacemaker, leadless, dual chamber (right atrial and right ventricular implantable components), rate-responsive, including all necessary components for implantation Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. A hollow needle is used so the procedure is minimally invasive. Gold 198 radioactive seeds to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particle (seeds) near a tumor. High-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. Non-high-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particle (seeds) near a tumor. Non-high-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particle (seeds) near a tumor. An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, of in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart, of in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart.	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A4655 A6023 A6523 A6525 A6526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Riscellaneous Supplies Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals)	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. Gallium ga-88, given to highlight or mark areas during an imaging procedure such as a PET scan. An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the
Devices and Supplies Intravertebral body fracture augmentation with implant (e.g., metal, polymer) Pacemaker, leadless, dual chamber (right atrial and right ventricular implantable components), rate- responsive, including all necessary components for implantation Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. A hollow needle is used so the procedure is minimally invasive. Gold 198 radioactive seeds to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particle (seeds) near a tumor. High-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. Non-high-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, oi in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart, oi	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies of Garments Compression Garments Aliscellaneous Supplies Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals)	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-m
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Gold 198 radioactive seeds to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particle (seeds) near a tumor. High-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. C1717 Brachytherapy Sources (seeds) near a tumor. Non-high-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. C1719 Brachytherapy Sources (seeds) near a tumor. An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, of in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart.	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6526 A6526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9607	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies of Garments Compression Garments Supplies of Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garme
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High-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor. Non-high-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particle (seeds) near a tumor. An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, of in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9600 A9607 C1062	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies Devices and Supplies	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A heavy weight, custom-made compression glove, providing gradually increasing compression. A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. Gallium ga-88, given to highlight or mark areas during an imaging procedure such as a PET scan. An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brain. Radium dichloride, typically used to treat prostate cancer. An injection of
C1717 Brachytherapy Sources (seeds) near a tumor. Non-high-dose iridium-192 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particle (seeds) near a tumor. An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, of in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6526 A6526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9600 A9607 C1062 C1605 C1715	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies Devices and Supplies	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brain. Radium dichloride, typically used to tr
C1719 Brachytherapy Sources (seeds) near a tumor. An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, or in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6526 A6526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9606 A9607 C1062 C1605	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies Devices and Supplies	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made,
An implanted dual-chamber cardioverter-defibrillator manages activity either on both sides of the heart, or in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6526 A6526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9600 A9607 C1062 C1605 C1715	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies Gungles for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies Devices and Supplies Brachytherapy Sources	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A heavy weight, custom-made compression glove, providing gradually increasing compression. A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. Gallium ga-68, given to highlight or mark areas during an imaging procedure such as a PET scan. An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brain. Radium dichloride, typically used to treat prostate cancer. Intravertebral
in both upper and lower chambers on one side. The device ensures correct rhythm and speed of the heart	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6525 A66526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9600 C1062 C1605 C1715 C1716 C1716	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies Devices and Supplies Brachytherapy Sources Brachytherapy Sources	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. Gallium ga-68, given to highlight or mark areas during an imaging procedure such as a PET scan. An injection of Flortaucipir F18, a radioactive diagnostic agent used with a PET scan to get images of the brain. Radium dichloride, typically used to treat prostate cancer. Intravertebral body fracture augmentation with implant (e.g., metal, polymer) Pacemaker, leadless, dual ch
	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6526 A6526 A6527 A66528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9606 A9907 C1062 C1605 C1715	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies Devices and Supplies Brachytherapy Sources Brachytherapy Sources	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A portable disposable system for delivering insulin. It includes all supplies and accessories. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. Galtium ga-68, given to highlight or mark areas during an imaging procedure such as a PET scan. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate cancer. Intravertebral body fracture augmentation with implant (e.g., metal, polymer) Pacemaker, leadless, dual chamber (right
1	97037 97113 99503 A4210 A4545 A4555 A6023 A6523 A6523 A6525 A66526 A6527 A6528 A6529 A6574 A6580 A9274 A9513 A9596 A9601 A9600 C1062 C1605 C1715 C1716 C1716	Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine: Home Health Procedures/Services Injection and Infusion Miscellaneous Supplies Miscellaneous Supplies Dressings Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Compression Garments Supplies for Radiology Procedures (Radiopharmaceuticals) Devices and Supplies Devices and Supplies Brachytherapy Sources Brachytherapy Sources	Low-level laser therapy is used to reduce pain after surgery. A 15-minute session of assisted pool exercise therapy. Home visit for care related to a breathing condition. The visit can include education, therapy, medication management and equipment calibration. A needle free injection instrument. Supplies and accessories for external tibial nerve stimulator (e.g., socks, gel pads, electrodes, etc.), needed for one month Replacement of an electrode or transducer used with an electronic cancer treatment device. A sterile pad, larger than 48 sq. in., made of collagen. The pad is used as a protective dressing on a wound. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the arm, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the lower leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression garment for the leg and foot, providing gradually increasing compression. A padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made, padded compression bra, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A custom-made compression garment for the arm and hand, providing gradually increasing compression. A heavy weight, custom-made compression glove, providing gradually increasing compression. A heavy weight, custom-made compression glove, providing gradually increasing compression. A hinjection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat pancreatic tumors. Gallium ga-68, given to highlight or mark areas during an imaging procedure such as a PET scan. An injection of Lutetium Lu 177. This drug is typically used to treat prostate can

C1764		Devices	Event recorder, cardiac (implantable)
C1767		Devices	A non-rechargeable implant used to stimulate nerves, used to aid movement of muscles.
C1770		Devices	A programmable, implantable pump for infusions. An infusion delivers a fluid or medication over a period of
C1772 C1777		Devices Devices	several hours. Lead, cardioverter-defibrillator, endocardial single coil (implantable)
C1779		Devices	Lead, pacemaker, transvenous VDD single pass
C1785		Devices	Pacemaker, dual chamber, rate-responsive (implantable)
C1786 C1874		Devices Devices	Pacemaker, single chamber, rate-responsive (implantable) Stent, coated/covered, with delivery system
C1875		Devices	Stent, coated/covered, with delivery system Stent, coated/covered, without delivery system
C1876		Devices	Stent, noncoated/noncovered, with delivery syste
C1877		Devices	Stent, noncoated/noncovered, without delivery system
C1880 C1882		Devices Devices	Vena cava filter An implanted heart pacing and rhythm-adjusting device.
C1895		Devices	Lead, cardioverter-defibrillator, endocardial dual coil (implantable)
C1896		Devices	Lead, cardioverter-defibrillator, other than endocardial single or dual coil (implantable)
C1898		Devices	Lead, pacemaker, other than transvenous VDD single pass
C1899 C1900		Devices Devices	Lead, pacemaker/cardioverter-defibrillator combination (implantable) Lead, left ventricular coronary venous system
			Yttrium-90 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a
C2616		Brachytherapy Source	tumor.
C2617		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Stent, noncoronary, temporary, without delivery system
C2619 C2620		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Pacemaker, dual chamber, nonrate-responsive (implantable) Pacemaker, single chamber, nonrate-responsive (implantable)
C2621		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Pacemaker, other than single or dual chamber (implantable)
C2623		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Catheter, transluminal angioplasty, drug-coated, nonlaser
C2625		Cardiovascular and Genitourinary Devices	Stent, noncoronary, temporary, with delivery system lodine-125 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a
C2634		Brachytherapy Sources	tumor.
			Paladium-103 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near
C2635		Brachytherapy Sources	a tumor.
C2636		Brachytherapy Sources	Paladium-103 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
			Ytterbium-169 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near
C2637		Brachytherapy Sources	a tumor.
C2638		Brachytherapy Sources	lodine-125 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
02000		Bracily therapy obtained	lodine-125 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a
C2639		Brachytherapy Sources	tumor.
C2640		Brachytherapy Sources	Paladium-103 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
02040		Bracily therapy obtained	Paladium-103 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near
C2641		Brachytherapy Sources	a tumor.
C2642		Brachytherapy Sources	Cesium-131 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
02042		Brachytherapy Sources	Cesium-131 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a
C2643		Brachytherapy Sources	tumor.
C2644		Brachytherapy Sources	Cesium-131 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
02044		Bracily therapy obtained	Paladium-103 to be used for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near
C2645		Brachytherapy Sources	a tumor.
02000		Brookythorony Courses	Radioactive seeds for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a
C2698		Brachytherapy Sources	tumor. Radioactive seeds for brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a
C2699		Brachytherapy Sources	tumor.
00000		Magazia Danasa Angiaganahu T	ND (
C8900 C8901		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image using contrast dye, taken of a blood vessel inside the abdomen. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image taken of a blood vessel inside the abdomen.
		,	MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without contrast dye and then taken with contrast dye, of
C8902		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	a blood vessel inside the abdomen.
			An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
Coops		Magnetic Recogning Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	
C8903		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both
C8903 C8905		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
C8905		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both
			An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
C8905		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest.
C8905 C8906 C8908		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910 C8911 C8912		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910 C8911 C8912 C8913		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910 C8911 C8912		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910 C8911 C8912 C8913 C8914		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910 C8911 C8912 C8913 C8914 C8918 C8919		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the pelvis. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the pelvis.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910 C8911 C8912 C8913 C8914 C8918		Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg.
C8905 C8906 C8908 C8909 C8910 C8911 C8912 C8913 C8914 C8918 C8919	Cablivi	Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities Magnetic Resonance Angiography: Trunk and Lower Extremities	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to view and create images of one or both breasts. A contrast agent may be introduced to highlight an area. Multiple images may be taken. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the chest. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images, first without and then with contrast dye, of a blood vessel in the leg. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram images with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the pelvis. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the pelvis. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the pelvis. MR (magnetic resonance) angiogram image with contrast dye of a blood vessel in the pelvis.

C9172	Beqvez	Drugs and Biologicals	Injection, fidanacogene elaparvovec-dzkt, per therapeutic dose
C9399	Amtagvi	Injection Unclassified biologics	lifileucel
C9399	Casgevy	Unclassified drugs	exagamglogene autotemcel
C9399	Empaveli	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	pegcetacoplan
C9399	Enspryng	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	satralizumab-mwge
C9399	Lamzede	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	velmanase alfa-tycv
C9399	Lantidra	Unclassified drugs	donislecel-jujn
C9399	Lenmeldy	Unclassified drugs	atidarsagene autotemcel
C9399	Lytgobi	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	futibatinib
C9399	Nulibry	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	fosdenopterin
C9399	Omisirge	Injection Unclassified biologics	omidubicel-only
C9399	Rethymic	Unclassified drugs	allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc
C9399	Skysona	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	Elivaldogene autotemcel
C9399	Tegsedi	Unclassified drugs or biologicals	inotersen
00000	regocar	onetassined drugs of biologicals	Percutaneous transcatheter placement of drug eluting intracoronary stent(s), with coronary angioplasty
C9600		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	when performed; single major coronary artery or branch
03000		rereataneous franscatneter and franstammat coronary riocedures	Percutaneous transcatheter placement of drug-eluting intracoronary stent(s), with coronary angioplasty
C9601		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	when performed; each additional branch of a major coronary artery
C9001		reicutaneous franscatneter and franstummat Coronary Frocedures	
00000		Described on Transport of Transport of Control	Percutaneous transluminal coronary atherectomy, with drug eluting intracoronary stent, with coronary
C9602		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	angioplasty when performed; single major coronary artery or branch
			Percutaneous transluminal coronary atherectomy, with drug-eluting intracoronary stent, with coronary
C9603		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	angioplasty when performed; each additional branch of a major coronary artery
ļ.			Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of or through coronary artery bypass graft (internal mammary,
ļ.			free arterial, venous), any combination of drug-eluting intracoronary stent, atherectomy and angioplasty,
C9604		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	including distal protection when performed;
1			Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of or through coronary artery bypass graft (internal mammary,
			free arterial, venous), any combination of drug-eluting intracoronary stent, atherectomy and angioplasty,
C9605		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	including distal protection when performed;
			Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of acute total/subtotal occlusion during acute myocardial
[infarction, coronary artery or coronary artery bypass graft, any combination of drug-eluting intracoronary
C9606		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	stent, atherectomy and angioplasty, including
		- I and an indication of the control	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of chronic total occlusion, coronary artery, coronary artery
ļ.			branch, or coronary artery bypass graft, any combination of drug-eluting intracoronary stent, atherectomy
C9607		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	and angioplasty; single vessel
C3007		rereataneous franscatneter and franstammat coronary riocedures	Percutaneous transluminal revascularization of chronic total occlusion, coronary artery, coronary artery
ļ.			
00000			branch, or coronary artery bypass graft, any combination of drug-eluting intracoronary stent, atherectomy
C9608		Percutaneous Transcatheter and Transluminal Coronary Procedures	and angioplasty; each additional coronary ar
ļ.			Placement of an applicator into the rectum for high intensity brachytherapy. Brachytherapy implants tiny
C9725		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	radioactive particles (seeds) near a tumor.
			Laminotomy (hemilaminectomy), with decompression of nerve root(s), including partial facetectomy,
			foraminotomy and excision of herniated intervertebral disc, and repair of annular defect with implantation
C9757		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	of bone anchored annular closure device, including
			An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart
C9762		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded.
1			An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart
C9763		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	An MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a strong magnetic field to study the heart function. The heart may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded.
C9763		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded.
			may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including
C9791		Therapeutic Services and Supplies	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent
C9791 D0364		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382 D0383		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382 D0383 D0384		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the the upper jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382 D0383		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382 D0383 D0384		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the the upper jaw.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382 D0383 D0384		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face.
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382 D0383 D0383 D0384 D0385		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper and lower jaw. ACT scan (a series of images) taken of the ipawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. A genetic test to evaluate risk for diseases in the mouth affecting tooth, gum and the health of the entire oral
C9791 D0364 D0365 D0366 D0367 D0368 D0369 D0380 D0381 D0382 D0383 D0384 D0385 D0423		Therapeutic Services and Supplies Diagnostic	may be evaluated while it is working. The muscle and valves are evaluated. Blood flow may be recorded. Magnetic resonance imaging with inhaled hyperpolarized xenon-129 contrast agent, chest, including preparation and administration of agent A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of both the upper and lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of part of the jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the upper and lower jaw. A CT scan (a series of images) taken of the jawbone joint. MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses magnetic waves to take pictures of the jaw and face. A genetic test to evaluate risk for diseases in the mouth affecting tooth, gum and the health of the entire oral cavity.
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D5928	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	Replacement of an artificial eye socket.
D5929	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	Replacement of an artificial part for the face.
D5931	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	An artificial palate, surgically implanted.
		An artificial palate (upper jaw) including any teeth. This replaces upper jawbone and teeth lost during
D5932	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	trauma or surgery.
		An adjustment to an artificial palate (upper jaw) including any teeth. This replaces upper jawbone and teeth
D5933	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	lost during trauma or surgery.
D3333	Frantiolaciat Frostretics	A prosthesis which guides the remaining portion of the lower jaw into a more normal relationship with the
DE024	Mavillafacial Dreathatics	
D5934	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	upper jaw.
D.F.0.0.F		A prosthesis which guides the remaining portion of the lower jaw into a more normal relationship with the
D5935	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	upper jaw.
		A temporary artificial palate (upper jaw) including any teeth. This allows for healing of the area before the
D5936	Maxillofacial Prosthetics	permanent artificial top jaw is placed.
		Surgery to put a screw or implant directly into the jawbone to support a fake tooth after bone from the jaw
D6010	Implant Services	grows around the implant and strengthens it.
D6011	Implant Services	A second surgery is performed to attach an abutment for securing the crown in place.
		Surgery to put a temporary screw or implant directly into the jawbone to support a fake tooth. Includes the
D6012	Implant Services	removal when the permanent implant is ready to be placed.
D6012	Implant Services	Surgery to place a dental implant that is slightly smaller than usual.
D6040	Implant Services	
	,	Surgery to attach a metal framework to the top of the jawbone right beneath the gum tissue.
D6050	Implant Services	Surgery to screw or attach an implant through the entire thickness of the jawbone.
D6051	Implant Services	A temporary connecting tooth on an implant base.
D6055	Implant Services	A connecting bar is attached to an implant. The bar will anchor fake teeth.
D6057	Implant Services	Placement of a custom-made connecting tooth on an implant base.
D6058	Implant Services	A porcelain or ceramic crown, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6059	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6060	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6061	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6062	Implant Services	An all metal crown, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
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D6063	Implant Services	An all metal crown, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6064	Implant Services	An all metal crown, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6065	Implant Services	A porcelain or ceramic crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6066	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6067	Implant Services	An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6068	Implant Services	A porcelain or ceramic fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6069	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6070	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6071	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6072	Implant Services	An all metal fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6072		
	Implant Services	An all metal fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6074	Implant Services	An all metal fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6075	Implant Services	A porcelain or ceramic fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6076	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6077	Implant Services	An all metal fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
		Periodic checkup to evaluate a dental implant and/or prosthesis. Fitting, cleaning and adjustments are
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D6080	Implant Services	included.
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D6082	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083	Implant Services Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084	Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085	Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086	Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088	Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implant d tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Replacement of an abutment device that is supported by an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096	Implant Services	A porcetain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcetain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcetain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097	Implant Services	A porcetain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcetain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcetain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcetain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A percelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Replacement of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6099	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Replacement of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to ittanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6099 D6099 D6099 D6099	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6090 D6100 D6103	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6098 D6091 D6099 D6097 D6098 D6099 D6090 D6100 D6103 D6104	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to papair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6098 D6099 D6090 D6099 D6090 D6099 D6100 D6103 D6104 D6110	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair ooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment device that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to ittanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6098 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6099 D6100 D6103 D6101 D6111	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to ittanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to pelair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to pelair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to palar the some around a dental implant. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6098 D6099 D6090 D6099 D6090 D6099 D6100 D6103 D6104 D6110	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair ooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment device that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to ittanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6098 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6099 D6100 D6103 D6101 D6111	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to ittanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to pelair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to pelair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to palar the some around a dental implant. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6100 D6103 D6111 D6112	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6098 D6091 D6095 D6097 D6098 D6099 D6100 D6110 D6111 D6112 D6113 D6114	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment device that is supported by a fimplant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6100 D6110 D6111 D6111 D6111 D61114 D6115	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair other of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented lower jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6100 D6100 D6111 D6112 D6113 D6114 D6115 D6116	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to ittanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to pair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6100 D6103 D6111 D6112 D6113 D6114 D6115 D6115 D6116	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment device that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6098 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6090 D6100 D6110 D6111 D6111 D6111 D6111 D61115 D61116 D61117 D61118	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented doner jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw denture.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6090 D6100 D6110 D6111 D6111 D6111 D6111 D6115 D6116 D6116 D6117 D6118 D6119	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment device that is supported by a implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented dower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented dower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented dower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented dower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6088 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6097 D6098 D6090 D6100 D6103 D6110 D6111 D6112 D6113 D6114 D6115 D6116 D6117 D6118 D6117 D6118	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or or placement of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6085 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6090 D6100 D6103 D6111 D6112 D6113 D6114 D6115 D6116 D6117 D6118 D6117 D6118 D6119 D6120 D6121	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to titanium, screwed or cemented to an abutment on an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw.
D6082 D6083 D6084 D6083 D6084 D6086 D6087 D6088 D6090 D6090 D6091 D6095 D6096 D6097 D6098 D6097 D6098 D6090 D6100 D6110 D6111 D6112 D6113 D6114 D6115 D6116 D6117 D6116 D6117 D6118	Implant Services	A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A temporary crown for an implanted tooth. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. An all metal crown, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Repair tooth prosthesis that is supported by an implant. Repair or or placement of an abutment device that is supported by an implant. Repair or replacement of an abutment that is supported by a dental implant. Procedure to remove a broken screw from a dental implant. A porcelain crown fused to ittanium, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. A porcelain fused to metal, fixed partial denture, screwed or cemented directly to an implant. Surgery to remove a dental implant. Surgery to repair the bone around a dental implant. Surgery to place a screw or implant directly into the jawbone. Extra bone is added at the same time. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a removable lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a fixed or cemented upper jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented lower jaw denture. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw. Implant supported connection for a partial fixed or cemented denture on the lower jaw.
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D7856		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to cut and release jaw muscle as a therapy.
D7858		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Procedure to reconstruct the jaw joint.
D7860		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Procedure to remove part of the jaw joint.
D7865		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Procedure to rebuild the jaw joint.
			Surgery to remove scar tissue and clean a joint. Tubes are placed through a small cut and fluid is washed
D7873		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	into and out of the joint space.
D7874		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to reposition and stabilize the disc of a joint using a scope and a small cut.
D7875		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to remove the thin lining that covers a joint using a scope and a small cut.
D7876		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to remove the disc of a joint using a scope and a small cut.
D7877		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to clean a joint using a scope and a small cut.
D7940		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to correct a problem with the jaw structure or function.
D7941		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the lower jawbone.
D7943		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the lower jawbone. Includes a bone graft.
D7944		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the jawbone.
D7945		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Remove a portion of the jawbone.
D7946		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Completely repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone.
D7947		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Partially repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone.
D7948		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone around the nose.
		,	Repair cracks or breaks involving the top jawbone and surrounding face bone around the nose. Includes a
D7949		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	bone graft.
D7950		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery for a bone graft to add bone to, or rebuild, the upper or lower jaw.
D7951		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to add bone to the sinus to support the implant of an artificial tooth in the upper jaw.
D7952		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Surgery to add bone to the sinus to support the implant of an artificial tooth in the upper jaw.
D7953		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	A bone replacement added to the jaw ridge that supports the teeth.
D7955		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Repair an injury or malformation of the bone, cartilage or soft tissue of the face and jaw.
57000		orac and manifestation outgoing	Surgery to release and reposition muscle that interferes with proper function or movement of the tongue or
D7963		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	lips.
D7995		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	Synthetic or artificial bone graft of lower jaw or facial bones.
D7996		Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	An implant for enlarging the lower jaw.
D8010		Orthodontics	Orthodontic treatment of baby teeth.
D8010 D8020		Orthodontics	Orthodontic treatment of baby teeth. Orthodontic treatment of both baby and adult teeth as they are falling out and growing in.
D8030		Orthodontics	Orthodontic treatment of adolescent teeth.
D8030		Orthodontics	Orthodonic treatment of adult teeth. Orthodonic treatment of adult teeth.
D8040 D8070		Orthodontics	Complete orthodontic treatment of both baby and adult teeth.
D8080		Orthodontics	Complete orthodontic treatment of teeth for a teenager.
D8090		Orthodontics	Complete orthodontic treatment of teeth for an adult.
D8210		Orthodontics	Removable appliance therapy to control harmful habits (like thumb sucking or tongue thrusting).
D8220		Orthodontics	Fixed appliance therapy to control harmful habits (like thumb sucking or tongue thrusting).
D8670		Orthodontics	Treatment visit for braces.
D8680		Orthodontics	Remove braces, followed by creation and fitting of a retainer that keeps the teeth in their new position.
D8681		Orthodontics	Adjustment of removable retainer.
D8695		Orthodontics	Removal of braces from teeth, though original treatment period is not complete.
D8696		Orthodontics	Repair or replace orthodontic appliance other than a retainer. (ie. Mouth expander, habit appliance)
D8697		Orthodontics	Repair or replace orthodontic appliance other than a retainer. (ie. Mouth expander, habit appliance)
D8698 D8699		Orthodontics	Rebond, recement or repair a retainer placed permanently in the mouth.
		Orthodontics Orthodontics	Rebond, recement or repair a retainer placed permanently in the mouth.
D8701		Orthodontics Orthodontics	Repair and reattachment of a fixed wire retainer.
D8702			Repair and reattachment of a fixed wire retainer.
D8703		Orthodontics Orthodontics	Replace lost or broken retainer.
D8704		Orthodolitics	Replace lost or broken retainer.
D0000		Aditional Control Control	15 minutes of general anesthesia or deep sedation. Medicine is given through a vein by a dentist for a
D9222		Adjunctive General Services	treatment.
			15 minutes of general anesthesia or deep sedation. Medicine is given through a vein by a dentist for a
D9223		Adjunctive General Services	treatment.
D9239		Adjunctive General Services	15 minutes of sedative or pain medication given through a vein.
D9243		Adjunctive General Services	15 minutes of sedative or pain medication given through a vein.
D9248		Adjunctive General Services	Sedative or pain medication, usually taken by mouth.
D005 :		Addition of the Comment Committee	Snoring and sleep apnea device that is used in the morning to reposition the jaw after overnight treatment
D9954		Adjunctive General Services	with a device that helps to correct bite alignment.
D9955		Adjunctive General Services	Office visit to adjust snoring and sleep apnea device that is used in the morning to reposition the jaw.
E0140		Walkers	Adjustable or fixed-height walker with a device attached that helps to support the mid-section (trunk).
E0144		Walkers	Four-sided (framed) walker with wheels and a seat. This type of walker may fold up for storage.
	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Walkers	Heavy duty walker with wheels capable of several terrain types, including a braking system.
E0147			
E0170		Commodes	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with an electric seat lift-assist.
-		Commodes Commodes	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist.
E0170 E0171		Commodes	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles
E0170 E0171 E0183		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump.
E0170 E0171		Commodes	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support.
E0170 E0171 E0183		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories Hospital Beds and Accessories Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories Hospital Beds and Accessories Hospital Beds and Accessories Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265 E0266		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265 E0266		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265 E0266		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265 E0266 E0270		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails and electronic controls. Hospital bed with mattress, on a frame that rotates in one or more directions.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265 E0266 E0270 E0277		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails none or more directions. Electronically powered air mattress for relieving pressure caused by lying in one position for long periods.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0266 E0267 E0277 E0290		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails and electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails and electronic controls. Electronically powered air mattress for relieving pressure caused by lying in one position for long periods. Nonadjustable hospital bed with a mattress.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0266 E0270 E0277 E0290 E0291		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails and electronic controls. Electronically powered air mattress for relieving pressure caused by lying in one position for long periods. Nonadjustable hospital bed with a mattress.
E0170 E0171 E0183 E0193 E0194 E0250 E0251 E0256 E0261 E0265 E0266 E0270 E0277 E0290 E0291 E0292		Commodes Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Decubitus Care Equipment Hospital Beds and Accessories	Commode (toilet chair) fitted with a manual seat lift-assist. Regular or heavy duty pressure-relieving mattress underlay or pad. The pad stimulates muscles intermittently at a set time interval, with an attached pump. Electric-powered air bed that circulates air continuously to achieve a delicate, floating-like support. An air fluidized bed; circulates air around ceramic beads to achieve fluid-like support. The purpose is to reduce pressure and friction (rubbing) on damaged skin so that healing can occur. Some believe this type of bed reduces bacterial growth. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails and mattress. Non-height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Height adjustable hospital bed with side rails. Hospital bed with side rails. The head and foot of the bed adjust with electronic controls. Fully adjustable hospital bed with side rails, mattress and electronic controls. Hospital bed with mattress, on a frame that rotates in one or more directions. Electronically powered air mattress for relieving pressure caused by lying in one position for long periods. Nonadjustable hospital bed with a mattress. Nonadjustable hospital bed with a mattress.

E0296	Hospital Beds and Accessories	Fully adjustable hospital bed with a mattress and electronic controls.
E0297	Hospital Beds and Accessories	Fully adjustable hospital bed with electronic controls.
E0300	Hospital Beds and Accessories	Fully enclosed crib for a newborn.
		Heavy duty, extra wide hospital bed with side rails. This type of bed has a weight capacity between 350 and
E0301	Hospital Beds and Accessories	600 pounds.
		Heavy duty, extra wide hospital bed with side rails. This type of bed has a weight capacity greater than 600
E0302	Hospital Beds and Accessories	pounds.
		Heavy duty, extra wide hospital bed with side rails and mattress. This bed has a weight capacity between
E0303	 Hospital Beds and Accessories	350 and 600 pounds.
50004		Heavy duty, extra wide hospital bed with side rails and mattress. This bed has a weight capacity greater than
E0304	Hospital Beds and Accessories	600 pounds.
E0316	Hospital Beds and Accessories	A safety frame or canopy to enclose a full-size hospital bed.
		Standard size mattress overlay for reducing pressure points that come from lying in one position for long
E0371	Hospital Beds and Accessories	periods.
		Standard size mattress overlay with electronic controls, for reducing pressure points that come from lying in
E0372	Hospital Beds and Accessories	one position for long periods.
E0373	Hospital Beds and Accessories	Mattress for reducing pressure points that come from lying in one position for long periods.
E0466	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Ventilator for use at home.
E0467	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	Ventilator for use at home.
		Home ventilator, dual-function respiratory device, also performs additional function of cough stimulation,
E0468	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	includes all accessories, components and supplies for all functions
E0469	Respiratory Supplies	Lung expansion airway clearance, continuous high frequency oscillation, and nebulization device
		Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, without backup rate feature, used with noninvasive
		interface, e.g., nasal or facial mask (intermittent assist device with continuous positive airway pressure
E0470	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	device)
		Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, with back-up rate feature, used with noninvasive
		interface, e.g., nasal or facial mask (intermittent assist device with continuous positive airway pressure
E0471	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	device)
		Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, with backup rate feature, used with invasive
		interface, e.g., tracheostomy tube (intermittent assist device with continuous positive airway pressure
E0472	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	device)
	178	An electric or pneumatic take-home device used to loosen and cough up lung secretions by thumping
E0480	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	(percussing) on the chest.
	178	An intrapulmonary percussive ventilator (IPV) sends rapid bursts of air into the lungs during inhalation. This
E0481	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	causes a coughing response which helps to empty the lungs of sputum.
20101	enygen and notated neephatery Equipment	A vest contains controls that deliver high frequency vibrations through the chest wall. This stimulates
E0483	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	coughing.
L0403	oxygen and netated nespiratory Equipment	A custom-made appliance fitted to the mouth and airway to keep the airway from collapsing. It may be
E0486	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	adjustable.
E0400	Oxygen and Related Respiratory Equipment	An intermittent positive pressure breathing (IPPB) device is used to help a person breathe. The device forces
E0E00	IPPB Machines	air into the lungs at a variable speed by adjusting valves. It contains a nebulizer for medication.
E0500		
E0574	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer.
E0574 E0575	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication).
E0574	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device
E0574 E0575 E0601	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be
E0574 E0575	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed.
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while
E0574 E0575 E0601	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods.
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways.
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling.
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance.
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. A melectric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting.
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting. A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635 E0636 E0637	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting. A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be attached.
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E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635 E0636 E0637 E0683	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Respiratory Supplies	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while steeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting. A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be attached. Non-pneumatic, non-sequential, peristaltic wave compression pump An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a two-foot-square area. This
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E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635 E0636 E0637 E0683 E0691 E0692 E0693 E0737 E0747 E0747 E0749 E0760 E0766 E0782 E0783 E0784 E0785 E0785 E0785 E0786 E0950 E0951 E0953 E0951 E0953 E0954	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patien	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while steeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lit-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting. A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be attached. Non-pneumatic, non-sequential, peristaltic wave compression pump An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a two-foot-square area. This type of therapy is medically used to treat skin conditions such as psoriasis. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a four-foot-square area. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a six-foot-square area. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a six-foot-square area. An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in the spine. An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in the spine. An electrical device that is implanted on or near a site where additional or rapid bone growth is desired. A device that uses low-intensity ultrasound passed over an area to stimulate or increase bone growth. A device that uses low-intensity ultrasound passed over an area to stimulate or increase b
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635 E0636 E0637 E0683 E0691 E0692 E0693 E0747 E0748 E0749 E0760 E0766 E0782 E0782 E0783 E0784 E0785 E0786 E0950 E0951 E0952 E0953	Humidifiers/Nebutizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebutizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Putient Lifts Patient Lifts Patie	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting. A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be attached. Non-pneumatic, non-sequential, peristattic wave compression pump An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a two-foot-square area. This type of therapy is medically used to treat skin conditions such as psoriasis. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a four-foot-square area. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a six-foot-square area. Transcutaneous tibial nerve stimulator, controlled by phone application An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in a specific area. An electrical device that is implanted on or near a site where additional or rapid bone growth is desired. A device that delivers electrical pulses or high-frequency radio waves (electromagnetic) to a cancerous area of the body for treatment. Medication delivery device that is implanted under the skin. The system includes all necessary catheters, connectors and pump for proper dosing. A programmable medicati
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635 E0636 E0637 E0683 E0691 E0692 E0693 E0737 E0747 E0748 E0749 E0760 E0766 E0782 E0783 E0784 E0786 E0785 E0786 E0950 E0951 E0952 E0953 E0954 E0955	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while sleeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. A nelectric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting. A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be attached. Non-pneumatic, non-sequential, peristaltic wave compression pump An ultravlolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a two-foot-square area. This type of therapy is medically used to treat skin conditions such as psoriasis. An ultravlolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a four-foot-square area. An ultravlolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a four-foot-square area. An ultravlolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a six-foot-square area. An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in the spine. An electrical device that is implanted on or near a site where additional or rapid bone growth is desired. An electrical device that is implanted on or near a site where additional or rapid bone growth is desired. An electrical device that is implanted on or near a site where additional or rapid bone growth is desired. An electrical device that is implanted into the spinal column.
E0574 E0575 E0601 E0616 E0619 E0627 E0635 E0636 E0637 E0683 E0691 E0692 E0693 E0737 E0747 E0747 E0747 E0748 E0749 E0760 E0766 E0782 E0782 E0783 E0784 E0785 E0786 E0950 E0951 E0952 E0953 E0954	Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Humidifiers/Nebulizers/Compressors for Use with Oxygen IPPB Suction Pump/CPAP Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Equipment Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patient Lifts Patien	Ultrasonic or electronic generator that supplies powered air to create the mist delivered by a nebulizer. A large-volume ultrasonic nebulizer for delivering inhaled mist (usually a medication). Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) device A heart event recorder that is implanted under the skin. The device has an activator switch and can be programmed. This monitor is used both to sound an alert and record an event when a person stops breathing while steeping (apnea). It is used frequently to monitor infant sleep periods. A chair fitted with a seat lift-assist device. The device is part of a mechanism that enables the chair to move in other ways. An electric lift-assist device equipped with a seat or sling. A multifunction support and assistance system that can be used by an individual with or without assistance. The system includes a component for lifting. A device that provides support for both sitting and standing, that includes a lift-assist. Wheels may be attached. Non-pneumatic, non-sequential, peristaltic wave compression pump An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a two-foot-square area. This type of therapy is medically used to treat skin conditions such as sporiasis. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a four-foot-square area. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a six-foot-square area. An ultraviolet therapy system contains bulbs, timer and eye protection for up to a six-foot-square area. An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in the spine. An electrical device that attaches to the skin to stimulate bone growth in the spine. An electrical device that is implanted on or near a site where additional or rapid bone growth is desired. A device that uses low-intensity ultrasound passed over an area to stimulate or increase bone growth. A device that uses low-intensity ultrasound passed over an area to stimulate or increase

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F0000	NA/IbI-Ibin Ai	Supportive straps or a harness attachment for the shoulders or chest, with hardware for mounting to a
E0960 E0967	Wheelchair Accessories Wheelchair Accessories	wheelchair. A hand rim with grip projections for a non-motorized wheelchair.
E0969	Wheelchair Accessories	Adjuster to make a wheelchair narrower than manufactured width.
E0970	Wheelchair Accessories	Wheelchair footplates without leg rests.
E0973	Wheelchair Accessories	Height-adjustable, detachable armrest for a wheelchair.
E0985	Wheelchair Accessories	Seat lift mechanism for a wheelchair.
E0986	Wheelchair Accessories	Push-activated power assist for a non-motorized wheelchair.
E0988	Wheelchair Accessories	Manual wheelchair accessory, lever-activated, wheel drive, pair
E1002 E1003	Wheelchair Accessories	Powered tilt mechanism for a wheelchair seat.
E1003	Wheelchair Accessories	A powered seat recliner for a wheelchair. A powered seat recliner for a wheelchair. This type has an attachment to reduce the likelihood of the seat
E1004	Wheelchair Accessories	sliding sideways while reclining.
21001	Whotenan Acceptable	A powered seat recliner for a wheelchair. This type has a powered attachment that compensates if the seat
E1005	Wheelchair Accessories	begins to slide sideways while reclining.
E1006	Wheelchair Accessories	Powered wheelchair seat with tilt and recline functions.
		Powered wheelchair seat with tilt and recline functions. This type has an attachment to adjust the seat if it
E1007	Wheelchair Accessories	slides sideways while reclining.
		Powered wheelchair seat with tilt and recline functions. This type has a power attachment that adjusts the
E1008	Wheelchair Accessories	seat if it slides sideways while reclining.
E1009	Wheelchair Accessories	Manually operated addition to a powered wheelchair seat. The components include a push-rod and leg rest so that the legs can be raised.
E1009	Wheelchair Accessories	Pair of powered leg lift additions for attachment to a powered wheelchair seat.
E1011	Wheelchair Accessories	Width adjustment package for a child's wheelchair.
E1012	Wheelchair Accessories	A powered leg rest addition for attachment to a powered wheelchair seat.
E1017	Wheelchair Accessories	Heavy duty shock absorber for use with a heavy duty or extra-heavy duty non-motorized wheelchair.
E1018	Wheelchair Accessories	Heavy-duty shock absorber for heavy-duty or extra heavy-duty power wheelchair, each
		Swing-away, retractable or removable mounting hardware for a joystick, control interface or other
E1028	Wheelchair Accessories	wheelchair positioning accessory.
		An adjustable chair used for moving a person from a bed or a chair to another place such as a bed or a chair.
E1035	Rollabout Chair, Transfer System, Transport Chair	This equipment is operated by a caregiver.
E1036	Rollabout Chair, Transfer System, Transport Chair	An adjustable, extra-wide chair rated for over 300 lbs used for moving a person from a bed or a chair to another place such as a bed or a chair. This equipment is operated by a caregiver.
E1036	Rollabout Chair, Transfer System, Transport Chair Rollabout Chair, Transfer System, Transport Chair	Chair used to carry a child from one place to another.
E1220	Wheelchair: Other and Accessories	A custom-sized or custom-built wheelchair.
E1229	Wheelchair: Pediatric	Child-sized wheelchair.
E1230	Wheelchair: Pediatric	Three- or 4-wheeled powered vehicle such as a scooter or power chair for use in pedestrian areas.
E1231	Wheelchair: Pediatric	Tilting, child-sized wheelchair.
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E1232	Wheelchair: Pediatric	Child-sized, adjustable, tilting wheelchair that can fold for storage. This model includes the seating system.
E1233	Wheelchair: Pediatric	Child-sized tilting wheelchair without a seat attachment.
E1239	Wheelchair: Pediatric	Powered, child-sized wheelchair.
E1240	Wheelchair: Lightweight	Lightweight wheelchair, detachable arms, (desk or full-length) swing-away detachable, elevating legrest
E1250	Wheelchair: Lightweight	Lightweight wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests.
		Lightweight wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a
E1260	Whoolobair: Lightwoight	
E1260	Wheelchair: Lightweight	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests.
E1270	Wheelchair: Lightweight	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests
E1270 E1280	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests
E1270	Wheelchair: Lightweight	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests.
E1270 E1280	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests
E1270 E1280 E1285	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms, and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms, and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises the ankle while stretching and bending.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, soft material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Miscellaneous	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises this while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises the inner material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Miscellaneous Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises the with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Miscellaneous Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms, and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2295 E2298	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms, and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises with soft lining material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2295	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. A dynamic seating frame for a child-size wheelchair. Frame movements coordinate for more than one position. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2298 E2298	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, bend with a soft material, for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. A dynamic seating frame for a child-size wheelchair. Frame movements coordinate for more than one position. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2295 E2298	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. A dynamic seating frame for a child-size wheelchair. Frame movements coordinate for more than one position. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of a single powered seating system, inc
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2301 E2310	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms, and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of a single powered seating system, including mounting, selector switch and on-off indicator.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2298 E2298	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Confloured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems, including mounting, selector switch and on-off indicator.
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2291 E2310 E2311	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. A dynamic seating frame for a child-size wheelchair. Frame movements coordinate for more than one position. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems, including mounting, s
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2301 E2310	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, bined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems, including mounting, selec
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2311 E2311	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms, and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. A dynamic seating frame for a child-size wheelchair. Frame movements coordinate for more than one position. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2291 E2310 E2311	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating system, including mounting, selector switch and on-off indicator. Inter
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2301 E2311 E2312 E2321	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft uning for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems, including mounting, selector switch and on-off indicator. Interface for hand-operated, remote-control joystick by hand or chin, wi
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2311 E2311	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for etbow physical therapy. The device works the etbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises with soft lining material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, including mounting, selector switch and
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2310 E2310 E2311 E2312 E2322	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, bined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, bined with a soft material, for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assi
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2301 E2311 E2312 E2321 E2322 E2323	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. A dynamic seating frame for a child-size wheelchair. Frame movements coordinate for more than one position. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems,
E1270 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2301 E2311 E2312 E2321 E2322 E2323	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exercises with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, including mounting, selector switch and on-off indicator. Interface for hand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems, including
E1270 E1280 E1280 E1285 E1290 E1295 E1399 E1629 E1800 E1805 E1815 E1825 E2100 E2228 E2293 E2293 E2295 E2298 E2301 E2311 E2312 E2321 E2322 E2323 E2324	Wheelchair: Lightweight Wheelchair: Heavy Duty Additional Oxygen Related Equipment Artificial Kidney Machines and Accessories Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Other Orthopedic Devices Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Lightweight wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, swing-away detachable elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair, detachable arms (desk or full-length) elevating legrests Heavy-duty wheelchair with fixed, full-length arms and swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair with either fixed or detachable arms. If the arms are detachable they may have a desk attachment. This model also has swing-away, detachable footrests. Heavy-duty wheelchair, fixed full-length arms, elevating legrest Medical equipment such as a walker, oxygen delivery system or crutches, that is used to enable or assist a person to perform the tasks of daily living. Mobile haemodialysis system for patients with acute and/or chronic renal failure. Adjustable exerciser with a soft lining for elbow physical therapy. The device works the elbow while bending and extending the arm. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating wrist movement. This gear exercises the wrist while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy equipment, lined with a soft material, for exercising and rehabilitating ankle movement. This gear exercises the ankle while stretching and bending. Adjustable physical therapy exerciser with soft lining material for finger rehabilitation. This device works the finger in stretching and bending motions. Blood sugar (glucose) monitor with artificial speaking capability for signaling results. Wheel lock and braking system for use with a non-motorized wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Contoured back with attachment hardware for a child's wheelchair. Complex rehabilitative power wheelchair accessory, power seat elevation system, any type Powered stand-assist for a motorized wheelchair. Connection of electronics required for installation of two or more powered seating systems, including mounting, selector switch and on-off indicator. Inte

		Head-controlled interface, including all related electronics, mechanical switch for changing direction and
E2327	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	mounting hardware, for a motorized wheelchair.
50000		Head- or hand-controlled electronic interface, with related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with
E2328	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	a motorized wheelchair.
F0000	Miles de la lacia Assessacione Manuel and Decrea	Head-controlled interface, with related electronics, mechanical stop and direction-change switches, head
E2329	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	array and mounting hardware, for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2330	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Head-controlled interface, with related electronics, mechanical stop and direction-change switches, head
E2330	Wheetchall Accessories. Manual and Powel	array and mounting hardware, for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2331	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Attendant control with related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2340	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a width of 20 in. to 23 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2341	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a width of 24 in. to 27 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2342	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a depth of 20 in. or 21 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
E2343	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Custom-built seat frame with a depth of 22 in. to 25 in., for use with a motorized wheelchair.
22040	Whitelenan Accessories. Flandat and Fower	Electronic interface for a speech generating device that makes use of a motorized wheelchair's main control
E2351	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	interface.
E2367	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Single-mode battery charger for a sealed or non-sealed power wheelchair battery.
E2368	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement motor for a powered wheelchair.
E2369	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement gear box for a powered wheelchair.
E2370	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Combined replacement motor with gear box for a powered wheelchair.
E2371	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Group 27, sealed lead acid battery (gel cell, absorbed glassmat), for use with a motorized wheelchair.
L2371	Wheetchall Accessories. Plantat and 1 Owel	Hand- or chin-controlled interface with a compact joystick or touchpad, including related electronics and
E2373	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	mounting hardware, for use with a motorized wheelchair.
L2373	Wheetchall Accessories. Plantat and 1 Owel	Replacement interface: hand- or chin-controlled, with standard joystick, including related electronics and
E2374	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	mounting hardware, for a motorized wheelchair.
22377	THE COMMINICOLOGISTICS. Plantat dilu FUWEI	Replacement of non-expandable controller, including related electronics and mounting hardware; for use
E2375	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	with a motorized wheelchair.
22370	Wilestonan Accessories, Planual dilu FUWEI	Replacement expandable controller, including related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a
E2376	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	powered wheelchair.
E2370	Wileetchall Accessories. Plantat and Fower	Expandable controller upgrade with related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a powered
E2377	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	expandable controller upgrade with related electronics and mounting hardware, for use with a powered wheelchair.
E2377	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Replacement motor for power wheelchair.
E2397	Wheelchair Accessories: Manual and Power	Lithium battery for a powered wheelchair.
E2500	Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing up to eight minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2502	Speech Device Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing from eight to 20 minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2502	Speech Device Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing from 20 to 40 minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2506		
E2508	Speech Device Speech Device	Digital speech generator capable of storing more than 40 minutes of pre-recorded messages.
E2510		Text-to-speech synthesizer with a keyboard or other touch selector interface.
E2510	Speech Device Speech Device	Speech synthesizer with multiple input methods and access devices.
E2512	Speech Device Speech Device	Text-to-speech software for a computer or personal digital assistant (PDA). Mounting system for a speech generator.
E2512 E2599	Speech Device Speech Device	Speech generator accessory.
	Wheelchair: Cushion	
E2613		Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2614	Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2614 E2615	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2614 E2615 E2616	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2614	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2614	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621	Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621	Wheelchair: Cushion	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. C movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custorn—made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with profit support, accessories and components.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with thront support, accessories and components. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue).
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custorn—made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with ront support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235 G0252 G0260	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custorn-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure.
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2628 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235 G0252 G0260	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving of articular
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235 G0252 G0260 G0277	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with pright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving of articular cartilage (chondroplasty) at the time of other surgical knee arthrosc
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2628 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235 G0252 G0260	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthros
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235 G0252 G0260 G0277	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custorn-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with pright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with pright support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving of articular cartilage (chondroplasty) at the time of other surgical knee arthroscopy in a different compar
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0252 G0260 G0277 G0289	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custorn—made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving of articular cartilage (chondroplasty) at the time of other surgical knee arthroscopy in a different compartment of the same knee Radiosurgery delivers radiation therapy directly into the
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235 G0252 G0260 G0277	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with pright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving of articular cartilage (chondroplasty) at the time of other surgical knee arthrosc
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0252 G0260 G0277 G0289	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custom-made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with poright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving
E2614 E2615 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2626 E2627 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0025 G0025 G0257 G0289 G0339	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Custorn—made wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Preparation and administration of an injection, given in the patient's home. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. Arthroscopy, knee, surgical, for removal of loose body, foreign body, debridement/shaving of articular cartilage (chondroplasty) at the time of other surgical knee arthroscopy in a different comp
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E2614 E2615 E2616 E2616 E2617 E2620 E2621 E2627 E2628 E2628 E2629 E2630 E8000 E8001 E8002 G0069 G0235 G0252 G0260 G0277 G0289 G0339 G0340 G0429	Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Cushion Wheelchair: Arm Support Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Pediatric Gait Trainer Administration, Payment and Care Management Services Miscellaneous Services, Diagnostic and Therapeutic	Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning; more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair back cushion with mounting hardware. Back positioning wheelchair seat back cushion, up to 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. Wheelchair seat cushion for back positioning, more than 22 inches wide, with mounting hardware. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. A movable arm support for a wheelchair. The support may be attached to the wheelchair or suspended overhead. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with back support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with upright support, accessories and components. Child's walking (gait) trainer, with front support, accessories and components. PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue). PET scan (procedure that produces real time 3-D colored images of body tissue) to diagnose breast cancer and or determine stage of cancer. Injection of medication (including anesthesia or steroid) into the joint at the base of the spine. 30-minute therapy in a full-body hyperbaric oxygen chamber. Hyperbaric chambers deliver oxygen under pressure. A

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02007		Thereny Fuglishian and Assessment	Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2067		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing. Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2068		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing.
			Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2069		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing.
02070		Thereny Evaluation and Assessment	Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2070		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing. Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2071		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing.
			Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2072		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing.
00070		There is a contract of and Assessment	Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2073		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing. Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2074		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing.
			Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2075		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing.
G2076		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	Physician quality of care reporting. No charge is associated with this code. No patient action required.
G2077 G2078		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	Assessment of treatment and services for opioid use disorder. A one-week supply of methadone, an opioid used to treat opioid addiction.
G2079		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	A one-week supply of buprenorphine, an opioid used to treat opioid addiction.
			Medicare-enrolled opioid treatment program. May include medication, counseling, therapy and drug
G2080		Therapy, Evaluation and Assessment	testing.
G6004		Radiation Treatment	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to one body area.
G6005		Radiation Treatment	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to one body area.
G6006 G6007		Radiation Treatment Radiation Treatment	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to one body area. A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to two separate areas on the body.
G6007		Radiation Treatment	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to two separate areas on the body.
G6009		Radiation Treatment	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to two separate areas on the body.
G6010		Radiation Treatment	A radiation treatment (high-energy x-rays) delivered to two separate areas on the body.
G9143		Warfarin Responsiveness Testing	A test using genetic markers in cells to find out whether Warfarin will be an effective medication.
H0008		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Hospital stay for the length of time required for all alcohol or drugs to leave the body (detox).
H0009		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Hospital stay for the length of time required for all alcohol or drugs to leave the body (detox). In this situation the individual or others are at risk.
110003		Benavioral realitration of obstance Abase realitrent octores	Residential (non-hospital) stay for the length of time required for all alcohol or drugs to leave the body
H0010		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	(detox). This is part of a clinical program for addiction treatment.
			Residential (non-hospital) stay for the length of time required for all alcohol or drugs to leave the body
H0011		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	(detox). This is a clinical program for addiction treatment when the individual or others are at risk.
H0012		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Outpatient (non-hospital) clinical program for addiction treatment.
H0014		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Walk-in detoxification program services. Outpatient program for drug or alcohol addiction requiring attendance at least three days a week. This is an
H0015		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	intensive treatment with assessment, counseling, crisis intervention and education.
H0017		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Daily inpatient behavioral health program.
H0018		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Daily, short-term residential behavioral health program.
H0019		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Daily residential behavioral health program, lasting longer than 30 days.
H0035		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Hospital stay of less than 24 hours for mental health issue.
H0046 H0047		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Services for care of mental health. Alcohol and/or drug abuse services.
H2013		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Daily psychiatric facility health services.
H2035		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	60-minute session for alcohol and/or drug abuse treatment.
H2036		Behavioral Health and/or Substance Abuse Treatment Services	Daily session for alcohol and/or drug abuse treatment.
			An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of abatacept. This drug is a manufactured protein typically
J0129	Orencia	Injection	given for treatment of arthritis.
J0172 J0174	Aduhelm Legembi	Injection	An injection of aducanumab-avwa, a medication used to treat Alzheimer's disease. An injection of lecanemab. This drug is generally used to treat Alzheimer's disease.
J0175	Kisunla	Injection	Injection, donanemab-azbt, 2 mg
J0177	Eylea	Injection	Injection, aflibercept hd, 1 mg
J0178	Eylea	Injection	An injection of aflibercept. This drug typically is used to treat macular degeneration.
			An injection of brolucizumab-dbll. This drug is used to treat macular degeneration, a deterioration of the
J0179	Beovu	Injection	central portion of the retina.
J0180	Fabrazyme	Injection	An infusion of agalsidase beta given over minutes/hours. This drug is most often used to treat an enzyme deficiency in Fabry disease.
70100	Tubruzyine	injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of alemtuzumab. This drug is typically used to treat
J0202	Lemtrada	Injection	leukemia or multiple sclerosis.
			An infusion given over minutes or hours of velmanase alfa-tycv, used to help the body break down complex
J0217	Lamzede	Injection	sugars in some rare genetic conditions.
J0218	Yannozyma	Injection	An infusion of olipudase alfa, given over minutes/hours, used to treat acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD).
J0218 J0219	Xenpozyme Nexviazyme	Injection Injection	An infusion of avalglucosidase given over minutes/hours, used to treat Pompe disease.
	Alglucosidase alfa injection	7	An infusion of alglucosidase alfa given over minutes/hours, this drug is typically used to treat an enzyme
J0220	10mg, NOS	Injection	deficiency in Pompe disease.
			An infusion of alglucosidase alfa given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat an enzyme
J0221	Lumizyme	Injection	deficiency in Pompe disease.
J0222	Onpattro Givlaari	Injection Injection	patisiran givosiran
	- CIVIGGII	Injection	An injection of lumasiran. This drug is used to treat primary hyperoxaluria type 1, which causes kidney
J0223			
	Oxlumo	Injection	stones and loss of kidney function.
J0223		Injection Injection	stones and loss of kidney function. vutrisiran
J0223 J0224 J0225	Oxlumo Amvuttra	Injection	vutrisiran An infusion of alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to treat lung
J0223 J0224	Oxlumo		vutrisiran An infusion of alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to treat lung problems related to an enzyme deficiency.
J0223 J0224 J0225 J0256	Oxlumo Amvuttra Aralast, Prolastin, Zemaira	Injection Injection	vutrisiran An infusion of alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to treat lung problems related to an enzyme deficiency. An infusion of alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to treat lung
J0223 J0224 J0225	Oxlumo Amvuttra	Injection	vutrisiran An infusion of alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to treat lung problems related to an enzyme deficiency.

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J0491	Saphnelo	Injection	An infusion of anifrolumab-fnia given over minutes/hours, used to treat moderate to severe systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE).
J0517	Fasenra	Injection	An injection of benralizumab. This drug is typically used to treat asthma.
J0565	Zinplava	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bezlotoxumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
J0567	Brineura	Injection	An infusion of cerliponase alfa given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used as an enzyme replacement treatment for Batten disease.
J0570	Probuphine Implant Kit	Injection	Buprenorphine, delivered through one-inch-long rods implanted under the skin on the upper arm. The drug is given for six months to treat an addiction to narcotics.
J0584	Crysvita	Injection	An injection of burosumab-twza. This drug is used to treat X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH), a disease where the body doesn't retain enough phosphorus.
			An injection of botulinum toxin type A. This drug is typically used to relax severe muscle spasms, reduce
J0585	Botox	Injection	gland secretions, or for cosmetic enhancement. An injection of botulinum toxin type A. This drug is typically used to relax severe muscle spasms, reduce
J0586	Dysport	Injection	gland secretions, or for cosmetic enhancement. An injection of botulinum toxin type B. This drug is typically used for an extremely severe spasm of the neck
J0587	Myobloc	Injection	muscles. An injection of botulinum toxin type A. This drug is typically used to relax severe muscle spasms, reduce
J0588	Xeomin	Injection	gland secretions, or for cosmetic enhancement.
J0593	Takhzyro	Injection	An injection of lanadelumab-flyo. This drug is generally used to prevent attacks of hereditary angioedema (HAE), which is caused by low level or improper function of a protein called the C1 inhibitor.
			An injection of C1 esterase inhibitor. This drug typically is given for angioedema, a hereditary condition that
J0596	Ruconest	Injection	causes the tissues to swell in a type of allergic reaction. An infusion of C1 esterase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given for angioedema, a
J0597	Berinert	Injection	hereditary condition that causes the tissues to swell in a type of allergic reaction. An infusion of C1 esterase inhibitor given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given for angioedema, a
J0598	Cinryze	Injection	hereditary condition that causes the tissues to swell in a type of allergic reaction.
J0599	Haegarda	Injection	An injection of C1 esterase inhibitor (human), used to prevent hereditary angioedema (HAE) attacks. An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of edetate calcium disodium. This drug typically is used to
J0600	Calcium Disodium Versenate	Injection	treat lead poisoning.
10000	Darashiu	Injection	An injection of etelcalcetide, which is generally used to treat secondary hyperparathyroidism in patients
J0606 J0638	Parsabiv Ilaris	Injection Injection	with chronic kidney disease or who are undergoing hemodialysis. An injection of canakinumab. This drug is used to treat autoimmune inflammatory conditions.
		700	An injection of certolizumab pegol. This drug is typically used to treat autoimmune conditions, including
J0717	Cimzia	Injection	inflammatory bowel disease and rheumatoid arthritis.
J0739	Apretude	Injection	An injection of cabotegravir, used to treat HIV infection. An injection of collagenase clostridium histolyticum. This drug is typically used to treat deformative
J0775	Xiaflex	Injection	connective tissue disorders. An infusion of crizanlizumab-tmca given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to prevent vaso-
J0791	Adakveo	Injection	occlusive crisis in patients with sickle cell anemia. An injection of corticotropin. This is a man-made form of a hormone that naturally is produced by the
J0801	Acthar gel, corticotropin gel	Injection	pituitary gland. It is used to treat a variety of disorders. An injection of corticotropin. This is a man-made form of a hormone that naturally is produced by the
J0802	Cortrophin	Injection	pituitary gland. It is used to treat a variety of disorders.
J0879	Korsuva	Injection	An injection of difelikefalin. This drug is typically used to treat itchy skin related to patient on hemodialysis. An injection of epoetin beta. This drug is typically used to treat low blood counts associated with chronic
J0888	Mircera	Injection	kidney disease and some forms of cancer.
J0889	Jesduvroq	Injection	Daprodustat, given by mouth. This drug is used to treat anemia due to chronic kidney disease.
J0895	Desferal, deferoxamine mesylate	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of deferoxamine mesylate. This drug is generally used to treat an excess of iron in the blood.
J0896	Reblozyl	Injection	An injection of luspatercept-aamt, a drug used to treat anemia in patients with beta thalassemia.
J1203	Pombility	Injection	Injection, cipaglucosidase alfa-atga, 5 mg An injection of ecallantide. This drug is most often used to treat a condition called hereditary angioedema,
J1290	Kalbitor	Injection	where swelling occurs in the deep layers of the skin.
J1300	Soliris	Injection	An infusion of eculizumab given over minutes/hours. This drug is generally used to treat the destruction of red blood cells in certain blood disorders.
J1301	Radicava	Injection	An infusion of edaravone given over minutes/hours. This drug is given to help treat amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS).
J1302	Enjaymo	Injection	An infusion of sutimlimab-jome given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat patients with a rare autoimmune disease.
J1303	Ultomiris	Injection	An infusion of ravulizumab given over minutes/hours. This antibody is designed to treat paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria and atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome.
J1304	Qalsody	Qalsody	An injection of tofersen. This drug is typically used to treat Lou Gehrig's disease (ALS).
11205	Fulsage	Injection	An infusion of evinacumab-dgnb given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat homozygous familial
J1305 J1306	Evkeeza Leqvio	Injection Injection	hypercholesterolemia. An injection of inclisiran. This drug is generally used to treat cardiovascular disease.
			An infusion of elosulfase alfa given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically given as an enzyme
J1322 J1323	Vimizim Elrexfio	Injection Injection	replacement therapy to treat people who have Morquio A syndrome. Injection, elranatamab-bcmm, 1 mg
11020	LUGAHU	injection	An infusion of epoprostenol given over minutes/hours. This medication is most often used to lower the
J1325	Flolan, Veletri, epoprostenol	Injection	blood pressure in the arteries of the lungs. An infusion of etranacogene dezaparvovec-drlb (Hemgenix) given over minutes/hours. This is a gene therapy
J1411	Hemgenix	Injection	used to treat hemophilia B.
J1412	Roctavian		An infusion of valoctocogene roxaparvovec-rox given over minutes or hours, used to treat hemophilia A. An infusion of delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl given over minutes or hours. This gene therapy is used to
J1413	Elevidys		treat children aged 4-5 who have Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
J1426	Amondys 45	Injection	An infusion of casimersen given over minutes/hours. This drug is used for the treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
J1427	Viltepso	Injection	Infusion of viltolarsen given over minutes/hours. This drug is generally used to treat Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
J1428	Exondys 51	Injection	Infusion of eteplirsen given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD).
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J1429	Vyondys 53	Injection	An infusion of golodirsen given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat Duchenne muscular dystrophy.
			Healthy stool bacteria from a donor is prepared and may be transplanted. This procedure treats a variety of
J1440	Rebyota	Injection	conditions including irritable bowel syndrome, constipation and colitis. An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of filgrastim (G-CSF). This drug is given to increase the
J1442	Neupogen	Injection	production of white blood cells, improving immune function. An infusion of ferric pyrophosphate citrate given over minutes/hours. This form of iron supplement is
J1445	Triferic Avnu	Injection	generally used to treat iron-deficiency anemia (low blood levels due to inadequate iron in the body).
J1447	Granix	Injection	An injection of TBO-filgrastim (G-CSF). This drug is given to increase the production of white blood cells, improving immune function.
			An infusion of trilaciclib given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to preserve bone marrow and immune
J1448	Cosela	Injection	system function during chemotherapy. An injection of eflapegrastim-xnst (Rolvedon), given to decrease the chance of infection in patients receiving
J1449	Rolvedon	Injection	myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs. An infusion of galsulfase given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to improve walking and stair-
J1458	Naglazyme	Injection	climbing ability in patients with an enzyme deficiency.
J1459	Privigen	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1460	Gamastan	Injection	An injection of immune globulin. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
71400	Ganiastan	njecuon	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1551	Cutaquig	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems. An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1554	Asceniv	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1555	Cuvitru	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1556	Bivigam	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
			An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1557	Gammaplex	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems. An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1558	Xembify	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems. An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1559	Hizentra	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1560	Gamastan	Injection	An injection of immune globulin. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1561	Gammaked, Gamunex-C	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
			An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1562	Vivaglobin	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems. An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1566	Gammagard S/d	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1568	Octagam	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1569	Gammagard	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies to patients with compromised immune systems.
J1572	Flebogamma Dif	Injection	An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
	rtebogaiiiiia Dii	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems. An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1575 J1595	Hyqvia Copaxone	Injection Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems. An injection of glatiramer acetate. This drug is used to treat multiple sclerosis.
			An infusion of immune globulin given over minutes/hours. Immune globulins are used to provide antibodies
J1599	Panzyga	Injection	to patients with compromised immune systems. An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of golimumab. This drug is typically given to treat auto-
J1602 J1628	Simponi Aria Tremfya	Injection Injection	immune disorders including rheumatoid arthritis. Injection, guselkumab, 1 mg
			An infusion of brexanolone given over minutes/hours. This drug is generally used to treat postpartum
J1632	Zulresso	Injection	depression. Implantation of histrelin acetate. This drug is used in the treatment of prostate cancer and precocious
J1675	histrelin	Injection	puberty. An injection of hydroxyprogesterone. This drug is given for several reasons, including the treatment of
J1729	Hydroxyprogesterone Caproate	Injection	advanced cancer of the uterus, and helping women who have missed periods or abnormal periods.
J1743	Elaprase	Injection	An infusion of idursulfase give over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to improve walking and stair- climbing ability in patients who lack a certain enzyme.
J1745	Infliximab, Remicade	Injection	An infusion of infliximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat autoimmune disorders including rheumatoid arthritis and inflammatory bowel disease.
		,	An infusion of ibalizumab-uiyk given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat human
J1746	Trogarzo	Injection	immunodeficiency virus (HIV). An infusion of spesolimab-sbzo given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat generalized pustular
J1747	Spevigo	Injection	psoriasis (GPP), a long-term skin disease.
J1749 J1786	Aurlymyn Cerezyme	Injection Injection	Injection, iloprost, 0.1 mcg An infusion of imiglucerase given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat Gaucher's disease.
J1823	Uplizna	Injection	An infusion of inebilizumab-cdon given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat neuromyelitis optic spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in patients who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive.
J1826	Avonex	Injection	An injection of interferon beta-1a. This drug is used to treat multiple sclerosis (MS).
J1830	Betaseron, Extavia	Injection	An injection of interferon beta-1b. This drug is used to treat multiple sclerosis (MS). An injection of lanreotide. This drug is used in the treatment of acromegaly, an over-production of growth
J1930	Somatuline Depot	Injection	hormone. An infusion of laronidase given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat a certain type of enzyme
J1931	Aldurazyme	Injection	deficiency.
J1932		Injection	An injection of lanreotide. This drug is used in the treatment of acromegaly, an over-production of growth hormone.
	louprolido		An injection of leuprolide acetate. At this dose, this hormone drug is typically given to women for
J1950	leuprolide	Injection	endometriosis. An injection of leuprolide acetate. This drug is used to treat prostate cancer, endometriosis, fibroids and
J1954	Lutrate	Injection	precocious puberty.

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J2182	Nucala	Injection	An injection of mepolizumab. This drug is usually given for asthma.
J2267	Omvoh	Injection	Injection, mirikizumab-mrkz, 1 mg
J2277	Aphexda	Injection	Injection, motixafortide, 0.25 mg
			An infusion of natalizumab given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat Crohn's disease or multiple
J2323	Tysabri	Injection	sclerosis.
J2326	Spinraza	Injection	An injection of nusinersen. This drug is typically given to treat spinal muscular atrophy.
			An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of risankizumab, used to treat plaque psoriasis,
J2327	Skyrizi	Injection	psoriatic arthritis and Crohn's disease.
J2329	Briumvi	Injection	An infusion of ublituximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat multiple sclerosis.
J2350	Ocrevus	Injection	An infusion of ocrelizumab given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat multiple sclerosis.
		,	An injection of octreotide. This drug is used to treat diarrhea associated with certain tumors, and
J2353	Sandostatin Lar Depot	Injection	acromegaly.
12000	Sandostatiii Lai Depot	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of octreotide, used to treat diarrhea associated with
J2354	Sandostatin, octreotide	Injection	certain tumors and acromegaly.
J2354 J2357		Injection	ů ,
J2357	Xolair	Injection	An injection of omalizumab. This drug is used to treat asthma that does not respond to inhaled steroids.
	a		An injection of pasireotide. This drug is typically used to decrease the amount of growth hormone made in
J2502	Signifor Lar	Injection	the body.
			An injection of pegaptanib. This drug is used primarily for macular degeneration caused by excessive blood
J2503	Macugen	Injection	vessel growth in the eye.
			An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by
J2506	Neulasta	Injection	stimulating the production of white blood cells.
			An infusion of pegloticase given over minutes/hours. This drug is typcally used to treat difficult cases of
J2507	Krystexxa	Injection	chronic gout.
J2508	ELFABRIO	Injection	An infusion of pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj, a drug that is typically used to treat Fabry disease.
J2562	Mozobil	Injection	An injection of plerixafor. This drug is used most often as part of a stem cell transplant plan.
			An injection of faricimab-svoa into the eye(s). This drug is used to treat macular edema and/or macular
J2777	Vabysmo	Injection	degeneration.
			Placement of an eye implant that releases ranibizumab. This drug is used to treat macular degeneration
J2779	Susvimo	Injection	caused by excessive blood vessel growth in the eye.
J2781	Syfovre	Injection	An injection of pegcetacoplan to treat eye disease.
J2781 J2782	Izervay	Injection	Injection, avacincapted pegol, 0.1 mg
12,02	Lorvuy	Ingosasti	An infusion of rasburicase given over minutes/hours, used to treat high blood levels of uric acid caused by
J2783	Elitek	Injection	tumor lysis in cancer.
J2786		Injection Injection	
J2780	Cinqair	Injection	An infusion of restizumab given over minutes/hours, used to treat severe asthma.
			An injection of rilonacept. This drug is typically used in the treatment of inherited auto-inflammatory
J2793	Arcalyst	Injection	diseases.
J2796	Nplate	Injection	An injection of romiplostim. This drug stimulates the bone marrow to produce platelets.
			An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of sargramostim (GM-CSF), used to stimulate the
J2820	Leukine	Injection	production of white blood cells after chemotherapy.
			An infusion of sebelipase alpha givein over minutes/hours, typically used to treat hepatic and lipid
J2840	Kanuma	Injection	abnormalities.
J3032	Vyepti	Injection	An infusion of eptinezumab-jjmr given over minutes/hours, typically used to prevent migraine headaches.
J3055	Talvey	Injection	Injection, talquetamab-tgvs, 0.25 mg
			An infusion of taliglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's diseaes, a rare
J3060	Elelyso	Injection	genetic disorder.
J3111	Evenity	Injection	An injection of romosozumab. This drug is generally used to treat osteoporosis.
J3241	Tepezza	Injection	An infusion of teprotumumab-trbw given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat thyroid eye disease.
		,	An injection of tildrakizumab. This drug is used to treat sever plaque psoriasis (scaly, itchy dry patches on
		Injection	skin).
113245	Ilumya		
J3245 J3247	Ilumya Cosentyx		Injection secukinumah intravenous 1 mg
J3245 J3247	Ilumya Cosentyx	Injection	Injection, secukinumab, intravenous, 1 mg An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, twoically used to treat a variety of
J3247	Cosentyx	Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of
J3247 J3262	Cosentyx Actemra	Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders.
J3247 J3262 J3263	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi	Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject	Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer.
J3247 J3262 J3263	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi	Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer.
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject	Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis.
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease.
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease.
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency.
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380 J3385 J3393	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of stekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380 J3385 J3393 J3394	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel lovotibeglogene autotemcel
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380 J3385 J3393 J3394 J3397	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Treistar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel lovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sly syndrome.
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380 J3385 J3393 J3394 J3397 J3398	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of utsekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel lovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sly syndrome. An injustion of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used
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J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380 J3385 J3393 J3394 J3397 J3398 J3399	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel lovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sty syndrome. An infusion of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3358 J3380 J3385 J3393 J3394 J3397 J3398 J3399 J3401	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma VYJUVEK	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel Lovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Siy syndrome. An injection of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, which causes blistering in the middle layer of skin.
J3247	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma VYJUVEK Casgevy	Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Injection Unclassified drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel Lovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-yibk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sly syndrome. An injection of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-vioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, which causes blistering in the middle layer of skin. exagamglogene autotemcel
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J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3380 J3380 J3385 J3393 J3394 J3397 J3398 J3401 J3490 J3490 J3490 J3590 J3590 J3590 J3590	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma VYJUVEK Casgevy Nulibry Omisirge Prevymis Edetate disodium Casgevy ELFABRIO Lamzede Lantidra	Injection Injection Unclassified drugs Unclassified drugs Unclassified drugs Unclassified drugs Injection Unclassified biologics	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-ipbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sty syndrome. An injection of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-vioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bultosa, which causes blistering in the middle layer of skin. exagamglogene autotemcel fosdenopterin Omidubicel letermovir (Injectable) An injection of edetate disodium (EDTA). This drug typically is used to treat poisoning by lead or other heavy metals. exagamglogene autotemcel pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj velmanase alfa-tycv donistecel-jujn
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J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3316 J3316 J3380 J3385 J3394 J3397 J3398 J3401 J3490 J3490 J3490 J3590 J359	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma VYJUVEK Casgevy Nutibry Omisirge Prevymis Edetate disodium Casgevy ELFABRIO Lamtidra Lenmetdy Omisirge	Injection Injection Unclassified biologics	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of veladicarmab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel lovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sly syndrome. An infusion of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-xiol given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, which causes blistering in the middle layer of skin. exagamglogene autotemcel tosdenopterin Omidubicel letermovir (injectable) An injection of edetate disodium (EDTA). This drug typically is used to treat poisoning by lead or other heavy metals. exagamglogene autotemcel pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj velmanase alfa-iycv donistecel-jujn aitidarsagene autotemcel omidubicel-only
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3316 J3316 J3380 J3380 J3394 J3397 J3398 J3490 J3490 J3490 J3590 J359	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma VYJUVEK Casgevy Nulibry Omisirge Prevymis Edetate disodium Casgevy ELFABRIO Lamzede Lantidra Lenmeldy Omisirge Rethymic	Injection Injection Unclassified biologics	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel Inovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sty syndrome. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-zvJ. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, which causes blistering in the middle layer of skin. exagamglogene autotemcel fosdenopterin Omidubicel letermovir (injectable) An injection of edetate disodium (EDTA). This drug typically is used to treat poisoning by lead or other heavy metals. exagamglogene autotemcel pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj velmanase alfa-tycv donistecel-jujn atidarsagene autotemcel omidubicel-onlv allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3316 J3380 J3380 J3394 J3397 J3398 J3399 J3401 J3490 J3490 J3590 J359	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma VYJUVEK Casgevy Nulibry Omisirge Prevymis Edetate disodium Casgevy ELFABRIO Lamzede Lantidra Lemmeldy Omisirge Rethymic Rystiggio	Injection Injection Injection Unclassified biologics	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel Iovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sly syndrome. An injection of voretigene neparvovec-rzyl. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-vioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, which causes blistering in the middle layer of skin. exagamglogene autotemcel fosdenopterin Omidubicel letermovir (injectable) An injection of edetate disodium (EDTA). This drug typically is used to treat poisoning by lead or other heavy metals. exagamglogene autotemcel pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj velmanase alfa-tycv donislecel-jujn attidarsagene autotemcel omidubicel onlv allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc rozanolixizumab-noli
J3247 J3262 J3263 J3315 J3316 J3316 J3316 J3380 J3380 J3394 J3397 J3398 J3490 J3490 J3490 J3590 J359	Cosentyx Actemra Loqtorzi Trelstar Mixject Triptodur Stelara Entyvio Vpriv Zynteglo Lyfgenia Mepsevii Luxturna Zolgensma VYJUVEK Casgevy Nulibry Omisirge Prevymis Edetate disodium Casgevy ELFABRIO Lamzede Lantidra Lenmeldy Omisirge Rethymic	Injection Injection Unclassified biologics	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of tocilizumab, typically used to treat a variety of autoimmune disorders. Injection, toripalimab-tpzi, 1 mg An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of triptorelin, generally given to treat prostate cancer. An injection of ustekinumab. This drug is used to treat auto-immune conditions including plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. An infusion of vedolizumab given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. An infusion of velaglucerase alfa given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Gaucher's disease, a genetic enzyme deficiency. betibeglogene autotemcel Inovotibeglogene autotemcel An infusion of vestronidase alfa-vjbk given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat Sty syndrome. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-zvJ. This gene therapy is used to treat congenital blindness. An infusion of onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi given over minutes/hours, a gene therapy medication used to treat spinal muscular atrophy. Beremagene geperpavec-svdt, a gene therapy solution applied to the skin to treat dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, which causes blistering in the middle layer of skin. exagamglogene autotemcel fosdenopterin Omidubicel letermovir (injectable) An injection of edetate disodium (EDTA). This drug typically is used to treat poisoning by lead or other heavy metals. exagamglogene autotemcel pegunigalsidase alfa-iwxj velmanase alfa-tycv donistecel-jujn atidarsagene autotemcel omidubicel-onlv allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc

J7168	Kaantra	Clatting Factors	Human bleed slaama aspentivete (Vaantra) given to stan asute bleeding
J/168	Kcentra	Clotting Factors	Human blood plasma concentrate (Kcentra) given to stop acute bleeding.
J7169	Andexxa	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of coagulation factor Xa, used to reverse anticoagulation.
J7170	Hemlibra	Clotting Factors	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of coagulation factor Xa, used to reverse anticoagulation.
J7171	Adzynma	Clotting Factors	Injection, adamts13, recombinant-krhn, 10 iu
J7175 J7177	Coagadex Fibryga	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor X given over minutes/hours, used as a blood clotting protein. An infusion of fibrinogen given over minutes/hours, used as a blood protein for blood clotting.
J7177 J7178	Riastap	Clotting Factors	An infusion of fibringen given over minutes/nours, used as a blood protein for blood clotting. An infusion of fibringen given over minutes/hours, used as a blood protein for blood clotting.
17470	.,	01.00	An infusion of von Willebrand factor (recombinant) given over minutes/hours used for treatment of
J7179	Vonvendi	Clotting Factors	hemophilia and other blood clotting problems. An infusion of Factor XIII Concentrate (human) given over minutes/hours used to promote blood clotting in
J7180	Corifact	Clotting Factors	patients lacking the protein naturally.
J7181	Tretten	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor XIII A-subunit (recombinant) given over minutes/hours used to promote clotting in patients lacking the protein naturally.
7/101	retten	Ciotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including
J7182	Novoeight	Clotting Factors	hemophilia.
J7183	Wilate	Clotting Factors	An infusion of von Willebrand factor complex (human) given over minutes/hours used for hemophilia and other blood clotting problems.
J7185	Xyntha, Xyntha Solofuse	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7186	Alphanate	Clotting Factors	An infusion of antihemophilic Factor VIII/von Willebrand factor complex given over minutes/hours, used for treatment of hemophilia and other blood clotting problems.
J7187	Humate-p	Clotting Factors	An infusion of von Willebrand factor complex given over minutes/hours, used for treatment of hemophlia and other blood clotting problems.
J7188	Obizur	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor VIII (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7189	Novoseven Rt	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIIa for blood clotting. Factor VIIa formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia .
77 200	NOTO CONTINUE	ototaling radioio	An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including
J7190	Hemofil M, Koate, Monoclate	Clotting Factors	hemophilia.
J7192	Advate, Helixate, Kogenate, Recombinate	Clotting Factors	An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
			An injection of Factor IX for blood clotting. Factor IX formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions,
J7193	Alphanine Sd, Mononine	Clotting Factors	including hemophilia. An injection of Factor IX for blood clotting. Factor IX formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions,
J7194	Profilnine	Clotting Factors	including hemophilia .
J7195	Benefix, Ixinity	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
			An injection of antithrombin. This drug is typically given to treat blood clotting problems in patients lacking a
J7197 J7198	Thrombate lii Feiba, Feiba Nf	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	normal protein. An injection of anti-inhibitor complex. This drug typically is given to promote normal blood clotting.
1/190	Hemophilia clot factor, not	Ciotting Factors	An injection of and-initiation complex. This drug typically is given to promote normal blood clotting.
J7199	otherwise classifi	Clotting Factors	An injection of hemophilia clotting factor. This drug typically is given to promote normal blood clotting.
,,100	otherwise etassiii	Clotting i actors	
J7200	Rixubis	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
			An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat
J7200 J7201	Rixubis Alprolix	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200	Rixubis	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201	Rixubis Alprolix	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate	Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207 J7208	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate Jivi	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207 J7208 J7209 J7210	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate Jivi Nuwiq Afstyla	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207 J7208 J7209	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate Jivi Nuwiq	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An injection of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207 J7208 J7209 J7210	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate Jivi Nuwiq Afstyla	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207 J7208 J7209 J7210 J7211	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate Jivi Nuwiq Afstyla Kovaltry	Clotting Factors	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia.
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J7200 J7201 J7202 J7203 J7204 J7205 J7207 J7208 J7209 J7210 J7211 J7212 J7213 J7214 J7318 J7320	Rixubis Alprolix Idelvion Rebinyn Esperoct Eloctate Adynovate Jivi Nuwiq Afstyla Kovaltry Sevenfact Ixinity Altuviio Durolane Genvisc 850	Clotting Factors Hyaluronan Hyaluronan	An infusion of Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor IX given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII. Factor VIII formulations are used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of Factor VIII, used to treat bleeding conditions, includings hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of coagulation factor IX, which helps the blood to form clots to stop bleeding and is used to treat hemophilia B. An infusion of Factor VIII given over minutes/hours, used to treat bleeding conditions, including hemophilia. An infusion of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis pain that does not respond to more typical treatments. An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis
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17000	0-10	Underson	An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis
J7328	Gelsyn-3	Hyaluronan	pain that does not respond to more typical treatments. An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis
J7329	Trivisc	Hyaluronan	pain that does not respond to more typical treatments.
J7330	MACI	Miscellaneous Drugs	Cartilage implant, generally done to repair defective cartilage in the knee.
J7331		Miscellaneous Drugs	An injection of hyaluronan, generally given to treat severe arthritic pain.
			An injection of sodium hyaluronate. This medication typically is used to lubricate a joint, to treat arthritis
J7332	Triluron	Miscellaneous Drugs	pain that does not respond to more typical treatments.
J7351	Durysta	Miscellaneous Drugs	An injection of bimatoprost. This medication is typically used to reduce pressure inside the eye.
			Afamelanotide in a controlled-release implant. This drug is used to increase pain free light exposure in
J7352	Scenesse	Miscellaneous Drugs	patients with a history of phototoxic reactions from erythropoietic protoporphyria.
J7354	Ycanth	Miscellaneous Drugs	Cantharidin for topical administration, 0.7%, single unit dose applicator (3.2 mg)
J7355	iDose TR	Miscellaneous Drugs	Injection, travoprost, intracameral implant, 1 microgram An inhaled dose of treprostinil. This drug typically is given to improve exercise ability in patients with high
J7686	Tyvaso (Refill, Starter)	Inhalation Solutions	blood pressure in the blood vessels of the lungs.
J8999	Lytgobi	Injection Unclassified biologics	futibatinib
	-,-,		
J9020	asparaginase	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of asparaginase, used for the treatment of leukemia.
J9021	Rylaze	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of asparaginase, used for the treatment of leukemia.
J9023	Bavencio	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of avelumab given over minutes/hours used to treat variety of cancers.
J9025	Vidaza	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of azacitidine used to treat myelodysplastic syndrome.
J9029	Adstiladrin	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of nadofaragene firadenovec-vncg. This is a gene therapy, used to treat bladder cancer.
J9035	Avastin	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat various types of cancer.
,5000	, wastin	опольствину втиво	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab-awwb. This drug is generally used to
J9037	Blenrep	Chemotherapy Drugs	treat various types of cancer.
	ep		An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab-bvcr. This drug is generally used to
J9039	Blincyto	Chemotherapy Drugs	treat various types of cancer.
J9042	Adcetris	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of brentuximab given over minutes/hours, used to treat lymphoma.
J9056	Vivimusta	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of bendamustine given over minutes/hours used to treat types of leukemia and lymphoma.
J9057	Aliqopa	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of copanlisib given over minutes/hours used to treat relapsed follicular lymphoma.
J9058	Bendamustine	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of bendamustine given over minutes/hours used to treat types of leukemia and lymphoma.
J9059	Bendamustine	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of bendamustine given over minutes/hours used to treat types of leukemia and lymphoma.
J9061	Rybrevant	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of amivantamab-vmjw. This drug is typically used to treat non-small cell lung cancer.
10000	Elekana	Oh ann ath ann an Banda	An infusion of mirvetuximab soravtansine-gynx given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat
J9063 J9065	Elahere Cladribine	Chemotherapy Drugs Chemotherapy Drugs	peritoneal and ovarian cancer or cancer in the fallopian tubes. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of cladribine used to treat leukemia.
19000	Ctauribine	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of calaspargase pegol-mknl given over minutes/hours generally used to treat acute
J9118	Asparlas	Chemotherapy Drugs	lymphoblastic leukemia.
70110	riopariao	Shemodistapy Brage	An infusion of cemiplimab given over minutes/hours used to treat various cancers including squamous cell
J9119	Libtayo	Chemotherapy Drugs	skin cancer, myeloma, and lung cancer.
			An infusion of daunorubicin and cytarabine liposomal given over minutes/hours used to treat acute myeloid
J9153	Vyxeos	Chemotherapy Drugs	leukemia.
J9173	Imfinzi	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of durvalumab given over minutes/hours used to certain types of cancer like NSCLC and SCLC.
10477			An infusion of enfortumab vedotin-ejfv given over minutes/hours used to treat advanced for metastatic
J9177	Padcev	Chemotherapy Drugs	urothelial cancer.
J9203	Mylotarg	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of gemtuzumab ozogamicin given over minutes/hours, a chemotherapy drug used to treat leukemia.
J9204	Poteligeo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of mogamulizumab given over minutes/hours used to treat cancer in the blood.
			An infusion of emapalumab-lzg given over minutes/hours, used for the treatment of hemophagocytic
J9210	Gamifant	Chemotherapy Drugs	lymphohistiocytosis.
J9213	Roferon-A	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of interferon alfa-2a. This is a drug primarily used to treat chronic hepatitis.
			An infusion of lurbinectedin given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat metastatic small cell metastic
J9223	Zepzelca	Chemotherapy Drugs	lung cancer.
J9225	Vantas	Chemotherapy Drugs	An implanted dose of histrelin, a drug used in the treatment of prostate cancer.
J9226	Supprelin La	Chemotherapy Drugs	An implanted dose of histrelin, a drug used in the treatment of central precocious puberty.
J9227	Sarclisa	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of isatuximab-irfc given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat multiple myeloma.
J9228 J9229	Yervoy Besponsa	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of ipilumumab given over minutes/hours used to treat certain types of cancers. An infusion of inotuzumab ozogamicin given over minutes/hours typically used to treat leukemia.
J9229 J9247	Pepaxto	Chemotherapy Drugs Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of inotuzumab ozogamicin given over minutes/nours typically used to treat leukemia. An infusion of melphalan given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat multiple myeloma.
,5241	. оражо	оположину втиво	An injection of omacetaxine mepesuccinate. This drug is typically used to treat certain types of blood
J9262	Synribo	Chemotherapy Drugs	cancers.
-			An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of pegaspargase, a chemotherapy drug used to treat
J9266	Oncaspar	Chemotherapy Drugs	leukemia.
			An infusion of tagraxofusp-erzs given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat blastic plasmacytoid
J9269	Elzonris	Chemotherapy Drugs	dendritic cell neoplasm.
J9271	Keytruda	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of pembrolizumab given over minutes/hours used to treat certain types of cancer.
J9272	Jemperli	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of dostarlimab-gxly. This drug is typically used to treat endometrial cancer.
10070	Titude I.	Ohamathanan Burga	An infection of attackment and attackment of the state of
J9273	Tivdak	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of tisotumab vedotin-tftv given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat cervical cancer.
J9274	Kimmtrak	Chemotherany Druge	An infusion of tebentafusp-tebn given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat unresectable or
J9274 J9281	Jelmyto	Chemotherapy Drugs Chemotherapy Drugs	metastatic eye melanomas. Mitomycin pyelocalyceal, given by injection or drops. This drug is used to treat urothelial cancer.
J9281 J9286	Columvi	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of glofitamab, a drug that is typically used to treat lymphoma.
J9298	Opdualag	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of giolitamab, a drug that is typicatly used to treat tymphoma. An infusion of nivolumab and relatlimab, given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat cancer.
J9299	Opdivo	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of nivolumab given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat cancer.
J9306	Perjeta	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of pertuzumab given over minutes/hours typically used to treat breast cancer.
J9309	Polivy	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of polatuzumab vedotin-piiq given over minutes/hours, generally used to treat lymphomas.
J9311	Rituxan Hycela	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of rituximab and hyaluronidase. These drugs are typically used to treat a variety of conditions.
J9312	Rituxan	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of rituximab given over minutes/hours, used to treat autoimmune disorders and cancer.
		Chemotherapy Drugs Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of rituximab given over minutes/hours, used to treat autoimmune disorders and cancer. An infusion of pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab and hyaluronidase-zzxf. This drug is typically used to treat breast cancer.

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J9317	Trodelvy	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of sacituzumab govitecan-hziy given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat certain types of cancer.
,55517	Houcky	Chemotherapy Drugo	An infusion of romidepsin given over minutes/hours typically used to treat T-cell lymphoma and similar
J9318	Romidepsin	Chemotherapy Drugs	cancers.
10210	lataday ramidanain	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of romidepsin given over minutes/hours typically used to treat T-cell lymphoma and similar
J9319 J9321	Istodax, romidepsin Epkinly	Chemotherapy Drugs	cancers. An injection of epcoritamab, used to treat large B-cell lymphoma.
J9325	Imlygic	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of talimogene laherparepvec. This is a viral therapy used to treat skin cancer.
J9329	Tevimbra	Injection	Injection, tislelizumab-jsgr, 1mg
10004	-		An infusion of sirolimus given over minutes/hours. This drug typically is given to prevent the immune system
J9331	Fyarro	Chemotherapy Drugs	from rejecting an organ transplant. An infusion of efgartigimod given over minutes/hours. This drug is used to treat generalized myasthenia
J9332	Vyvgart	Chemotherapy Drugs	gravis, a chronic autoimmune, neuromuscular disease.
			An injection of rozanolixizumab-noli, a drug that is used to treat a nerve and muscle problem called
J9333	RYSTIGGO	Chemotherapy Drugs	generalized myasthenia gravis.
J9334	Vyvgart	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of efgartigimod used to treat generalized myasthenia gravis, a chronic autoimmune, neuromuscular disease.
70001	Tytgan	onomoundary prago	Tourism a court a social control of the court of the cour
J9345	Zynyz	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of Retifanlimab given over minutes or hours. This drug is used to treat Merkel cell carcinoma.
100.47	lands at a	Ohanna Albana an Davida	An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of tremelimumab. This drug typically is used to treat liver
J9347 J9348	Imjudo Danyelza	Chemotherapy Drugs Chemotherapy Drugs	or lung cancer. An infusion of naxitamab-gagk given over minutes/hours used to treat brain cancer.
19340	Danyetza	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of tafasitamab-gags given over minutes/hours used in combination with lenalidomide to treat
J9349	Monjuvi	Chemotherapy Drugs	adults with relapsed or refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma.
			An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of mosunetuzumab. This drug is generally used to treat
J9350	Lunsumio	Chemotherapy Drugs	lymphoma. An infusion of margetuximab-cmkb given over minutes/hours typically used to treat metastatic HER2-
J9353	Margenza	Chemotherapy Drugs	positive breast cancer.
	<u> </u>		
J9354	Kadcyla	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of ado-trastuzumab emtansine given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat breast cancer.
J9355	Herceptin	Chemotherapy Drugs	An infusion of trastuzumab given over minutes/hours used to treat certain cancers.
J9356	Herceptin Hylecta	Chemotherapy Drugs	An injection of trastuzumab, a chemotherapy drug used primarily in the treatment of certain types of cancer.
70000	noroopannytoota	onomoundary prago	An infusion of fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki given over minutes/hours, used to treat certain types of
J9358	Enhertu	Chemotherapy Drugs	cancer.
			An infusion of loncastuximab tesirine-lpy given over minutes/hours. This drug is typically used to treat large
J9359 J9361	Zynlonta Ryzneuta	Chemotherapy Drugs Chemotherapy Drugs	B-cell lymphoma. Injection, efbemalenograstim alfa-vuxw, 0.5 mg
J9376	Veopoz	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection, pozelimab-bbfg, 1 mg
J9380	Tecvayli	Chemotherapy Drugs	Injection of teclistamab-cqyv, typically used for relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma.
			An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of teplizumab. This drug is used to delay the onset of
J9381 J9400	Tzield	Chemotherapy Drugs	symptomatic (stage 3) type 1 diabetes.
	Zaltrap Amtagvi	Chemotherapy Drugs Not otherwise classified, antineoplastic drugs	An infusion of ziv-aflibercept given over minutes/hours, typically used to treat colorectal cancer. lifileucel
J9400 J9999 K0003	Amtagvi	Chemotherapy Drugs Not otherwise classified, antineoplastic drugs Wheelchairs and Accessories	
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J9999 K0003 K0004 K0005		Not otherwise classified, antineoplastic drugs Wheelchairs and Accessories Wheelchairs and Accessories Wheelchairs and Accessories	lifileucel Lightweight wheelchair High strength, lightweight wheelchair An ultra-lightweight wheelchair.
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K0826	Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0827	Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0828	Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat and back. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0829	Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0830	Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style adjustable seat. This model has a weight capacity up to 300 pounds.
		Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style adjustable seat. This model has a weight capacity
K0831	Power Mobility Devices	up to 300 pounds. Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300
K0835	Power Mobility Devices	pounds. Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300
K0836	Power Mobility Devices	pounds. Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to
K0837	Power Mobility Devices	450 pounds. Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301
K0838	Power Mobility Devices	to 450 pounds. Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from
K0839	Power Mobility Devices	451 to 600 pounds.
K0840	Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0841	Power Mobility Devices	Standard, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0842	Power Mobility Devices	Standard, dual-power wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0843	Power Mobility Devices	Dual-power, heavy-duty wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0848	Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
		Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300
K0849	Power Mobility Devices	pounds. Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to
K0850	Power Mobility Devices	450 pounds. Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301
K0851	Power Mobility Devices	to 450 pounds. Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from
K0852	Power Mobility Devices	451 to 600 pounds. Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from
K0853	Power Mobility Devices	451 to 600 pounds.
K0854	Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0855	Power Mobility Devices	Extra heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of more than 601 pounds.
K0856	Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0857	Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0858	Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
K0859	Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to 450 pounds.
	,	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from
K0860	Power Mobility Devices	451 to 600 pounds. Standard, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to
K0861	Power Mobility Devices	300 pounds. Heavy-duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from
K0862	Power Mobility Devices	301 to 450 pounds. Very heavy duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity
K0863	Power Mobility Devices	from 451 to 600 pounds. Extra heavy-duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of
K0864	Power Mobility Devices	more than 600 pounds. Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300
K0868	Power Mobility Devices	pounds.
K0869	Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0870	Power Mobility Devices	Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to $450\mathrm{pounds}$.
K0871	Power Mobility Devices	Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 451 to 600 pounds.
K0877	Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
K0878	Power Mobility Devices	Standard powered wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 300 pounds.
		Heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from 301 to
K0879	Power Mobility Devices	450 pounds. Very heavy-duty powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from
K0880	Power Mobility Devices	451 to 600 pounds. Standard, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to
K0884	Power Mobility Devices	300 pounds. Standard, dual-power wheelchair with captain's chair-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to
K0885	Power Mobility Devices	300 pounds. Heavy-duty, dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity from
К0886	Power Mobility Devices	301 to 450 pounds.

		Child's powered wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 125
K0890	Power Mobility Devices	pounds.
K0891	Power Mobility Devices	Child's dual-power wheelchair with sling- or solid-style seat. This model has a weight capacity of up to 125 pounds.
K0898	Power Mobility Devices Power Mobility Devices	Power wheelchair.
K0899	Power Mobility Devices	Powered device for aiding mobility, such as a scooter.
		Scoliosis orthosis, sagittal-coronal control provided by a rigid lateral frame, extends from axilla to trochanter, includes all accessory pads, straps and interface, prefabricated item that has been trimmed,
L1006	Orthotics and Devices	bent, molded, assembled, or otherwise customize
L1230	Thoracic-Lumbar-Sacral (Low Profile)	Addition of an upper structure for a full back brace.
L1300 L1310	Other Scoliosis Procedures Other Scoliosis Procedures	Jacket for a back brace, custom-fitted. Body jacket for a back brace used after surgery.
L1320	Other Scoliosis Procedures	Thoracic, pectus carinatum orthosis, sternal compression, rigid circumferential frame with anterior and posterior rigid pads, custom fabricated
L1652	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Hip orthosis, bilateral thigh cuffs with adjustable abductor spreader bar, adult size, prefabricated, includes fitting and adjustment, any type
L1653	Orthotic Devices: Scoliosis Procedures	Hip orthosis, bilateral thigh cuffs with adjustable abductor spreader bar, adult size, prefabricated, off the shelf
L1700	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made hip brace worn to enable walking after loss of the bones of the hip socket. The brace has a ball joint so the knees can bend and holds the legs in alignment. A custom-made hip brace worn to enable walking after loss of the bones of the hip socket. The brace holds
L1710	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	the legs in alignment while allowing the knees to bend.
L1720	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made hip brace worn to enable walking after loss of the bones of the hip socket. The brace holds the legs in alignment while allowing the knees to bend.
L1730	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made hip brace worn to enable walking after loss of the bones of the hip socket. The brace holds the legs in alignment while allowing the knees to bend.
L1755	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made hip brace worn to enable walking after loss of the bones of the hip socket. The brace holds the legs in alignment while allowing the knees to bend.
L1821	Orthotics and Devices	Knee orthosis, elastic with condylar pads and joints, with or without patellar control, prefabricated, off the shelf
L1832	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A rigid brace worn to support the knee and restrict movement. This type has adjustable joints to control range of motion.
L1833	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A rigid brace worn to support the knee and restrict movement. This type has adjustable joints to control range of motion.
L1834	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support the knee and restrict movement.
L1840	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to stabilize the knee joint after injury. This brace controls both twisting and forward movement.
		A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable joints for bending and straightening the knee, as well as control of twisting and side-to-
L1843	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	side movement. A custom-made brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the
L1844	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	knee. This brace has adjustable joints for bending and straightening the knee, as well as control of twisting and side-to-side movement.
		A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This
L1845	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	brace has adjustable joints for bending and straightening the knee, as well as control of twisting and side-to- side movement.
		A custom-made brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the
L1846	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	knee. This brace has adjustable joints for bending and straightening the knee, as well as control of twisting and side-to-side movement.
L1847	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A knee brace with inflatable chambers for support in addition to cushioning. This type also has an adjustable joint for bending or straightening the knee.
11040	Orthotic Daviscou Louver Limb	A knee brace with inflatable chambers for support in addition to cushioning. This type also has an
L1848 L1850	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	adjustable joint for bending or straightening the knee. Knee orthosis (KO), Swedish type, prefabricated, off-the-shelf
		A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable joints for bending and straightening the knee, as well as control of twisting and side-to-
L1851	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	side movement.
L1852	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A brace extending from the thigh down to the calf, worn to stabilize and restrict motion of the knee. This brace has adjustable joints for bending and straightening the knee, as well as control of twisting and side-to- side movement.
		A brace worn to stabilize and support the knee, fitted to work with a replacement hip socket. The brace and
L1860	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	socket attach to an artificial upper leg (thigh). The brace helps with learning to use the new leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the bones on the sides of the ankle, with straps to stabilize ankle and
L1907	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	foot movements.
L1932	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A section of an ankle brace that lies along the front of the lower leg. The brace is made from rigid carbon fiber or a similar material.
L1945	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace with a rigid section that supports the front of the lower leg all the way to the foot. This brace provides support and stabilization of the ankle joint.
L1950	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace with a section that spirals up the lower leg, worn to support and stabilize the ankle.
L2000	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The stirrup type of brace supports from the heet and is jointed to enable flexing the ankle. The knee portion can move freely.
L2005	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. This brace has lock and release mechanisms for comfortable movement. A custom made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The ctirrup type brace allows free.
L2010	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The stirrup-type brace allows free movement of the ankle while keeping the knee in position. A sustam made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The stirrup type brace allows free
L2020	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The stirrup-type brace allows free movement of the ankle.
L2030	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The stirrup-type brace allows free movement of the ankle while keeping the knee in position.
L2034	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. This brace controls side-to-side and twisting motion of the knee and may allow free movement of the ankle.
L2036	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The fully immobilizing brace may have separate knee and ankle parts.
L2037	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. The fully immobilizing brace may use separate parts for ankle and knee stabilization.

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L2038	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	A custom-made brace worn to support and stabilize the knee and ankle. This fully immobilizing brace provides support of more than one ankle position.
		A custom-made brace worn for support and stabilization from the hip to the ankle. The brace is made from a cast impression. It attaches to a waistband, is jointed at the hip and has straps or bands to control range of
L2050	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	motion.
		A custom-made brace worn for support and stabilization from the hip to the ankle. The brace is made from a
L2060	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	cast impression. It attaches to a waistband, has a ball joint at the hip and has straps or bands to control range of motion.
		A custom-made brace worn for support and stabilization from the hip to the ankle. The brace is made from a
L2090	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	cast impression. It attaches to a waistband, has a ball joint at the hip and has straps or bands to control range of motion.
L2350	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Addition of an artificial joint socket to a leg, ankle or knee brace. The socket is made from a cast impression. Addition of a thigh or hip ring for bearing weight. The ring is made from a cast impression and attached to a
L2510	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	leg, knee or ankle brace to transfer the weight load.
L2520	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Addition of a thigh or hip ring for bearing weight. The ring is custom-fitted and attached to a leg, knee or ankle brace to transfer the weight load.
10505	Orthodia Davidson Laurentinsk	Addition to a leg, knee or ankle brace so that the thigh and hip can bear weight. The attachment is made
L2525	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	from a cast impression. Addition to a leg, knee or ankle brace so that the thigh and hip can bear weight. The attachment is custom-
L2526	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	fitted.
L2540	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Addition of a lace-up system to a thigh or hip weight-bearing brace attachment. The system is made from a cast impression.
L2570	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Addition of a two-position hip joint to a hip brace with pelvic control.
L2580	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Addition of a pelvic sling to a hip brace with pelvic control. Addition of a two-position, cabled hip joint to a hip brace with pelvic control. The brace is made from plastic
L2627	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	formed to the hip and pelvis.
L2628	Orthotic Devices: Lower Limb	Addition of a two-position, cabled hip joint to a hip brace with pelvic control. The brace is contained within a metal frame.
		A metal shoe addition that raises the height of the heel and sole to compensate for a noticeable difference in
L3330	Foot (Orthopedic Shoes)	leg length. This adds height to an existing shoe lift. A custom-made brace extending from the elbow to the hand, worn to support the area after surgery or an
L3763	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	injury. This brace is made from a rigid material and may incorporate padding.
L3764	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	A custom-made brace extending from the elbow to the hand, worn to support the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors and may incorporate padding.
		A custom-made brace extending from the elbow to the hand, worn to support the area after surgery or an
L3765	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	injury. This brace is made from a rigid material and may incorporate padding. A custom-made brace extending from the elbow to the hand, worn to support the area after surgery or an
L3766	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors and may incorporate padding.
L3900	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers.
		and or more impores
		A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and
L3901 L3904	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers.
L3901 L3904	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an
L3901	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation.
L3901 L3904 L3905	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb Lower Limb Lower Limb Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb Lower Limb Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb Lower Limb Lower Limb Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching with a thigh lacer to a plastic socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial lankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching with a thigh lacer to a plastic socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching with a thigh lacer to a plastic socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5150	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filter piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filter piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A) jointed artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching with a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel
L3901 L3904 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5160 L5160 L5160 L5200	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A jointed artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching with a thigh lacer to a plastic socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthes
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5105 L5160	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filter piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filter piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A) jointed artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching with a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel
L3901 L3904 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5160 L5160 L5160 L5200	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A catf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel.
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5100 L5105 L5160 L5160 L5200 L5200 L5210	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching with a thigh lacer to a plastic socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial leg (prosthes
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5100 L5105 L5160 L5160 L5200 L5200 L5210	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial eg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching with a thigh lacer to a plastic socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heet. An artificial leg (prosthesis)
L3901 L3904 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5150 L5150 L5150 L5150 L5220 L5220	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis) att
L3901 L3904 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5150 L5150 L5150 L5220 L5220	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial timb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filter piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filter piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filter piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is jointed for ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial ankle (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A) jointed artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching with a thigh lacer to a plastic socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching with a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis has a knee joint movable in one direction, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the
L3901 L3904 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5150 L5150 L5150 L5220 L5220	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis) attaching near the hip. The prosthe
L3901 L3904 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5100 L5105 L5105 L5150 L5160 L5200 L5210 L5220 L5230 L5250	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A) pointed artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis has a knee joint movable in one direction, is r
L3901 L3904 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5100 L5105 L5105 L5150 L5160 L5200 L5210 L5220 L5230 L5250	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial timb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle movement within a metal frame. An artificial teg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. A jointed artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is fixed in a bent-knee position, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis has a knee joint movable in one direction, is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (pr
L3901 L3904 L3905 L4030 L4631 L5000 L5010 L5020 L5050 L5060 L5100 L5105 L5105 L5150 L5160 L5200 L5220 L5220 L5220 L5230 L5250	Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Orthotic Devices: Upper Limb Repairs Ancillary Orthotic Services Lower Limb	A custom-made hinge splint for a wrist-hand-finger brace that supports bending and flexing the wrist and one or more fingers. A custom-made wrist-hand-finger brace that uses electricity to power-assist movement. A custom-made brace for the wrist and hand, worn to support and immobilize the area after surgery or an injury. This brace has elastic bands, joints and tension adjustors, and may incorporate padding. Custom-fitted replacement socket brim (piece for attaching artificial limb or brace) for upper leg. A custom-made brace worn to support the ankle while correcting foot movement such as over-pronation. The boot has a rocker bottom, heel lift, arch support and interior padding. A shoe insert for the toe portion, attached to an arch support. An ankle-high, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. A calf-height, partial artificial foot (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with molded socket for attachment. The prosthesis has a toe filler piece for use in a shoe. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial ankle (prosthesis) with a molded leather socket for attachment. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket below the knee. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The prosthesis is rigid around the ankle and has padding for the heel. An artificial leg (prosthesis), attaching by a molded socket to an artificial knee joint. The pro

L5312	Lower Limb	An artificial (prosthetic) lower leg (shin) and knee joint, attached by a molded socket. The foot piece is rigid around the ankle and has padding at the heel. This prosthesis uses an external brace to transfer weight.
L5321	Lower Limb	An artificial (prosthetic) leg attached by a molded socket with a knee joint movable in one direction. The foot piece is rigid around the ankle and has padding at the heel. This prosthesis uses an external brace to transfer weight.
L3321	LOWER LIMID	An artificial (prosthetic) leg attached by a molded socket to an artificial hip joint, with a knee joint movable
L5331	Lower Limb	in one direction. The foot piece is rigid around the ankle and has padding at the heel. This prosthesis uses an external brace to transfer wei
		A prosthesis replacing half of the pelvis, the hip joint and entire leg. It attaches by a molded socket and has a knee joint movable in one direction. The foot piece is rigid around the ankle with padding at the heel. An
L5341	Lower Limb	external brace transfers weight. A temporary, below-knee artificial leg formed with the plaster dressing. This type has basic knee, leg and
L5500	Lower Limb	foot components to keep the amputated wound healing well until the final limb is ready. A temporary, full artificial leg formed with the plaster dressing. This type has basic knee, leg and foot
L5505	Lower Limb	Components to keep the amputated wound healing well until the final limb is ready. Addition of a hydraulic attachment to the external load-bearing frame of an artificial leg. The attachment
L5610	Lower Limb	enables a more natural walking rhythm.
L5611	Lower Limb	Addition of a swing control attachment to the knee joint of an external load-bearing frame for an artificial leg. The joint is tightened to prevent excessive leg swinging.
L5613	Lower Limb	Addition of a hydraulic swing control to the knee joint of an external load-bearing frame for an artificial leg. The control prevents excessive leg swinging.
L5614	Lower Limb	Addition of a pneumatic swing control to the knee joint of an external load-bearing frame for an artificial leg. The control prevents excessive leg swinging.
L5616	Lower Limb	Addition of a swing control attachment to the knee joint of an artificial leg. The joint is tightened to prevent excessive leg swinging.
L5617	Lower Limb	Device added to a leg prosthesis that is self-aligning. It makes the coupling or uncoupling of the prosthesis quick and easy.
L5618	Lower Limb	A test socket is made of clear, soft material. The socket attaches to the lower leg to check the fitting where the new limb attaches.
L5620	Lower Limb	A test socket is made of clear, soft material. The socket is attached to the lower leg prosthesis to check the fitting where the new limb attaches.
L5622	Lower Limb	A test socket is made of clear, soft material. The socket is attached to the knee joint prosthesis to check the fitting where the new limb attaches.
		A test socket is made of clear, soft material. The socket is attached to the above-knee prosthesis to check
L5624	Lower Limb	the fitting where the new limb attaches. A test socket is made of clear, soft material. The socket is attached to the hip joint prosthesis to check the
L5626	Lower Limb	fitting where the new limb attaches. A test socket is made of clear, soft material. The socket is attached to the half-pelvis prosthesis to check the
L5628	Lower Limb	body fitting where the new limb attaches. This test socket is made of clear, soft acrylic. The socket is attached to the below-knee prosthesis to check
L5629	Lower Limb	the fitting where the new limb attaches.
L5630	Lower Limb	A test socket is made of clear, soft material to check the fitting of a new limb. This socket has a flexible inner sleeve attached to a rigid frame.
L5631	Lower Limb	This test socket is made of clear, soft acrylic. The socket is attached to an above-knee prosthesis to check the fitting where the new limb attaches.
L5632	Lower Limb	A test socket is made of clear, soft material to check the fitting of a new limb. This socket is brim-shaped and extends to just above the knee.
L5634	Lower Limb	A test socket is made of clear, soft material to check the fitting of a new limb. This socket type is open at the back for ease of attachment.
L5636	Lower Limb	A test socket is made of clear, soft material to check the fitting of a new limb. This socket type is open at the sides for ease of attachment.
		An attachment for a below-knee prosthesis that allows the residual limb to come into full contact with the
L5637 L5638	Lower Limb Lower Limb	prosthesis. A leather socket that attaches a below-knee prosthesis to the residual limb.
L5639	Lower Limb	A wooden socket that attaches a below-knee prosthesis to the residual limb.
L5640 L5642	Lower Limb	A leather socket that attaches a knee joint prosthesis to the residual limb. A leather socket that attaches an above-knee prosthesis to the residual limb.
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L5643 L5644	Lower Limb	A socket for attaching to a hip joint prosthesis. The socket has a flexible inner sleeve and a rigid outer wall. A wooden socket for attaching an above-knee prosthesis to the residual limb.
L5645 L5646	Lower Limb	A socket for a below-the-knee prosthesis with a flexible, soft inner sleeve attached to a rigid external frame. A socket cushioned with air, fluid or gel, for a below-the-knee prosthesis.
L5647	Lower Limb	A socket attached by suction to a below-knee prosthesis.
L5648	Lower Limb	A socket cushioned with air, fluid or gel, attached to an above-knee prosthesis. An anatomical fit socket for an above-the-knee prosthesis. This type of socket attaches to the residual limb
L5649	Lower Limb	by squeezing tight on two sides. A socket that allows the residual limb to maintain full contact with a prosthesis. This version attaches at or
L5650	Lower Limb	above the knee. A socket with a flexible material inner sleeve attached to a rigid outer wall. This socket is made for a
L5651	Lower Limb	prosthesis that attaches at or above the knee.
L5652 L5653	Lower Limb	A socket held to the residual limb by suction, made for a prosthesis that attaches at or above the knee. A socket made in two or more pieces so that it can be worn tightly or more loosely. The socket is attached to a prosthesis at or above the knee.
L5653 L5654	Lower Limb Lower Limb	a prosthesis at or above the knee. A socket insert made of soft, flexible material, worn to protect the skin with an ankle prosthesis.
L5655	Lower Limb	A socket insert made of soft, flexible material, worn to protect the skin with a below-knee prosthesis. A socket insert made of soft, flexible material, worn to protect the skin with a prosthesis attached at the
L5656	Lower Limb	knee.
L5658	Lower Limb	A socket insert made of soft, flexible material, worn to protect the skin with a prosthesis attached above the knee.
L5661	 Lower Limb	A socket insert made of three or more layers of soft, flexible material, worn to protect the skin with an ankle prosthesis.
L5665	Lower Limb	A socket insert made of three or more layers of soft, flexible material, worn to protect the skin with a prosthesis attached below the knee.
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L5666	Lower Limb	A cuff suspension socket made for a below-knee prosthesis. The cuff is lined with cushioning material and firmly grips the residual limb.
15000	I amount inch	A series which has been been also add of the series and add of the series and believe the series and believe the
L5668	Lower Limb	A gel cushion that can be molded to fit and is added to the lining of a prosthesis attached below the knee. A suspension system that allows a prosthesis to hang below the knee joint until weight is placed on it. It is
L5670	Lower Limb	molded to the residual limb.
L5671	Lower Limb	A suspension system that allows a prosthesis to hang below the knee joint until weight is placed on it. A lock may be used to support the prosthesis.
L5672	Lower Limb	A suspension system that allows a prosthesis to hang below the knee joint until weight is placed on it. This type extends just above the knee and can be removed from the prosthesis.
L5676	Lower Limb	A pair of knee joints that rotate in two directions (single plane), for attachment to a below-knee prosthesis.
L5677	Lower Limb	A pair of knee joints that can bend at several points, for attachment to a below-knee prosthesis.
L5678	Lower Limb	A pair of covers, for protection or aesthetics, for use with artificial knee joints attached to a below-knee prosthesis.
L5680	Lower Limb	A thigh lacer is a type of corset that attaches the residual limb to a below-knee prosthesis. Metal bars suspend the prosthesis from the lacer.
L5681	Lower Limb	An initial, custom-made socket insert molded from gel or elasticized material for a complex fitting to a residual limb.
L5682	Lower Limb	A thigh lacer is a type of corset that attaches the residual limb to a below-knee prosthesis. This type attaches close to the hip crease. Metal bars suspend the prosthesis from the lacer.
L5683	Lower Limb	An initial, custom-made socket insert molded from gel or elasticized material.
15604	LouerLimb	A fork strap is an additional supportive device for comfortable attachment of the below-knee prosthesis to the residual limb.
L5684	Lower Limb	A support added to a below-knee prosthesis that stops the knee from hyperextending, or continuing to bend
L5686	Lower Limb	after the leg is straight. The formal name of the device is a back check.
L5688	Lower Limb	Webbing material used to make a waist suspension belt for a below-knee prosthesis.
L5690 L5692	Lower Limb Lower Limb	A padded and lined support for an artificial leg below the knee. A light pelvic control belt attaches to and suspends an above-the-knee prosthesis.
L5694	Lower Limb	A padded, lined pelvic control belt attaches to and suspends an above-the-knee prostnesis.
L5695	Lower Limb	A pelvic sleeve made from elasticized material attaches to and suspends an above-the-knee prosthesis.
L5696	Lower Limb	A joint attached at the pelvis to a leg prosthesis. The joint increases the types of movements possible with the prosthesis.
L5697	Lower Limb	A padded band worn around the pelvis to provide additional support for a leg prosthesis.
		A padded band worn around the pelvis and hips, secured with a belt, to provide additional support for a leg
L5698 L5711	Lower Limb Lower Limb	prosthesis. A manually operated lock for the knee joint of a weight-bearing, ultra-light lower leg prosthesis.
20711	Edwar Elling	A knee joint with swing and stance control (safety knee) for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis. The
L5712	Lower Limb	amount of movement available is adjusted by tightening or loosening screws in the joint. A knee joint with swing control for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis. The amount of movement
L5714	Lower Limb	available is adjusted by tightening or loosening screws in the joint.
L5716	Lower Limb	A multiple position knee joint that locks in standing position, for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis.
L5718	Lower Limb	A multiple position knee joint with swing and stance control, for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis. The amount of movement available is adjusted by tightening or loosening screws in the joint.
L5722	Lower Limb	A multiple position knee joint with stance control, for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis. The amount of movement available is adjusted by tightening or loosening screws in the joint.
L5724	Lower Limb	A knee joint with hydraulic (fluid) swing control, for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis.
L5726	Lower Limb	A knee joint with hydraulic (fluid) swing control, for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis.
L5728	Lower Limb	A knee joint with hydraulic (fluid) swing and stance control, for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis.
L5780	Lower Limb	A knee joint with pneumatic or fluid-pneumatic swing control, for a weight-bearing, lower leg prosthesis.
L5781	Lower Limb	A vacuum pump for use with a lower limb prosthesis. The pump helps manage issues with residual limb volume and moisture created by some suction socket designs.
		A heavy-duty vacuum pump for use with a lower limb prosthesis. The pump helps manage issues with
L5782 L5783	Lower Limb Lower Limb	residual limb volume and moisture created by some suction socket designs. Addition to lower extremity, user adjustable, mechanical, residual limb volume management system
20700	Edwar Elling	An additional component made of ultra-light material, such as titanium or carbon fiber, added to a below-
L5785	Lower Limb	knee prosthesis. An additional component made of ultra-light material, such as titanium or carbon fiber, added to an above-
L5790	Lower Limb	knee prosthesis. An additional component made of ultra-light material, such as titanium or carbon fiber, added to a full leg
L5795	Lower Limb	prosthesis.
L5810	Lower Limb	Addition of a manually locking knee joint to a prosthesis. This is a single-axis joint, meaning it can bend and straighten only. The lock is used while standing.
L5811	Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis of a manually locking knee joint made from ultra-light material. This is a single-axis joint, meaning it can bend and straighten only. The lock is used while standing.
L5812	Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis of a safety knee joint. The joint is adjusted for maximum allowed swing and standing control. This is a single-axis joint, meaning it can bend and straighten only.
L5814	Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis of a knee joint with hydraulic swing control and a lock for standing. This joint enables limited twisting and side-to-side movement of the knee.
L5816	Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis of a knee joint with a lock for standing. This joint enables limited twisting and side- to-side movement of the knee.
		Addition to a prosthesis of a knee joint with swing and standing control. Set screws adjust the allowed
L5818	Lower Limb	ranges of motion. This joint enables limited twisting and side-to-side movement of the knee. Addition to a prosthesis of a single axis knee joint with pneumatic swing control and a lock for standing. This
L5822	Lower Limb	joint enables the knee to bend and straighten. Addition to a prosthesis of a single axis knee joint with swing control. This joint enables the knee to bend and
L5824	Lower Limb	straighten. Addition to a prosthesis of a single axis knee joint with hydraulic swing control and an activity frame. This
L5826	Lower Limb	joint enables the knee to bend and straighten. The frame compensates for uneven terrain and the demands of strenuous activity.
		Addition to a prosthesis of a single axis knee joint with hydraulic swing and standing controls. This joint
L5828	Lower Limb	enables the knee to bend and straighten. Addition to a prosthesis of a single axis knee joint with swing control. This joint enables the knee to bend and
L5830	Lower Limb	straighten.

L5840	Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis of a four-bar, linked knee joint with pneumatic swing control. This type of joint improves pivoting and stability.
L5841	Lower Limb	Addition, endoskeletal knee-shin system, polycentric, pneumatic swing, and stance phase control
		Addition to a prosthesis knee joint of a movement assist and range of motion limiter. This device stops
L5845	Lower Limb	excessive movement of the joint while standing and at the same time assists bending the joint while walking.
L5848	Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis knee joint of a hydraulic system with dampening chamber. The chamber absorbs shock or pressure during movement. The device may include valves to adjust the hydraulics.
L5856	Lower Limb	Addition of a microprocessor with one or more electronic sensors, to a lower leg prosthesis. The device aids and limits movement of joints while walking and standing.
L5857	Lower Limb	Addition of a microprocessor with one or more electronic sensors, to a lower leg prosthesis. The device aids and limits movement of joints while walking.
L5858	Lower Limb	Addition of a microprocessor with one or more electronic sensors, to a lower leg prosthesis. The device aids and limits movement of joints while standing.
L5859	Lower Limb	A powered and programmable hinge is added to a leg prosthesis.
L5920	Lower Limb	Addition of adjustable components for aligning the parts of an above-knee or full leg prosthesis.
L5930	Lower Limb	Addition to a prosthesis of a high activity knee control frame. The frame compensates for uneven terrain and the demands of strenuous activity.
L5940	Lower Limb	Addition to a below-knee prosthesis of a component made from ultra-light material such as titanium or carbon fiber.
		Addition to an above-knee prosthesis of a component made from ultra-light material such as titanium or
L5950	Lower Limb	carbon fiber. Addition to a full leg prosthesis of a component made from ultra-light material such as titanium or carbon
L5960	Lower Limb	fiber. A polycentric hip joint attaches on the outside of the body. It uses air or pressurized gas to move and can
L5961	Lower Limb	incorporate controls for flexing or extending the joint.
L5962	Lower Limb	Addition of a flexible, protective outer covering to a below-knee prosthesis.
L5964	Lower Limb	Addition of a flexible, protective outer covering to an above-knee prosthesis.
L5966	Lower Limb	Addition of a flexible, protective outer covering to a full leg prosthesis. An ankle joint for a lower leg prosthesis that automatically raises the foot to prepare for heel strike while
L5968	Lower Limb	walking. This joint is also capable of limited rotation and side-to-side movements.
		A prosthetic foot with a flexible keel, a heel-to-toe bar that provides stability. The flexibility absorbs impact
L5975	Lower Limb	and transfers energy. The foot is attached to an ankle joint that enables the foot to move up and down.
L5976	Lower Limb	A prosthetic foot with a flexible keel, a heel-to-toe bar that provides stability, absorbs impact and transfers energy. This type of prosthesis is used by runners.
L5978	Lower Limb	A prosthetic foot with a multi-axial ankle joint. This type of joint is capable of twisting and rotation as well as up and down movement. It is particularly useful for navigating uneven terrain.
		A dynamic response prosthetic foot with multi-axial ankle joint. The ankle twists and rotates and the foot
L5979	Lower Limb	has a flexible keel to absorb impact and transfer energy. The flex-foot prosthesis uses two carbon fiber strips to add spring compression and flexibility in motion for
L5980	Lower Limb	moderate activity. The flex-foot prosthesis uses two carbon fiber strips to add spring compression and flexibility in motion for
L5981	Lower Limb	moderate activity. This model is designed specifically for improved walking movements.
L5982	Lower Limb	A rotation unit for attachment to any weight-bearing foot, ankle or lower leg prosthesis.
L5984	Lower Limb	A rotation unit for attachment to a lower leg, ankle or foot prosthesis. The unit may be adjustable. A rotation unit for attachment to a leg, ankle or foot prosthesis. This type can rotate in more than one
L5986	Lower Limb	direction.
L5987	Lower Limb	A foot prosthesis with a weight-bearing vertical component.
L5988	Lower Limb	Addition of a shock absorber to the leg portion of a leg, ankle or foot prosthesis.
L5990	Lower Limb	Addition of a heel height adjustment mechanism to a prosthesis.
L6026	Upper Limb	A battery-powered partial hand prosthesis. The unit has an inner socket with a removable lower arm.
L6050	Upper Limb	A prosthesis for the wrist joint and hand that is attached by a molded socket. This type has flexible hinges at the elbow and a pad for the back of the upper arm (triceps) where the hand controls originate.
		A prosthesis for the wrist joint and hand that is attached by a molded, expandable socket. This type has flexible hinges at the elbow and a pad for the back of the upper arm (triceps) where the hand controls
L6055	Upper Limb	originate. A prosthesis for the lower arm that is attached by a molded socket below the elbow. This type has elbow
L6100	Upper Limb	hinges and a pad for the back of the upper arm (triceps) where the hand controls originate. A prosthesis for the lower arm that is attached by a molded socket at the elbow that suspends the
10440	Managed State	prosthesis below. This type has elbow hinges and a pad for the back of the upper arm (triceps) where the
L6110	Upper Limb	hand controls originate. A prosthesis for the lower arm that is attached by a molded socket below the elbow. The socket has a
L6120	Upper Limb	double wall, split for comfort, elbow hinges and a half-cuff for controlling movements. A prosthesis for the lower arm that is attached by a molded socket below the elbow. The socket has a
L6130	Upper Limb	double wall, split for comfort, locking elbow hinge and a half-cuff for controlling movements. A prosthesis for the lower arm and elbow that is attached by a molded socket. The joint has an outer locking
L6200	Upper Limb	hinge.
L6205	 Upper Limb	A prosthesis for the lower arm and elbow that is attached by a molded, expandable socket. The joint has locking hinges.
L6250	 Upper Limb	An above-elbow arm prosthesis with a molded, double-wall socket and a locking elbow joint.
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L6300 L6310	Upper Limb Upper Limb	A full arm prosthesis, is attached by a molded socket to the edge of the shoulder, with a locking elbow joint. A full arm prosthesis, attaching at the shoulder.
L6320	Upper Limb	A shoulder cap for attachment to a full arm prosthesis.
L6350	Upper Limb	A full arm prosthesis including the shoulder, shoulder blade and part of the collarbone, with a locking elbow joint.
L6360	Upper Limb	A complete shoulder, shoulder blade and full arm prosthesis.
L6370	Upper Limb	The shoulder prosthesis portion of a full artificial arm.
	• • •	A below-elbow arm prosthesis with a molded socket. This type uses soft material that can be shaped to
L6400	Upper Limb	match the individual.
L6450	Upper Limb	A lower arm prosthesis with elbow joint, attached by a molded socket. This type uses soft material that can be shaped to match the individual.
L6500	 Upper Limb	An above-elbow arm prosthesis with a molded socket. This type uses soft material that can be shaped to match the individual.
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Separation	20000	oppor Limb	A shoulder joint for an artificial arm. This type has a lock, adjustable resistance to motion and is used with a
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.6945 Upper Limb movements) and includes batteries and a charger.			
	L6945	Upper Limb	movements) and includes batteries and a charger.

L6950		Upper Limb	A switch-controlled arm prosthesis attached above the elbow by a molded inner socket and removable upper arm shell. The lower arm has internal locking hinges. Batteries and a charger are included.
20000		oppor Emilia	An electric arm prosthesis with locking hinges, attached above the elbow by a molded inner socket and
			removable upper arm shell. The prosthesis uses myoelectric power (electricity from muscle movements)
L6955		Upper Limb	and includes batteries and a charger.
L6960		Upper Limb	An arm prosthesis attached at the shoulder by a molded inner socket and removable shell. The elbow is mechanical and the terminal device is switch-operated. Batteries and a charger are included.
			An arm prosthesis attached at the shoulder by a molded inner socket and removable shell. The elbow is
			mechanical and the terminal device uses myoelectric power (electricity from muscle movements).
L6965		Upper Limb	Batteries and a charger are included.
			A full arm and shoulder joint prosthesis attached by a molded inner socket and removable shoulder shell.
L6970		Upper Limb	The elbow is mechanical and the terminal device is switch-operated. Batteries and a charger are included.
			A full arm and shoulder joint prosthesis attached by a molded inner socket and removable shoulder shell.
L6975		Hanari imb	The elbow is mechanical and the terminal device uses myoelectric power (electricity from muscle
L7007		Upper Limb Upper Limb	movements). Batteries and a charger are included. An electric hand prosthesis for an adult.
L7008		Upper Limb	An electric hand prosthesis for a child.
L7009		Upper Limb	An electric hook prosthesis for an adult.
L7040 L7045		Upper Limb	Switch-controlled gripper for hand prosthesis. An electric hook prosthesis for a child.
L7170		Upper Limb Upper Limb	Switch-controlled electronic prosthetic elbow.
L7180		Upper Limb	Electronic elbow prosthesis with sequential computerized control of elbow and terminal device.
L7181		Upper Limb	Electronic elbow prosthesis, with simultaneous computerized control of elbow and terminal device.
L7185		Upper Limb	Switch-controlled electronic elbow prosthesis for a teen.
L7190		Upper Limb	Electronic elbow for a teen. The prosthesis uses myoelectric power (electricity from muscle movements).
			,,
L7191		Upper Limb	Electronic elbow for a child. The prosthesis uses myoelectric power (electricity from muscle movements).
L7259 L7364		Upper Limb	Electronic rotator for a wrist prosthesis.
L7364 L7366		Upper Limb Upper Limb	A 12-volt battery for a prosthetic. A 12-volt battery charger for a prosthetic.
			An add-on made of ultra-light material, such as titanium or carbon fiber, for a prosthesis that attaches
L7400		Upper Limb	below the elbow or at the wrist.
L7404 L7405		Upper Limb Upper Limb	An add-on made of acrylic, for a prosthesis that attaches above the elbow. An add-on made of acrylic, for a prosthesis that attaches at the shoulder or upper body.
L8049		General	Labor, in 15-minute increments, for repair and modification to a prosthesis for the face.
L8510		Prosthetic Implants	A voice amplifier is a small device that increases the volume of speech.
L8600		Prosthetic Implants	A silicone or similar material breast implant used to enlarge or reconstruct a breast.
L8605		Prosthetic Implants	A 1 ml injection of fecal material is given in the anal canal, between the rectum at the end of the intestines and the opening of the anus, to treat incontinence.
L8609		Prosthetic Implants	An artificial cornea (eye cover).
L8619		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement external speech processor used with an implanted cochlear hearing aid.
L8627		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement for a hearing aid speech processor that is attached to the outside of an ear.
L8628 L8630		Prosthetic Implants Prosthetic Implants	A replacement for a hearing aid controller that is worn on the outside of an ear. A knuckle joint replacement.
L8631		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement knuckle joint made of two or more pieces of metal or ceramic-like material.
L8658		Prosthetic Implants	A spacer made of silicone or a similar material, inserted into a joint of the fingers or toes.
1.0050		Droothotia Implanta	A replacement joint comprising two or more pieces made of two or more pieces of metal or ceramic-like
L8659		Prosthetic Implants	material. This joint sits between two fingers. An implanted pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids movement or
L8679		Prosthetic Implants	controls pain.
			A programmer that is used to set electrical signals sent out by an implanted pulse generator. This device is
L8681		Prosthetic Implants	part of a system used to aid movement or control pain. An implanted receiver for radio signals sent by a nerve stimulator. This device is part of a system used to aid
L8682		Prosthetic Implants	movement or control pain.
			A transmitter for sending radio signals to an implanted receiver. This device is part of a system that
L8683		Prosthetic Implants	stimulates nerves to aid movement or control pain.
L8684		Prosthetic Implants	A replacement transmitter for sending radio signals to an implanted receiver. This device is part of a system that helps to control the bladder and bowel muscles.
			An implanted, rechargeable pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids
L8685		Prosthetic Implants	movement or controls pain.
L8687		Prosthetic Implants	An implanted, rechargeable pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids movement or controls pain.
L000/		r rosmeat implants	An implanted pulse generator that stimulates nerves. This device is part of a system that aids movement or
L8688		Prosthetic Implants	controls pain.
L8690		Prosthetic Implants	A hearing aid implant that interacts with or attaches to, bones inside the ear.
L8691		Prosthetic Implants	An external sound processor for a hearing aid implant that interacts with or attaches to, bones inside the ear.
L8692		Prosthetic Implants	A sound processing device that transmits vibrations through the bones of the body.
			A replacement connector for a bone-anchored hearing aid. The connector transmits vibrations from the
L8693		Prosthetic Implants	implant to the sound processor.
L8694 L8696		Prosthetic Implants Prosthetic Implants	A replacement sensor for a hearing aid implant that interacts with or attaches to, bones inside the ear. Replacement antenna for implanted nerve stimulation device.
			Custom-made robotic arm. The device senses the patient's own EMG signals through sensors on the arm,
L8701		Prosthetic Implants	allowing the individual to control movement.
			Custom-made robotic arm. The device senses the patient's own EMG signals through sensors on the arm,
10700		Proethotic Implante	
L8702 M0076		Prosthetic Implants Other Medical Services	allowing the individual to control movement. An injection procedure to treat connective tissue between muscles and bones to relieve pain.
L8702 M0076		Prosthetic Implants Other Medical Services	allowing the individual to control movement. An injection procedure to treat connective tissue between muscles and bones to relieve pain. An infusion of ferumoxytol given over minutes/hours, used in the treatment of iron deficiency anemia (not
M0076 Q0139	Feraheme	Other Medical Services Drugs	An injection procedure to treat connective tissue between muscles and bones to relieve pain. An infusion of ferumoxytol given over minutes/hours, used in the treatment of iron deficiency anemia (not enough red blood cells).
M0076 Q0139 Q1004	Feraheme	Other Medical Services Drugs New Technology: Intraocular Lens	An injection procedure to treat connective tissue between muscles and bones to relieve pain. An infusion of ferumoxytol given over minutes/hours, used in the treatment of iron deficiency anemia (not enough red blood cells). An artificial lens implanted in the eye to replace a lens that has become cloudy (cataracts).
M0076 Q0139	Feraheme	Other Medical Services Drugs	An injection procedure to treat connective tissue between muscles and bones to relieve pain. An infusion of ferumoxytol given over minutes/hours, used in the treatment of iron deficiency anemia (not enough red blood cells).

An Infusion of acadebagene cicloleuce. This crity is given through proposed or Pretacroty page of Pretacro	ute lymphoblastic leukemia. treating prostate cancer that is mixed with a r vaccine because it spurs the immune treatment for mantle cell lymphoma (MCL). treatment for mantle cell lymphoma (MCL). the treatment of lymphoma. ants tiny radioactive particles (seeds) near a treat multiple sclerosis (MS). of high blood pressure affecting the lung roduct is used to cover and protect a wound cover and protect a wound siskin is used to cover and protect a wound from the skin is used to cover and protect a grafting material used to protect and aid term skin substitute. This is used to cover and protect and in the siskin substitute. This is used to aid
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Q4132 Skin Substitutes promote heating. Q4133 Skin Substitutes promote heating. Q4134 Each square centimeter of Grafix. This is a type of substitute sk promote heating. Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Amn to cover and protect a wound and promote heating. Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Biove protect a wound and promote heating. Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Affini protect a wound and promote heating. Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Affini protect a wound and promote heating. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The Catheters in place and to help with wound heating. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The Catheters in place and to help with wound heating. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The Catheters in place and to help with wound heating.	
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Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Amni to cover and protect a wound and promote healing. Q4154 Skin Substitutes Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Biova protect a wound and promote healing. Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Biova protect a wound and promote healing. Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Affini protect a wound and promote healing. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The catheters in place and to help with wound healing. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The catheters in place and to help with wound healing. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The catheters in place and to help with wound healing.	n used to cover and protect a wound and
Q4151 Skin Substitutes to cover and protect a wound and promote healing. Q4154 Skin Substitutes Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Biova protect a wound and promote healing. Q4159 Skin Substitutes Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Affini protect a wound and promote healing. Q4159 Skin Substitutes protect a wound and promote healing. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The catheters in place and to help with wound healing. Each square centimeter of Epicord, a biologic tissue implant. The catheters in place and to help with wound healing.	oband or guardian skin substitute. It is used
Q4154 Skin Substitutes protect a wound and promote healing. Each square centimeter (less than 0.25 square inches) of Affini protect a wound and promote healing. Skin Substitutes protect a wound and promote healing. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The catheters in place and to help with wound healing. Each square centimeter of Epicord, a biologic tissue implant. The catheters in place and to help with wound healing.	
Q4159 Skin Substitutes protect a wound and promote healing. Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The Catheters in place and to help with wound healing. Each square centimeter of Epicord, a biologic tissue implant. The Catheters in place and to help with wound healing.	nce skin substitute. It is used to cover and
Each square centimeter of EpiFix, a biologic tissue implant. The Q4186 Skin Substitutes catheters in place and to help with wound healing. Each square centimeter of Epicord, a biologic tissue implant. The Catheters in place and to help with wound healing.	ly skin substitute. It is used to cover and
Each square centimeter of Epicord, a biologic tissue implant. T	material is typically used to seal spinal
Q4187 Skin Substitutes Catheters in place and to help with wound healing.	ne material is typically used to seal spinal
An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of filgrasti	n-sndz (G-CSF), given to increase the
Q5101 Zarxio Biosimilar Drugs production of white blood cells, improving immune function. An infusion of infliximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is	
Q5103 Inflectra Biosimilar Drugs including rheumatoid arthritis and inflammatory bowel disease An infusion of infliximab given over minutes/hours. This drug is	1.
Q5104 Renflexis Biosimilar Drugs including rheumatoid arthritis and inflammatory bowel disease	
An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevaciz Q5107 Mvasi Biosimilar Drugs various types of cancer.	
An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent i Q5108 Fulphila Biosimilar Drugs stimulating the production of white blood cells.	nfections during cancer treatments by
An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of inflixim: Q5109 Ixifi Biosimilar Drugs various types of cancer.	b-qbtx. This drug is generally used to treat
An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of filgrasti	n-aafi. This drug is generally used to treat
Q5110 Nivestym Biosimilar Drugs various types of cancer. An injection of pegfligrastim. This drug is used to help prevent in the prevention of pegfligrastim.	nfections during cancer treatments by
Q5111 Udenyca Biosimilar Drugs stimulating the production of white blood cells. An infusion of trastuzumab-dttb given over minutes/hours. A c	nemotherapy drug used primarily in the
Q5112 Ontruzant Biosimilar Drugs treatment of certain types of cancer.	
An infusion of trastuzumab-pkrb given over minutes/hours. A c Q5113 Herzuma Biosimilar Drugs treatment of certain types of cancer.	
An infusion of trastuzumab-dkst given over minutes/hours. A ci Q5114 Ogivri Biosimilar Drugs treatment of certain types of cancer.	emotherapy drug used primarily in the
An infusion of rituximab-abbs given over minutes/hours. A chei Q5115 Truxima Biosimilar Drugs arthritis and certain types of cancer.	notherapy drug used to treat rheumatoid
An infusion of trastuzumab-anns given over minutes/hours. A c	
Q5117 Kanjinti Biosimilar Drugs treatment of certain types of cancer. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevaciz	hemotherapy drug used primarily in the
Q5118 Zirabev Biosimilar Drugs various types of cancer. An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent it	
Q5120 Ziextenzo Biosimilar Drugs stimulating the production of white blood cells.	umab. This drug is generally used to treat
An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of inflixim:	umab. This drug is generally used to treat

		T	
Q5122	Nuvonria	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by stimulating the production of white blood cells.
Q5122	Nyvepria	biosinikai Diugs	An infusion of rituximab-arrx given over minutes/hours. A chemotherapy drug used to treat rheumatoid
Q5123	Riabni	Biosimilar Drugs	arthritis and certain types of cancer.
1			An infusion given over minutes/hours or injection of filgrastim-ayow. This drug is given to increase the
Q5125	Releuko	Biosimilar Drugs	production of white blood cells, improving immune function. An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat
Q5126	Alymsys	Biosimilar Drugs	various types of cancer.
	, ,	<u> </u>	An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by
Q5127	stimufend	Biosimilar Drugs	stimulating the production of white blood cells.
Q5128	cimerli	Biosimilar Drugs	An injection of ranibizumab. This drug is used to treat macular degeneration caused by excessive blood vessel growth in the eye.
Q3126	Cilieru	Biosinital Diags	An infusion given over minutes/hours or an injection of bevacizumab. This drug is generally used to treat
Q5129	vegzelma	Biosimilar Drugs	various types of cancer.
			An injection of pegfilgrastim. This drug is used to help prevent infections during cancer treatments by
Q5130 Q5133	fylnetra Tofidence	Biosimilar Drugs Biosimilar Drugs	stimulating the production of white blood cells. Injection, tocilizumab-bavi (tofidence), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5133 Q5134	Tyruko	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, toctuzumab-pavi (totuence), piosimitar, 1 mg Injection, natalizumab-sztn (tyruko), biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5135	Tyenne	Injection	Injection, tocilizumab-aazg, biosimilar, 1 mg
Q5138	Wezlana	Biosimilar Drugs	Injection, ustekinumab-auub (wezlana), biosimilar, intravenous, 1 mg
S0090		Non-Medicare Drugs	A pill or capsule of sildenafil citrate taken by mouth. This drug is used to treat erectile dysfunction.
S0145	Pegasys	Non-Medicare Drugs	An injection of pegylated interferon alfa-2a. This drug is used in the treatment of chronic hepatitis.
S0148		Non-Medicare Drugs	A 10 mcg injection of pegylated interferon alfa-2b. This drug is used in the treatment of chronic hepatitis C.
S0201		Provider Services	A hospital stay of less than 24 hours (one day).
			A single scleral lens is a type of large contact lens that has a fluid-filled center. The fluid provides relief of
S0515		Vision Supplies	eye discomfort due to dryness or condition of the cornea.
l			An Artificial Pancreas Device System (APDS) is an automated system that monitors blood glucose and
S1034		Provider Services and Supplies	provides insulin doses when needed.
S1040		Provider Services and Supplies	A custom-made helmet, usually worn by a child, that is designed to move the skull bones into their correct positions.
S2053		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to replace tissue in the small intestine and liver with an intestinal transplant and a liver graft.
S2054		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to replace more than one organ in the body with donated organs from another person.
S2055		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgical removal and preparation of more than one organ from a donor.
S2060		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove damaged lung tissue and replace it with tissue transplanted from a donor.
S2061		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove part of a lung from a donor, for transplantation to another person.
S2065		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove a damaged pancreas and kidney. Replacement organs are transplanted into place during the same procedure.
S2102		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to transplant islet cells (pancreas tissue) from a donor.
S2112		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to remove knee cartilage from a donor. The tissue will be transplanted in another procedure.
			Surgery to treat a hip joint that is gradually wearing away. A metal is attached to the surface of the hip
S2118		Provider Services and Supplies	bones. This procedure is an alternative to total hip replacement for some people.
S2140 S2142		Provider Services and Supplies	A procedure to collect umbilical cord blood from a donor. The blood will be given to another person.
32142		Provider Services and Supplies	Transplantation of stem cells created from donated umbilical cord blood. This procedure includes all aspects of a treatment with stem cells: Collection of stem cells from a donor;
ĺ			care of the donor and recipient; cell preparation; drugs, supplies and hospitalization; all practitioner
S2150		Provider Services and Supplies	services.
1			This procedure includes all aspects of an organ transplant: Collection of the organ from a donor; care of the
S2152		Provider Services and Supplies	donor and recipient; organ preparation; drugs, supplies and hospitalization; all practitioner services. Injection of a substance into a vein to harden it (sclerotherapy). Ultrasound is used to guide the needle for
S2202		Provider Services and Supplies	the injection.
OLL OL		- Towns Conscional Capping	MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR
ĺ			MINI-STERNOTOMY SURGERY, PERFORMED UNDER DIRECT VISION; USING ARTERIAL GRAFT(S), SINGLE
S2205		Provider Services and Supplies	CORONARY ARTERIAL GRAFT
l			MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR
c2206		Provider Services and Supplies	MINI-STERNOTOMY SURGERY, PERFORMED UNDER DIRECT VISION; USING ARTERIAL GRAFT(S), TWO CORONARY ARTERIAL GRAFTS
S2206		г точност эститось ани энфрите»	MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR
l			MINI-STERNOTOMY SURGERY, PERFORMED UNDER DIRECT VISION; USING TWO ARTERIAL GRAFTS AND
S2207		Provider Services and Supplies	SINGLE VENOUS GRAFT
			MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR
00000		Described Complete	MINI-STERNOTOMY SURGERY, PERFORMED UNDER DIRECT VISION; USING SINGLE ARTERIAL AND
S2208		Provider Services and Supplies	VENOUS GRAFT(S), SINGLE VENOUS GRAFT MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR
l			MINIMALLY INVASIVE DIRECT CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS SURGERY INVOLVING MINI-THORACOTOMY OR
S2209	i .	1	SINGLE VENOUS GRAFT
		Provider Services and Supplies	
S2230		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies	A procedure to implant a hearing aid part into the small bones of the middle ear.
		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves
S2235		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves).
		Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord.
S2235 S2350		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal
S2235		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord.
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord.
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als) This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes glands to be too active (multiple endocrine neoplasia).
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351 \$3800 \$3840		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Genetic Testing Genetic Testing	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als) This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes glands to be too active (multiple endocrine neoplasia). This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate hereditary deafness. This test usually
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351 \$3800		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Genetic Testing	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als) This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes glands to be too active (multiple endocrine neoplasia). This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate hereditary deafness. This test usually is done to identify the reason for a child's severe hearing loss.
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351 \$3800 \$3840		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Genetic Testing Genetic Testing	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als) This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes glands to be too active (multiple endocrine neoplasia). This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate hereditary deafness. This test usually is done to identify the reason for a child's severe hearing loss. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the type of alpha-thalassemia a
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351 \$3800 \$3840		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Genetic Testing Genetic Testing	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als) This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes glands to be too active (multiple endocrine neoplasia). This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate hereditary deafness. This test usually is done to identify the reason for a child's severe hearing loss.
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351 \$3800 \$3840 \$3844		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Genetic Testing Genetic Testing Genetic Testing	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als) This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes glands to be too active (multiple endocrine neoplasia). This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate hereditary deafness. This test usually is done to identify the reason for a child's severe hearing loss. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the type of alpha-thalassemia a person carries. Alpha-thalassemia is a condition where red blood cells cannot carry enough oxygen to the body's cells. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the type of beta-thalassemia a
\$2235 \$2350 \$2351 \$3800 \$3840 \$3844		Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Provider Services and Supplies Genetic Testing Genetic Testing Genetic Testing	Surgery to implant a hearing aid component in the brainstem. This type of hearing aid stimulates the nerves responsible for hearing (auditory nerves). Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove a disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Surgery on the spine of the lower back to remove an additional disc that is pressing on a nerve or the spinal cord. Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (als) This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the likelihood of developing a hormone problem that causes glands to be too active (multiple endocrine neoplasia). This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate hereditary deafness. This test usually is done to identify the reason for a child's severe hearing loss. This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate the type of alpha-thalassemia a person carries. Alpha-thalassemia is a condition where red blood cells cannot carry enough oxygen to the body's cells.

		This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for variants that indicate a person is a carrier of Niemann-Pick
S3849	Genetic Testing	disease. Certain populations are vulnerable to different types, all of which affect the body's use of fats.
33049	Ochetic resting	This lab analysis reviews how specific gene information is used, in order to best manage treatment of breast
S3854	Genetic Testing	cancer.
33034	Ochetic resting	A type of EKG (electrocardiogram) that looks specifically for a rhythm that occurs with Brugada syndrome.
S3861	Genetic Testing	This is an inherited irregular rhythm that can cause a person to faint or have a heart attack.
00001	October resums	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate hypertrophic cardiomyopathy.
S3865	Genetic Testing	This is a very common problem that enlarges one or more areas of the heart.
00000	Constitution (Constitution Constitution Cons	This lab test analyzes a genetic sample (DNA) for a variant that may indicate hypertrophic cardiomyopathy.
S3866	Genetic Testing	This is a very common problem that enlarges one or more areas of the heart.
00000	Contain receiving	This DNA analysis uses a technique that can identify missing and extra segments within individual
		chromosomes. The analysis may help to pinpoint causes or types of developmental delays, intellectual
S3870	Genetic Testing	disabilities or autism.
S4030	Obstetric and Fertility Services	An initial office visit for collecting sperm and ultimately storing it for future use.
S4031	Obstetric and Fertility Services	An additional office visit for collecting sperm and ultimately storing it for future use.
		Nursing services provided for insertion of a catheter (thin tube) into a blood vessel near the heart. The
		catheter will be used for home infusion therapy, which delivers one or more medications or fluids over a
S5523	Home Infusion Therapy	long period of time.
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	MEG, also known as magnetic source imaging, stands for magnetoencephalography. This imaging
S8035	Imaging	procedure takes pictures of the magnetic fields created by electrical activity between brain cells.
		An MRI scan of the bile ducts that includes everything around the liver to the common bile duct from the
S8037	Imaging	pancreas. This type of scan is sometimes called an MRCP.
		A low-field MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) uses a magnetic field much less intense than a regular MRI to
S8042	Imaging	produce the same kind of pictures of structure and function of the body.
		An ultrafast CT (computed tomography) scan takes x-ray pictures very fast, so that many pictures can be put
S8092	Imaging	together to show the action of a body structure in motion.
S9123	Miscellaneous Supplies and Services	Services of a registered nurse (RN) provided in the home on an hourly basis.
S9124	Miscellaneous Supplies and Services	Services of a licensed practical nurse (LPN) provided in the home on an hourly basis.
S9475	Miscellaneous Supplies and Services	Outpatient treatment for substance abuse or detox, provided on a daily basis.
S9480	Miscellaneous Supplies and Services	In-depth mental health (psychiatric) therapy provided in an outpatient setting on a daily basis.
S9990	Other Services and Fees	A service provided as part of phase two of a clinical trial.
S9991	Other Services and Fees	A service provided as part of phase three of a clinical trial.
T1000	Not Valid for Medicare	Care provided by a licensed nurse whose services are available through private contract.
T1001	Not Valid for Medicare	An assessment or evaluation of nursing services.
T1002	Not Valid for Medicare	Registered nurse services, recorded in 15 minute increments.
T1003	Not Valid for Medicare	Licensed practical nurse services, recorded in 15 minute increments.
T1030	Not Valid for Medicare	Daily care provided in the home by a registered nurse.
T1031	Not Valid for Medicare	Daily nursing care provided in the home by a licensed practical nurse (LPN).
V5095	Miscellaneous Services and Supplies	Hearing aid designed for implantation into the middle ear.
V5298	Other Supplies and Miscellaneous Services	Hearing aid; type not provided.
V5299	Other Supplies and Miscellaneous Services	A service provided by an audiologist or a technician in an ear care setting.